গণপ্রজাতন্ত্রী বাংলাদেশ সরকার স্বাস্থ্য ও পরিবার কল্যাণ মন্ত্রণালয় স্বাস্থ্য শিক্ষা ও পরিবার কল্যাণ বিভাগ নার্সিং শিক্ষা শাখা www.mefwd.gov.bd

স্মারক নং-৫৯.০০.০০০০.১৪৩.০৬.০০২.২৩.১০

২৩ পৌষ ১৪৩১

০৭ জানুয়ারি ২০২৫

বিষয়: ০৪ (চার) বছর মেয়াদি বিএসসি ইন নার্সিং কারিকুলামের চূড়াত খসড়া অনুমোদন

বিএনএমসি হতে প্রাপ্ত পত্রের স্মারক নং-বিএনএমসি (প্রশা-৬)/২০২৪.৫৩৭, তারিখ: ১১ জুন, ২০২৪ খ্রি.

উপর্যুক্ত বিষয় ও সূত্রোক্ত স্মারকের পরিপ্রেক্ষিতে জানানো যাচ্ছে যে, ০৪ (চার) বছর মেয়াদি 'বিএসসি ইন নার্সিং কারিকুলাম-২০২৪'-এর খসড়ার চূড়ান্ত অনুমোদন করা হয়েছে। অনুমোদিত কারিকুলাম-২০২৪-এর পরবর্তী প্রয়োজনীয় ব্যবস্থা গ্রহণের জন্য নির্দেশক্রমে অনুরোধ করা হলো।

সংযুক্তি: বর্ণনামতে ১৫৯ (একশত উন্যাট) পৃষ্ঠা।

(শার্ নুসরাত জাহান) সিনিয়র সহকারী সচিব

ফোন- ৫৫১০০৯৭৯

ই-মেইল: nurs@mefwd.gov.bd

বাংলাদেশ নার্সিং ও মিডওয়াইফারি কাউন্সিল বিজয় নগর, ঢাকা

স্মারক নং-৫৯.০০.০০০০.১৪৩.০৬.০০২.২৩.১০

২৩ পৌষ ১৪৩১ ০৭ জানুয়ারি ২০২৫

অনুলিপি সদ্য় অবগতির জন্য:

মহাপরিচালক, স্বাস্থ্য শিক্ষা অধিদপ্তর, ঢাকা

মহাপরিচালক, নার্সিং ও মিডওয়াইফারি অধিদপ্তর, মহাখালী, ঢাকা

মাননীয় উপদেষ্টার একান্ত সচিব, স্বাস্থ্য ও পরিবার কল্যাণ মন্ত্রণালয় (উপদেষ্টার সদয় অবগতির জন্য)

মাননীয় বিশেষ সহকারীর একান্ত সচিব, স্বাস্থ্য ও পরিবার কল্যাণ মন্ত্রণালয় (বিশেষ সহকারীর সদয় অবগতির জন্য)

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যুগ্মসচিব (চিকিৎসা শিক্ষা অনুবিভাগ)-এর ব্যক্তিগত কর্মকর্তা, স্বাস্থ্য শিক্ষা ও পরিবার কল্যাণ বিভাগ 61

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সিনিয়র সহকারী সচিব

Curriculum and Syllabus on Bachelor of Science in Nursing-2024



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Bachelor of Science in Nursing (BSN)

1. Vision: The vision is to prepare competent nurses to provide quality care to the individuals, families, and communities nationally and globally.

2. Mission:

| $\hfill\Box$ To prepare competent nurses to work with dedication, devotion, compassion |
|---|
| and kindness with the view to promoting universal health and nursing education |
| nationally and globally. |
| $\hfill\Box$ To develop excellence in nursing practice by providing high quality educ |
| ational courses which are evidence based and encourage innovations to |
| improve nursing care at primary, secondary and tertiary levels within the |
| country. |
| $\hfill\Box$ To prepare professional competent nurses to deal with ethical and |
| professional issues, having communication and decision-making skills |
| and attitudes, and capable of providing leadership for future progression |
| as a change agent. |
| □To prepare for conducting research to improve patient related nursing |
| care and nursing education. |

3. Philosophy:

The Bangladesh Nursing and Midwifery Council (BNMC) and its members hold the following beliefs about person, environment, health, nursing, midwifery, and nursing education.

Person is a unique being, holistic in nature with interactive bio-physical, psychosocial, and spiritual dimensions. A person has the ability for self-care actions required for promoting health, preventing diseases and illnesses, overcoming illness/restoring and maintaining health.

Environment consists of biophysical and socio-cultural elements that impact people's health. Each person lives within, and interacts with, an everchanging environment, including the health-care environment. The environment can be altered to positively affect a person's health by changing or removing unhealthy stressors and providing health- promoting resources.

Health is a state of complete physical, mental, social and spiritual well-

being, and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity. Health-illness continuum indicates a continuum stage between health and illness across life span. Health is viewed as a dynamic state of wholeness or integrity achieved by continual adjusting one's self for optimal functioning. Illness is viewed as a dynamic state of loss of wholeness, dysfunction, or disorganization. While healing is the process through which illness is overcome and wellness reestablished; and is achieved by goal oriented or deliberated actions.

Nursing assists clients (individuals, families and communities-aggregates of people within communities) to attain physical, mental, social and spiritual wellbeing. Nursing involves a dynamic interaction between client and nurse aimed to promote, maintain, and restore optimal health in collaboration with other health team members. It also encourages involvement of clients and significant others in the care for self-reliance and in modifying their health behaviors. Nurses use the nursing process in determining clients' needs or problems in responses to actual or potential health problems, planning for nursing interventions, intervening, and evaluating responses. Nurses deliver community-oriented nursing care, taking into account clients' community context. Critical thinking is the basis for nurses to apply nursing knowledge and to follow ethical and legal framework in their practice.

Midwifery is care of the girl-child, the adolescent and the adult woman prior to during and following pregnancy. It aims to promote, maintain, and restore optimal health and views pregnancy as a normal life event. Midwives give necessary supervision, care and advice for women during pregnancy, labour and the postpartum period. The midwife conducts deliveries on her own responsibility and cares for the newborn infant. She detects abnormal conditions in the mother and baby, procures medical assistance as necessary; and the execution of emergency measures in the absence of medical help. The midwife works in collaboration with other health care team members and/or community-based health workers in promoting the health of women and childbearing families.

Nursing education is a dynamic, continuous learning process of acquiring nursing and midwifery knowledge and skills that bring about changes of student behaviors. Nursing education acquires active and life-

long learning and new learning builds on previous knowledge and experience. Learning in nursing education is best achieved when the student is motivated and ready to learn, where the student's dignity is respected; teaching strategies and learning experiences are carefully selected to facilitate critical thinking; and professional or clinical role modeling is offered.

4. Goal:

Student who completes the Bachelor of Science in Nursing will be a competent nurse midwife who can demonstrate the competency of using knowledge-based practice for provision of quality holistic client-centered nursing care to meet needs/expectations and to promote, maintain, and restore health of individuals, families, and communities in common, simple, and complex health problems/situations at home and abroad.

5. Objectives:

The objectives of the Bachelor of Science in Nursing course is to develop registered nurse midwife who will be able to:

- 1) Demonstrate to have knowledge in: Basic sciences, applied sciences, and human sciences:
- 1.1 Nursing science focusing on nursing process, holistic nursing, community-oriented nursing, and in-depth knowledge requiring for making clinical nursing judgment in common, simple, and complex health problems/situations of nursing clients across the life-span and across health-illness continuum.
 - 1.2 Nursing leadership and management.
 - 1.3 National health care policy.
 - 1.4 Emerging local and global health issues.
 - 1.5 Research and evidence-based nursing.
 - 1.6 Self-inquiry, computer, and information technology.

2) Demonstrate skills in:

2.1 Using nursing process with in-depth knowledge-based clinical skills and critical thinking skills in caring for clients with common, simple, and complex health problems/situations across the life-span and across health-illness continuum in order to promote, maintain, and restore health.

- 2.2 Providing client-centered and holistic care with caring behaviors.
- 2.3 Carrying out knowledge-based and community-oriented nursing practice with positive attitudes, ethical behaviors and accountability in accordance with the BNMC rules and regulations and professional standards.
- 2.4 Communicating effectively with nursing clients, nursing members, physicians, and other health care providers.
- 2.5 Working collaboratively in a health care team and as a member or a novice leader of the nursing care team.
- 2.6 Leading and managing as a novice in-charge nurse.
- 2.7 Guiding and fostering good clinical environment to nursing students and other support staff who work under nursing supervision.
- 2.8 Thinking critically and committing to self-directed learning;
- 2.9 Carrying out simple nursing research project.
- 2.10 Carrying out evidence-based nursing practice using self-inquiry skills, computer and information technology skills
- 3) Appreciate oneself as a nurse, and have positive attitudes towards clients, society and professional nursing and self-directed lifelong learning.

6. Expected Outcomes:

This Bachelor of Science in Nursing course is designed to offer a sequence of learning experiences, from simple to complex.

The curriculum framework incorporates Nursing Core

Competencies. Essential competencies required for quality nursing care is inte grated throughout the curriculum. These include competencies in caring for people in all types of healthcare facilities at home and abroad with high standards of knowledge, skills, abilities, and attitudes. The core competencies of Bachelor of Science in Nursing graduates are:

Patient centered care: Provide holistic care recognizing individual patient's preferences, values and needs, that is compassionate, coordinated, age and culturally appropriate safe and effective care.

Professionalism: Demonstrate accountability for the delivery of standard-based nursing care as per the Council standards that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles.

System-based practice: Demonstrate awareness and responsiveness to

the context of healthcare system and ability to manage resources essential to provide optimal quality of care.

Health informatics and Technology: Use technology and synthesize information and collaborate to make critical decisions that optimize patient outcomes.

Communication: Interact effectively with patients, families and colleagues fostering mutual respect and shared decision making to enhance patient satisfaction and healthoutcomes.

Teamwork and Collaboration: Function effectively within nursing and interdisciplinary teams, fostering open communication, mutual respect, shared decision making, team learning and development.

Safety: Minimize risk of harm to patients and providers through both system effectiveness and individual performance.

Quality improvement: Use data to monitor the outcomes of care processes and utilize improvement methods to design and test changes to continuously improve the quality and safety of healthcare system.

Evidence based practice: Identify, evaluate and use the best current evidence coupled with clinical expertise and consideration of patient's preferences, experience and values to make practical decisions.

7. Information about the Course

Name of the course: Bachelor of Science in Nursing

Medium of Instruction: English

Duration of the course: Four (04) years with 06 (six) months mandatory internship.

Qualifications to entrance in the course:

- a. The applicants must have passed HSC/A-level/ Equivalent examination from science group having Biology as a compulsory or optional subject.
- b. Applicants have to secure required grade point in the SSC/O-level/ Equivalent and HSC/A-level/ Equivalent examinations according to the decision of the admission committee.
- c. The applicants should apply within 2 (two) years after passing HSC/A-

level/ Equivalent examination.

Students' Selection Procedure:

- a. Admission test will be conducted according to admission policy as per the Act of BNMC-2016.
- b. Students will be selected on the merit basis. Merit score will be determined from cumulative result of GPA in SSC/O-level/Equivalent & HSC/A-level/Equivalent examinations and admission test which will be decided by admission committee.
- c. Successful candidates must submit their medical fitness certificate before admission.

Student Registration: After admission student should complete their BSN student registration as per BNMC Act (Act No. 48 of 2016) Clause-5 (TA) and rules, regulations of concerned university. The validity of the student registration will be of 8 (eight) years.

8. Course design:

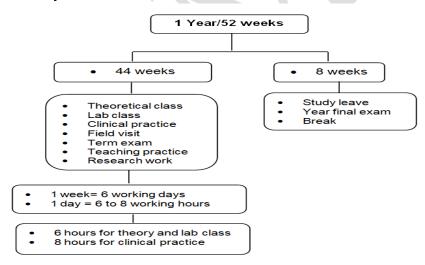
The curriculum is dynamic with provision for incorporating emerging health problems and changing health policies as well as latest advancement in health sciences. In this curriculum the subjects are sequenced from year one to year four, from simple to complex, with an attempt to increase students' competencies over the time. The curriculum is designed for BNMC recognized institutions and incorporates as (1) Four General Subjects, (2) Five Foundational Subjects, and (3) Sixteen Professional Subjects.

| 1.General subjects | Communicative English |
|--------------------------|--|
| | Nursing Informatics |
| • | 3. Behavioral Science and Nursing Humanities |
| | Advanced Communicative English |
| 2. Foundational subjects | 1. Anatomy |
| | 2. Physiology |
| | Microbiology and Pathology |
| | 4. Pharmacology |
| | 5. Nutrition and Biochemistry |

| 3. Professional subjects | Fundamentals of Nursing –I | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2. Fundamentals of Nursing –II | | | | |
| | Pediatric Nursing | | | | |
| | 4. Medical and Surgical Nursing-l | | | | |
| | 5. Medical and Surgical Nursing-II | | | | |
| | Geriatric Nursing | | | | |
| | 7. Traumatology and Orthopedic Nursing | | | | |
| | 8. Community Health Nursing and Epidemiology | | | | |
| | Mental Health and Psychiatric Nursing | | | | |
| | 10.Emergency and Critical Care Nursing | | | | |
| | 11.Laws, Ethics and Forensic Nursing | | | | |
| | 12. Midwifery | | | | |
| | 13. Obstetrical and Gynecological Nursing | | | | |
| | 14. Nursing Administration and Management | | | | |
| | 15. Nursing Education | | | | |
| | 16. Research and Biostatistics | | | | |

9. Course curriculum structure:

Bachelor of Science in Nursing comprises of 4 academic years. Structure of each academic year is as follows:



10. Year wise subjects:

| Year | Name of the subjects |
|-------------|---|
| First year | Communicative English |
| | Nursing Informatics |
| | 3. Behavioral Science and Nursing Humanities |
| | 4. Anatomy |
| | 5. Physiology |
| | Microbiology and Pathology |
| | 7. Fundamentals of Nursing –I |
| Second year | Fundamentals of Nursing –II |
| | Pediatric Nursing |
| | Medical and Surgical Nursing-I |
| | 4. Pharmacology |
| | 5. Traumatology and Orthopedic Nursing |
| | 6. Nutrition and Biochemistry |
| | 7. Laws, Ethics and Forensic Nursing |
| Third year | Geriatric Nursing |
| | Mental Health and Psychiatric Nursing |
| | Emergency and Critical Care Nursing |
| | 4. Medical and Surgical Nursing – II |
| | 5. Community Health Nursing and Epidemiology |
| Fourth year | 1. Midwifery |
| | Obstetrical and Gynecological Nursing |
| | Nursing Administration and Management |
| | Nursing Education |
| | 5. Research and Biostatistics |
| | Advanced Communicative English |

11. Hour System:

| Theory and Lab | 1day x 6 hours = 6 hours |
|-------------------|---|
| Clinical practice | 1 day x 8 hours = 8 hours Morning: 8am - 2pm; Evening: 2pm - 8pm; Night: 8pm - 8am |

12. Credit system:

| Credit | Hours |
|------------------------------|-------------------|
| One Theory Credit | 16 Lecture hours |
| One Lab Credit | 16 x 2 = 32 hours |
| One Clinical Practice Credit | 16 x 3 = 48 hours |

13. Year wise hours and credits:

| Areas | First year | Second | Third year | Fourth | Total | Total |
|----------|------------|--------|------------|--------|-------|---------|
| Aleas | First year | year | Third year | year | hours | Credits |
| Theory | 624 | 432 | 396 | 360 | 1812 | 113.25 |
| Lab | 348 | 108 | 108 | 144 | 708 | 22.12 |
| Clinical | 384 | 960 | 1008 | 1056 | 3408 | 71.00 |
| Practice | 304 | 300 | 1008 | 1030 | 3400 | 7 1.00 |
| Yearly | 1356 | 1500 | 1512 | 1560 | 5928 | |
| Hours | 1356 | 1500 | 1912 | 1300 | 5920 | |
| Credit | 57.88 | 50.37 | 49.12 | 49 | | 206 |

Internship Credits 24 (The internship credit will be required to be eligible in appearing BNMC licensing examination. However, this credit will not be included in 4 years' academic course.)

| First year | | | | | | |
|--|-------|-----|------|-------|--|--|
| Weeks Days Hours Credits | | | | | | |
| Theory | 17.33 | 104 | 624 | 39 | | |
| Lab | 9.67 | 58 | 348 | 10.88 | | |
| Clinical Practice and Field Visit | 08 | 48 | 384 | 8.0 | | |
| (CP and FV) | | | | | | |
| Total | 35 | 210 | 1356 | 57.88 | | |

| Second year | | | | | | |
|--|-------|--------|------|-------|--|--|
| Weeks Days Hours Credits | | | | | | |
| Theory | 12.22 | 73.33 | 432 | 27 | | |
| Lab | 3 | 18 | 108 | 3.37 | | |
| Clinical Practice and Field Visit | 20 | 120 | 960 | 20 | | |
| (CP and FV) | | | | | | |
| Total | 35.22 | 211.33 | 1500 | 50.37 | | |

| Third year | | | | | |
|---|----|-----|------|-------|--|
| Weeks Days Hours Credit | | | | | |
| Theory | 11 | 66 | 396 | 24.75 | |
| Lab | 3 | 18 | 108 | 3.37 | |
| Clinical Practice and Field Visit (CP and FV) | 21 | 126 | 1008 | 21 | |
| Total | 35 | 210 | 1512 | 49.12 | |

| | Fourth year | • | | |
|------------------------|-------------|------|-------|---------|
| | Weeks | Days | Hours | Credits |
| Theory | 10 | 60 | 360 | 22.5 |
| Lab | 4 | 24 | 144 | 4.5 |
| Clinical Practice (CP) | | | | |
| TeachingPractice (TP) | 22 | 132 | 1056 | 22 |
| Research Project (RP) | | | | |
| Total | 36 | 216 | 1560 | 49 |

14. Year wise subjects' credits and hours:

| No | First year subjects | The | eory | Lab | | Clinical Practice | | Total Cr | Total Hrs. |
|------|------------------------|------|------|-------|------|----------------------|------|-------------|---------------|
| | | Cr | Hrs. | Cr | Hrs. | Cr | Hrs. | | |
| 1 | Communicative English | 2.5 | 40 | 1.5 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 88 |
| 2 | Nursing Informatics | 3 | 48 | 1.5 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 4.5 | 96 |
| 3 | Behavioral Science and | 5 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 48 | 6 | 128 |
| | Nursing Humanities | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Anatomy | 6 | 96 | 1.5 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 7.5 | 144 |
| 5 | Physiology | 6 | 96 | 1.5 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 7.5 | 144 |
| 6 | Microbiology and | 5 | 80 | .75 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 5.75 | 104 |
| | Pathology | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Fundamentals of | 11.5 | 184 | 4.13 | 132 | 7 | 336 | | 652 |
| | Nursing-I | 11.5 | 104 | 4.13 | 132 | | 330 | 22.63 | 032 |
| Gran | nd total | 39 | 624 | 10.88 | 348 | 8 | 384 | 7.88 | 1356 |

| No | Second year | Th | eory | L | ab | | nical ictice | Total Cr | Total Hrs. |
|------|----------------------|-----|------|-----|------|----|-----------------|-------------|---------------|
| | subjects | Cr | Hrs. | Cr | Hrs. | Cr | Hrs. | | |
| 1. | Fundamentals of | 6 | 96 | 1.1 | 36 | 4 | 192 | 11.1 | 324 |
| | Nursing - II | | | 3 | | | | 3 | |
| 2. | Pediatric Nursing | 4 | 64 | .37 | 12 | 4 | 192 | 8.37 | 268 |
| 3. | Medical and | 5 | 80 | .75 | 24 | 6 | 288 | 11.7 | 392 |
| | Surgical Nursing - I | | | | | | | 5 | |
| 4. | Pharmacology | 2.5 | 40 | .37 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 2.87 | 52 |
| 5. | Traumatology and | 5 | 80 | .37 | 12 | 4 | 192 | 9.37 | 284 |
| | Orthopedic | | | | | | | | |
| | Nursing | | | | | | | | |
| 6. | Nutrition and | 2.5 | 40 | .38 | 12 | 1 | 48 | 3.88 | 100 |
| | Biochemistry | | | | | | | | |
| 7. | Laws, Ethics and | 2 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 48 | 3 | 80 |
| | Forensic Nursing | | | | | | | | |
| Gran | nd total | 27 | 432 | 3.3 | 108 | 20 | 960 | 50.3 | 1500 |
| | | | | 7 | | | | 7 | |

| No | Third year subjects | The | ory | La | ab | | inical actice | Total Cr | Total Hrs. |
|----|--|------|------|----------|------|----|------------------|-------------|---------------|
| NO | Tilliu year subjects | Cr | Hrs. | Cr | Hrs. | Cr | Hrs. | | |
| 1. | Geriatric Nursing | 3 | 48 | .37 | 12 | 2 | 96 | 5.37 | 156 |
| 2. | Mental Health and Psychiatric Nursing | 4 | 64 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 192 | 8 | 256 |
| 3. | Emergency and Critical Care Nursing | 4 | 64 | 1.25 | 40 | 5 | 240 | 10.25 | 344 |
| 4. | Medical and Surgical Nursing-II | 6.75 | 108 | 1.7 5 | 56 | 6 | 288 | 14.5 | 452 |
| 5. | Community Health Nursing and | 7 | 112 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 192 | 11 | 304 |

| | Epidemiology | | | | | | | | |
|------|--------------|------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-----|
| Gran | nd total | 24.7 | 396 | 3.3 | 108 | 21 | 100 | 49.12 | 151 |
| | | 5 | | 7 | | | 8 | | 2 |

| No | Fourth year subjects | The | eory | ı | Lab | | inical actice | Total Cr | Total Hrs. |
|-----|---------------------------------------|------|------|-----|------|----|------------------|-------------|---------------|
| | | Cr | Hrs. | Cr | Hrs. | Cr | Hrs. | | |
| 1. | Midwifery | 5.5 | 88 | 1.5 | 48 | 7 | 336 | 14 | 472 |
| 2. | Obstetrical and Gynecological Nursing | 4 | 64 | .75 | 24 | 7 | 336 | 11.75 | 424 |
| 3. | Nursing Administration and Management | 3 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 144 | 6 | 192 |
| 4. | Nursing Education | 3.5 | 56 | .38 | 12 | 3 | 144 | 6.88 | 212 |
| 5. | Research and Biostatistics | 3.5 | 56 | .37 | 12 | 2 | 96 | 5.87 | 164 |
| 6. | Advanced Communicative English | 3 | 48 | 1.5 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 4.5 | 96 |
| Gra | nd total | 22.5 | 360 | 4.5 | 144 | 22 | 1056 | 49 | 1560 |

15. Allocation of time for exam, study leave, breaks and review class:

| Items | Weeks | Days | Hours |
|--------------------------------|----------|------|----------------|
| Year Final Examination 4 years | 4x4=16 | | |
| Study leaves 4 years | 2 x 4 =8 | | |
| Break 4 years | 23 | 402 | 402 x 6 = 2412 |
| Midterm Exam 4 years | 2x4=8 | | |
| Review class 4 years | 3x 4 =12 | | |
| Total | 67 | 402 | 2412 |

16. Teaching-Learning Methods

Teaching system

Nursing and Midwifery educational institutions may have their own preference for conducting the teaching sessions. Teaching (theory and practice) sessions may be arranged either in block or study day system. The guest lecturers may be used for teaching of some part of the curriculum subjects for the benefit of students. There should be a provision of student counseling & tutorial classes to resolve the academic and personal problems related to study.

Students' practical placement

Rotation plan for clinical and field practice of the students will be initially planned by the concerned institutions and teacher, which will be finalized through a discussion with placement hospital nursing authority/director.

- Methods of teaching: Teaching strategies and learning experiences used throughout the course are those appropriate for adult learners. Teachinglearning strategy is the provision of theoretical information followed by opportunities to apply the knowledge in a real or simulated situation.
 - a) Interactive teaching-learning methods such as -
 - Lecture
 - Brain storming
 - Demonstration
 - Group discussion
 - Role-play
 - Case study
 - Simulation
 - Group work
 - Field trip
 - Problem-Based Learning
 - b) Practical session
 - Use of checklist
 - Writing the notebook
 - Demonstration
 - Maintenance of logbook
 - Maintenance of conduction book
 - c) Clinical teaching areas: Indoor patient departments, outpatient departments, emergency department, ambulatory care unit, operation theater, post-operative department, Intensive Care unit, Coronary Care Unit, High Dependency Unit and other related departments.
 - d) Field placement (Community based education): In small groups for performing activities by the students themselves with the supervision of the assigned faculties.

17. Teaching Materials

- Laptop/desktop
- Smart/ Electronic board
- Multimedia projector
- White board & Marker
- Related equipment/instruments/books/simulators/electronic devices etc.

Charts, models, skeleton, bones, torso, microscope.

18. Eligibility for Appearing in the year Final Examination

- a. At least ≥85% attendance in all theory and lab classes
- b. 100% attendance in hospital and community clinical practice.
- c. Obtaining at least 60% marks in written and practical formative assessment separately.
- d. Must be passed in the term examinations.

19. Evaluation methods

The total allocated marks for each subject is divided into formative including theoretical and practical, written, oral and/practical.

- "Formative assessment will be done throughout the course and may include a combination of class attendance, term examination, class test or quizzes and in subject assignment such as preparation of written assignment, preparation of posters, booklet, interpretation of laboratory reports, practical notebook, case study, nursing care plan, oral presentation, report writing and so on. Students who fail to meet the clinical and field practice requirements of any subjects for valid reason (sick, emergency leave etc.) need to submit necessary documents/medical certificate and must make up these requirements under the guidance of the concerned authority.
- b) Summative assessment usually includes written, oral and practical examination. However, there are some variations such as some subjects only assessed through written examination and some subjects will have written and oral and some have written oral and practical and Research project through submission of study report and oral presentation.

Major emphasis will be given in the gaining of clinical and practical skills of professional subjects.

20. Examination System

- 1) Each academic year is divided in to two terms of 26- week of duration.
- 2) A mid-term examination will be conducted by the individual colleges within June of each year and result will be declared and recorded.
- 3) Regular final examination will be held twice in each academic year in December and June under the concerned university. Each examination will be considered as regular.

- 4) To sit in each year final examination, students must pass individual assessment areas of each subject and also pass all subjects of midterm examination. Individual assessment area includes written and/or oral and/or practical/clinical practice/field visit of that specific subject.
- 5) Student who fails (obtains less than 60%) in any part of the subject(s), she/he will appear in the next final exam.
- 6) Students' those will be failed in any subject will get chance again to sit for examination. For example, if a student fails in Anatomy, has to sit only Anatomy subject examination.
- 7) Student will get three chances to sit in the first year regular and final examination for passing. She/he may attend second year clases but will not be allowed to appear in the second year final examination until she/he passes all subjects of first year. The same rule is applicable for second, third and fourth year.
- 8) Students who failed to pass within the three examinations subsequently will have chance to sit in the fourth time examination. In this case, student will be required special permission from the Dean, Faculty of Medicine/Nursing provided the student would have to drop one-year final examination. In case of failure in the fourth time examination and to sit for fifth time examination, student might take permission from the Vice Chancellor of the respective university. However, it should be happened once in the 4 years academic course.
- 9) All assessment will be conducted according to set criteria. If any query arises, the examination committee of the concerned university will resolve that.
- 10) Examination committee to be formed before each year final exam to conduct examination.
- 11) All examinations will be governed by the existing rules of the university.
- 12) Year final examination will be taken at the end of each academic year and re- examinee candidate will appear in the next exam.
- **21. Pass Mark**: 60% marks must be obtained in formative, written, oral and practical examinations separately.

22. Pattern of Questions and Marks Distribution

Patterns of Questions

a. Objective type questions include Multiple Choice Question (MCQ), True/

False and Single Best Answer (SBA).

- b. Multiple Choice Questions, True-False type, the ratio of true and false in alternatives will be 3:2 or 2:3.
- c. Objective type examination will be taken in the beginning of the written examination.
- d. Subjective type questions consist of Short Answer Question (SAQ), Structured Essay Question (SEQ) and Essay Question (EQ). Marks will be varying on allocated marks of the subjects.
- e. The fraction mark 0.5 or over will be considered as 1 and below 0.5 will not be counted (it is applicable during sum-up the total subject exam marks and assignment marks)

For 90 marks of written examination, the marks distribution will be as follows:

Objective questions:

- Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ)-True/False (T/F) = 10 marks
- Single Best Answer (SBA) Questions = 10 marks

Subjective questions:

- Short Answer Questions (SAQ)=30 marks
- Structured Essay Questions (SEQ)=20 marks
- Essay questions (EQ)=20 marks
- Group A = 35 marks: SAQ (3x5=15) +SEQ (1x10=10) +EQ (1x10=10).
- Group B = 35 marks: SAQ (3x5=15) +SEQ (1x10=10) +EQ (1x10=10).

*Each group will have 4 SAQ, 2 SEQ and 2 EQ. Student will answer 3 SAQ out of 4,and 1 SEQ out of 2, and 1 EQ out of 2.

Student will use separate answer scripts for each group.

For 60 marks of written examination, the marks distribution will be as

follows:

Objective questions:

- Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ)-True/False(T/F) = 10 marks
- Single Best Answer (SBA)=10 marks

Subjective questions:

- Short Answer Questions (SAQ)=20 marks
- Structured Essay Questions (SEQ)= 20 marks
- Group A = 20 marks: SAQ (2x5=10) +SEQ (1x10=10).
- Group B = 20 marks: SAQ (2x5=10) +SEQ (1x10=10).

*Each group will have 3 SAQ; 2 SEQ. Student will answer 2 SAQ out of 3 and 1SEQ out of 2 in each group.

Student will use separate answer scripts for each group.

Marks of Practical examination in each subject will be as follows:

The Structured Oral Examination (SOE) and/or Practical examination will be taken after final written examination.

- a. For 25 marks of SOE, the distribution will be as follows:
 - 10 questions will be picked up from 5 boxes. Each question will carry
 2.5 marks. Therefore, SOE:10×2.5=25 marks
- b. For 30 marks of SOE, the distribution will be as follows:
 - 10 questions will be picked up from 5 boxes. Each question will carry
 3 marks. Therefore, SOE:10×3=30 marks
- c. For 40 marks of SOE, the distribution will be as follows:
 - 10 questions will be picked up from 5 boxes. Each question will carry
 4 marks. Therefore, SOE:10×4=40 marks
- d. For 45 marks of SOE, the distribution will be as follows:
 - 9 questions will be picked up from 5 boxes. 8 questions will be picked up from 4 boxes and other question will be picked up from last box.
 Each question will carry 5 marks.

Therefore, SOE : $(8\times5) + (1\times5) = 45$ marks

- The Structured Oral and Practical examination will be conducted together and marks will be given separately the aggregated.
- Structured Oral examination will be assessed by Internal and External

assessors by using Structured Questions.

- For English Subject, speaking and listening skills will be assessed by oral examination and listening test.
- All Practical Examination must include OSPE (Objective Structured Practical Examination), and practical note book/ laboratory notebook/lesson plan preparation/teaching session/reflective notebook.
- 20 marks OSPE examination will be distributed in 5 spotting stations and each station will be allocated 4 marks.
- For practical 50 marks will be allocated which comprises of procedure and/or question stations of OSPE and/or reflective diary according to subject requirement.
- Pass mark: 60% marks must be obtained in formative, written, oral, practical and clinical examination of each subject & in individual area.
- If a student fails in any subject, she/he will appear exam for that subject.
- Practical competencies of students will be assessed by using subject based check list to evaluate the performance.
- Students could not be filled up the form of final examination without passing the midterm examination.

Patterns of Mark distribution

- 1) Written formative: 10 marks:
- Class attendance= 2 (≥ 85%)
- Mid-term examinations= $4 (60\%-69\% = 2, 70\%-79\% = 3, \ge 80\%=4)$
- In-subject assignment= 4

*The eligible criteria for appearing final exam are 6 out of 10.

- 2) Practical formative: 10 marks:
 - Practical attendance= 2 (100%)
 - Field visit/clinical assignment report = 4
 - Case studies & presentation= 4
- *The eligible criteria for appearing final exam are 6 out of 10
 - 2.1) Practical formative: 5 marks:

- Practical attendance= 1 (100%)
- Field visit/clinical assignment report = 2
- Case studies & presentation= 2

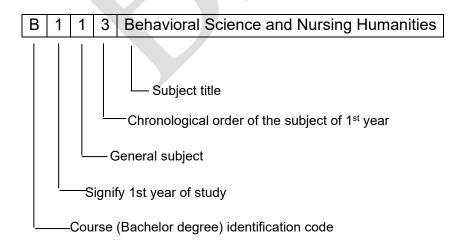
23. Duration of Examination hours:

90 marks:

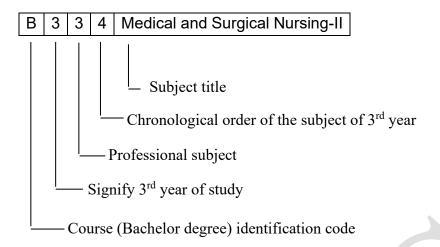
- MCQ+SBA=20 minutes
- SAQ +SEQ +EQ=2 hours 40 minutes

60 marks:

- MCQ+SBA=20 minutes
- SAQ + SEQ = 2 hours 10 minutes
- **24. Subject code:** It means designation and numbering system of a subject. Each subject is designated by a letter B which stands for Bachelor of Science in Nursing degree followed by a three-digit number with the following criteria:
- a) First digit indicates the year of study.
- b) Second digit indicates type of the subject- general (1), foundational (2), professional (3).
- c) The third digit indicates chronological order of the subject of specific year. The subject code is illustrated by two examples.



^{*}The eligible criteria for appearing final exam are 3 out of 5.



25. Year wise hour and mark distribution.

| | | Hours | | | Marks | | | |
|-------|------------------------|-------------|------|------|-------|------|--------|-------|
| Code | First year subjects | T/L/P | Writ | Oral | Prac | Forr | native | Total |
| | | | | | | Writ | Prac | |
| B111 | Communicative English | 40/48/0 | 60 | 30 | 00 | 10 | 00 | 100 |
| B112 | Nursing Informatics | 48/48/0 | 60 | 10 | 20 | 10 | 00 | 100 |
| B113 | Behavioral Science and | 80/0/48 | 90 | 45 | 00 | 10 | 05 | 150 |
| | Nursing Humanities | | | | | | | |
| B124 | Anatomy | 96/48/0 | 90 | 25 | 20 | 10 | 05 | 150 |
| B125 | Physiology | 96/48/0 | 90 | 25 | 20 | 10 | 05 | 150 |
| B126 | Microbiology and | 80/24/0 | 90 | 25 | 20 | 10 | 05 | 150 |
| | Pathology | | | | | | | |
| B137 | Fundamentals of | 184/132/384 | 90 | 40 | 50 | 10 | 10 | 200 |
| | Nursing – I | | | | | | | |
| Total | | 624/348/384 | 570 | 220 | 110 | 70 | 30 | 1000 |

| | | Hours | | | Marks | | | |
|-------|----------------------|-------------|------|------|-------|------|--------|-------|
| Code | Second year subjects | T/L/P | Writ | Oral | Prac | Forn | native | Total |
| | | | | | | Writ | Prac | |
| B231 | Fundamentals of | 96/36/192 | 90 | 40 | 50 | 10 | 10 | 200 |
| | Nursing-II | | | | | | | |
| B232 | Pediatric Nursing | 64/12/192 | 90 | 40 | 50 | 10 | 10 | 200 |
| B233 | Medical and Surgical | 80/24/288 | 90 | 40 | 50 | 10 | 10 | 200 |
| | Nursing-I | | | | | | | |
| B224 | Pharmacology | 40/12/0 | 60 | 30 | 00 | 10 | 00 | 100 |
| B235 | Traumatology and | 80/12/192 | 90 | 40 | 50 | 10 | 10 | 200 |
| | Orthopedic | | | | | | | |
| | Nursing | | | | | | | |
| B226 | Nutrition and | 40/12/48 | 90 | 25 | 20 | 10 | 05 | 150 |
| | Biochemistry | | | | | | | |
| B237 | Laws Ethics and | 32/0/48 | 60 | 30 | 00 | 10 | 00 | 100 |
| | Forensic Nursing, | | | | | | | |
| Total | | 432/108/960 | 570 | 245 | 220 | 70 | 45 | 1150 |

| | | Hours | | | Marks | | | Total |
|-------|------------------------|--------------|------|------|-------|------|--------|-------|
| Code | Third year subjects | T/L/P | Writ | Oral | Prac | Forn | native | |
| | | | | | | Writ | Prac | |
| B331 | Geriatric Nursing | 48/12/96 | 90 | 25 | 20 | 10 | 05 | 150 |
| B332 | Mental Health and | 64/0/192 | 90 | 40 | 50 | 10 | 10 | 200 |
| | Psychiatric Nursing | | | | | | | |
| B333 | Emergency and Critical | 64/40/240 | 90 | 40 | 50 | 10 | 10 | 200 |
| | Care Nursing | | | | | | | |
| B334 | Medical and Surgical | 108/56/288 | 90 | 40 | 50 | 10 | 10 | 200 |
| | Nursing-II | | | | | | | |
| B335 | Community Health | 112/0/192 | 90 | 40 | 50 | 10 | 10 | 200 |
| | Nursing and | | | | | | | |
| | Epidemiology | | | | | | | |
| Total | | 396/108/1008 | 450 | 185 | 220 | 50 | 45 | 950 |

| | | Hours | | | Marks | ; | | |
|-------|--------------------|--------------|------|------|--------|------|---------|-------|
| Code | Fourth year | T/L/P | Writ | Oral | Prac | Fo | rmative | Total |
| | subjects | | | | | Writ | Prac | |
| B431 | Midwifery | 88/48/336 | 90 | 40 | 50 | 10 | 10 | 200 |
| B432 | Obstetrical and | 64/24/336 | 90 | 40 | 50 | 10 | 10 | 200 |
| | Gynecological | | | | | | | |
| | Nursing | | | | | | | |
| B433 | Nursing | 48/0/144 | 60 | 30 | 00 | 10 | 00 | 100 |
| | Administration and | | | | | | | |
| | Management | | | | | | | |
| B434 | Nursing Education | 56/1/144 | 90 | 40 | 50 | 10 | 10 | 200 |
| B435 | Research and Bio- | 56/12/96 | 90 | 20 | R.book | 10 | Defense | 200 |
| | statistics | | | | 40 | | 40 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| B416 | Advanced | 48/48/0 | 60 | 30 | 00 | 10 | 00 | 100 |
| | Communicative | | | | | | | |
| | English | | | | | | | |
| Total | | 360/144/1056 | 480 | 220 | 200 | 60 | 40 | 1000 |

^{*}Grand total marks: 4100

Total weeks in theory, lab, and Practice =50/20/71

Note: T = Theory, L = Lab, P = Practical, W = Written, O = Oral, P = Practical

^{*}Grand total hours: 5928 hrs.

^{*} Grand total weeks: Theory, lab, clinical practice =141 wks, and review class, exams, leaves, breaks=67wks.

^{*}Total hours in theory, lab, and Practice =812 /708/3408

26. Grading Scale

Results will be published as per following Marks and GPA and system with the provision of reflection of marks in the academic transcript.

| Numerical Grade | Letter Grade | Grade Point |
|----------------------|----------------|-------------|
| 80% and above | A ⁺ | 4.00 |
| 75% to less than 80% | A | 3.75 |
| 70% to less than 75% | A ⁻ | 3.50 |
| 65% to less than 70% | B ⁺ | 3.25 |
| 60% to less than 65% | В | 3.00 |
| Less than 60% | F | 0.00 |

27. Internship

After completing the course, every student must complete a six- month (06) internship in a hospital according to the logbook. Upon successful completion of the internship, the student is required to obtain an internship certificate to be eligible to appear in the BNMC licensing examination in order to receive a license as a registered nurse.

28. Certification and Licensure

Bangladesh Nursing and Midwifery Council will issue registration as a registered nurse after passing the Licensing Examination.

First year

Communicative English

Subject code: B111

Theory : 40 hours (2.5 Credits) Laboratory : 48 hours (1.5 Credits)

Practical: 0 hours

Goal: The goal of this subject is to develop students' competencies in English language.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. speak English effectively and fluently in their workplace.
- 2. communicate effectively with patients, families and colleagues using appropriate language skills in health care settings.
- 3. demonstrate understanding of medical terminology, jargon and abbreviation used in health care.
- 4. write clear concise and accurate reports, charts, graphs, table, documentations and patients records.
- 5. apply effective listening and questioning techniques to better understand and respond to patients and colleagues' needs.
- 6. apply critical thinking skills to interpret and respond to written and oral instructions ardrequests in health care settings.
- 7. use proper body language, tone of voice and non-verbal communication skills to convey empathy and compassion in patient care.
- 8. work collaboratively with other health care professionals using effective communication skills in English.

Subject Requirement:

- 1. Class attendance: 85%
- 2 Lab attendance: 85%
- 3. Assignments: Summery of writing, reading, listening, and self-reflection.
- 4. Oral presentation: Individual and group work.

Teaching Learning Activities:

- 1. Brain storming.
- 2. Lecture and discussions.
- 3. Self-study.
- 4. Group work.
- 5. Assignment.
- 6. Presentation.
- 7. Practice listening & speaking in language labs.

Teaching Materials:

- 1. Computer.
- 2. Smart board.
- 3. Multimedia projector.
- 4. White board and marker
- 5. Sound system
- 6. Headphone/Earphone
- 7. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | L | Р |
|--|----------------------------------|----|----|---|
| 1.Review of tenses | Lecture | | | |
| T. KOVIOW OF LOTIOGO | Class work | 4 | | |
| | Group work | | | |
| 2.Review of parts of speech | Lecture | 4 | | |
| | Class work | | | |
| | Group work | | | |
| 3. Review of modal auxiliaries, articles | Lecture | 4 | | |
| and enriching vocabulary | Pair work | | | |
| | Group work | | | |
| | Brain storming | | | |
| 4.Writing module: | Lecture | 14 | | |
| Formal & Informal letters, | Brain storming | | | |
| application | Assignment | | | |
| Email, report writing, charts, | | | | |
| graphs, table. | | | | |
| Paragraph & Essay writing | | | | |
| 5.Reading module: | Lecture | 14 | | |
| Skimming, Scanning, Inference | Class work | | | |
| Reading for the specific | Group work | | | |
| purposes | | | | |
| Academic reading practice | | | | |
| 6.Speaking module: | Interactive interviews | | 24 | |
| Giving general information | Role play | | | |
| Providing detailed information | Dialogues | | | |
| Answering critical questions | Lab Practice | | | |
| Learning correct pronunciation | | | | |
| Practicing dialogues | | | | |
| 7.Listening module: | Listening to | | 24 | |
| Active listening practice | authentic audio | | | |
| Listening for the specific | Group discussion | | | |
| information | Presentation | | | |
| Listening for the guest | Lab Practice | | | |

Suggested Reading Materials:

- 1. Intermediate English Grammar by Raymond Murphy latest Edition.
- 2. Cambridge English for Nursing Virginia Allum and Patricia McGarr.
- 3. Headway (Pre-Intermediate/Intermediate)- latest edition.
- 4. Cambridge IELTS series.
- 5. OET official book
- 6. Bartram, M., Arakelian, C., & Magnall, A. (2006). Hospital English: The brilliantlearning workbook for international nurses. Radcliffe Publishing.
- 7. IELTS Medical (2018). OET (Nursing) Refresh 2.0 Lite Guide. IELTS Medical
- 8. Cambridge Boxhill Language Assessment (2018). OET Nursing: Official OETPractice Book 1. Cambridge Boxhill Language Assessment, Australia.
- Allum, V., & McGarr, P. (2010). Cambridge English for Nursing PreintermediateStudent's Book with Audio CD. Cambridge University Press.

Nursing Informatics

Subject code: B112

Theory : 48 hours (3 Credits)
Laboratory : 48 hours (1.5 Credits)

Practical: 0 hours

Goal: The goal of the subject is to acquire knowledge and skills regarding information science and technology for application in patient care and nursing practice through demonstrating the computer-based data management using Electronic Health Records (EHR) system.

Learning Objectives: Upon completion of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. develop a basic understanding on health informatics.
- 2. describe the nursing informatics and e-nursing
- 3. explain the nursing informatics in health care services
- 4. describe computers technology and application in patient care and nursing practice.
- 5. demonstrate the computer-based data management.
- 6. demonstrate the knowledge of using electronic health records (EHR) system in clinical practice.
- 7. differentiate between privacy, confidentiality, information privacy and information security.
- 8. identify the characteristics associated with quality information.
- 9. demonstrate the competencies in nursing practice using nursing data.
- 10. describe the legal issues in practicing Tele-nursing

Subject Requirement:

Class attendance: 85%
 Lab attendance: 85%

Teaching Learning Activities:

- 1. Lecture and discussions
- 2. Demonstration
- 3. Presentation
- 4. Group project
- 5. Self-study
- 6. Computer practice

Teaching Materials:

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning | Т | ı | Р |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | activities | | | |
| 1.Introduction to Health Informatics | Brain storming | 4 | | |
| Health Informatics: Definition, | Lecture cum | | | |
| needs, objectives and limitations. | discussion | | | |
| Components of Health Information | | | | |
| System (HIS). | | | | |
| Use of data, information and | | 1 | | |
| knowledge for more effective | | | | |
| health care and better outcome of | | | | |
| health care services. | | | | |
| Clinical Information System (CIS) | | | | |
| Hospital information System (HIS) | | | | |
| 2. Nursing Informatics and e-Nursing | Lecture cum | | | |
| 2.1. Nursing informatics | discussion | 6 | | |
| Definition, needs, objectives, | Group discussion | | | |
| usesadlimitations | and presentation | | | |
| Nurses roles in application of | | | | |
| informatics in service | | | | |
| education, administration and | | | | |
| research | | | | |
| The roles of the informatics | | | | |
| nurse and informatics nurse | | | | |
| specialist | | | | |
| Educational opportunities for | | | | |
| nursing informatics | | | | |
| 2.2. e-Nursing | | | | |
| Concept and significance of e- | | | | |
| Nursing in modern health care. | | | | |
| Role of technology in nursing | | | | |
| practice and patient care. | | | | |
| Electronic health records | | | | |
| (EHRs) and other health | | | | |
| information systems. | | | | |
| Telemedicine and Tele-Nursing. | | | | |
| E- documentations | | | | |
| Ethical issues and legal | | | | |

| frameworks related to the use of technology in healthcare. - Components of Nursing Information System (NIS) | | | | |
|--|--|----|----|--|
| Informatics and Computers Technology. | | | | |
| 3.Introduction to Information and | Brain storming | 6 | | |
| Communication Technology | Lecture cum | | | |
| History and evolution of | discussion | | | |
| computer | | | | |
| Current trends of ICT | | | | |
| Basic organization of computer | | | | |
| Use of computers in teaching, | | | | |
| learning, research andnursing | | | | |
| practice, | | | | |
| Hardware: Definition and | | | | |
| components | | | | |
| Software: Definition, types, | | | | |
| Operating system and | | | | |
| application | | | | |
| Storage devices | | | | |
| - Input and output & wireless | | | | |
| devices | | | | |
| Computer networks and | | | | |
| configuration | 1 4 | | | |
| 4.Computer Based Data Management 4.1. Microsoft Word | Lecture cum | 10 | 30 | |
| - Names and functions of the | discussionComputer practice | 10 | 30 | |
| Wordinterface components. | Demonstration | | | |
| - Create, edit, save, and print | Demonstration | | | |
| documents to include | | | | |
| documents with lists and tables. | | | | |
| Format text and to use styles. | | | | |
| Add a header and footer to a | | | | |
| document. | | | | |
| Add a footnote to a document. | | | | |
| Add a graphic to a document | | | | |
| 4.2. Microsoft Excel | | | | |
| Building basic formulas | | | | |
| - Logical functions and error | | | | |
| trapping | | | | |
| Date and time formulas | | | | |
| Math and statistical formulas | | | | |

| I a alice of the contract of | | | | |
|--|------------------|---|----|--|
| Lookup, information, and text formulas | | | | |
| Build and format worksheets in | | | | |
| Excel | | | | |
| Edit and manage worksheets in | | | | |
| Excel | | | | |
| Print worksheets in Excel | | | | |
| 4.3 Microsoft PowerPoint | | | | |
| Names and functions of the | | | | |
| Power Point interface | | | | |
| Create, edit, save, and print | | | | |
| presentations | | | | |
| Format presentations | | | | |
| Add a graphic to a presentation | | | | |
| Create and manipulate simple | | 1 | | |
| slide shows with outlinesand | | | | |
| notes | | | | |
| Create slide presentations that | | | | |
| include text, graphics, | | | | |
| animation, and transitions | | | | |
| Use design layouts and | | | | |
| templates for presentations | | | | |
| Create a Power Point | | | | |
| presentation | | | | |
| Statistical data presentation | | | | |
| 4.4. Uses of internet | | | | |
| - Worldwide wave, web | | | | |
| browsers | | | | |
| - e-mail, social media and online | | | | |
| platform - literature search | | | | |
| Hospital information system | | | | |
| Hospital information system Database Management | | | | |
| 5. Electronic Health Record (EHR) | Lecture cum | 8 | 10 | |
| - Concept of electronic medical | discussion | | | |
| record, electronic health | Group discussion | | | |
| record and computer-based | and presentation | | | |
| patient record | Group project | | | |
| Similarities and differences | Demonstration | | | |
| between electronic health | | | | |
| record and computer-based | | | | |
| patient record | | | | |
| Benefits associated with | | | | |

| electronic health record | | |
|---|-------------------|-----|
| Characteristics of computer- | | |
| based-patient record | | |
| Development of standards for | | |
| • | | |
| electronic health and nursing | | |
| care records | | |
| Application of EHR Standards | | |
| in Bangladesh | | |
| Maintenance of lifelong | | |
| electronic health records | | |
| 6.Information Security and | Lecture cum 6 | |
| Confidentiality | discussion | |
| Privacy, confidentiality, | Presentation | |
| information privacy, and | | |
| information security | | |
| Significance of security for | | |
| information integrity | | |
| Threat to system security and | | |
| information | | |
| Appropriate and in appropriate | | |
| password selection and | | |
| handling | | |
| Impact that internet technology | | |
| has on health information | | |
| | | |
| security | | |
| - Legal and ethical issues: | | |
| Security and protection of | | |
| patient privacy | | |
| Ethical and legal issues | | |
| pertaining to quality health | | |
| care adinformation in clinical | | |
| practice, | | |
| Ethical and legal issues related | | |
| to digital health applied to | | |
| nursing practices | | |
| 7. Ensuring Quality of Information | • Lecture cum 4 | |
| Data Integrity and its relevance | discussion | |
| for healthcare | Presentation | |
| Strategies to ensure the | | |
| accuracy of data | | |
| Differences in online and offline | | |
| data storage | | |
| Characteristics associated with | | |
| | 1 | 1 1 |

| quality information | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Data mining and recognize its | | | | |
| uses within health care | | | | |
| 8.Telehealth | Lecture cum | 4 | 8 | |
| Definition of Tele health | discussion | | | |
| Advantage of Tele health | Presentation | | | |
| Equipment and technology | Demonstration | | | |
| needed for Tele health | | | | |
| Implications of Tele health for | | | | |
| nursing | | | | |
| Legal issues in practicing Tele- | | | | |
| health | | | | |
| Audio-visual conferencing | | | | |

Suggested Reading Materials:

- 1. Hebda, T., & Czar, P. (2019). Handbook of informatics for nurses & health care professionals Prentice Hall.
- 2. Randhir. P. (2022). Textbook of Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology for BSN Nursing Students. CBS Publishers & Distributors, India.
- 3. Sipes, C. (2019). Application of Nursing Informatics: Competencies, Skills, and Decision-Making. Springer Publishing Company.
- 4. Niranjan, S. (2017). Computers for Nurses. Jaypee, India.
- 5. Puri. B. (2022). Textbook of Computer in Nursing, Aitbs Publishers India.
- 6. Alexander, S. Frith, K. H., & Hoy, H. (2019). Applied clinical informatics for nurses. Jones & Bartlett Learning.

Behavioral Science and Nursing Humanities

Subject code: B113

Theory : 80 hours (5 Credits)

Laboratory: 0 hours

Practical: 48 hours (1 Credit)

Goal: The goal of the subject is to acquire knowledge and skill regarding behavioral science in caring patients/clients of different socio-cultural background and their psychology.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- understand the relationship between behavioral science and other sciences
- 2. identify the influence of socio-economic and political aspect on health.
- 3. describe the meaning of culture, cultural values, beliefs and practices, factors influence on health and illness in Bangladesh
- 4. analyze social movements and initiatives regarding emerging and reemerging health-related issues in Bangladesh
- 5. describe the concept and evolution of psychology.
- 6. narrate psychological theories.
- 7. describe the process of personality development.
- 8. explain briefly the concepts of motivation.
- 9. describe the basic concept of nursing humanities.
- 10. enumerate the different dimensions of public speaking

Subject Requirement:

Class attendance: 85%
 Practice attendance:100%

Teaching-Learning Activities:

- 1. Lecture
- 2. Discussion & presentation
- 3. Assignments
- 4. Role play
- 5. Field visit
- 6. Group discussion
- 7. Brain storming

Teaching Materials

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Flip chart
- 6. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching | т | 1 | Р |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Contents | learning activities | | 1 | |
| 1.The relationship between behavioral | Brain storming | 6 | | |
| science and other sciences | Lecture cum | | | |
| - Terminology | discussion | | | |
| Individualization, Groups, process | | | | |
| of socialization | | 1 | | |
| Scope and significance of sociology | | | | |
| Social change and its importance | | | | |
| Significance of behavioral science | | | | |
| in nursing | | | | |
| Relationship between social science | | | | |
| and othersciences | | | | |
| 2. The influence of socio-economic and | Lecture cum | 6 | | |
| political aspect on health. | discussion | | | |
| - Social unit | Group discussion | | | |
| - Social class | • Quiz | | | |
| Social status and economic status | | | | |
| Socio-economic and political factors | | | | |
| influence to health | | | | |
| Social laws and regulations | | | | |
| 3. Culture, cultural values, beliefs | Lecture cum | 8 | | |
| and practices, factors influence on | discussion | | | |
| health and illness in Bangladesh | Presentation | | | |
| Social structure and its relationship | Role play | | | |
| in the society | • Quiz | | | |
| Values and beliefs, customs, rituals | | | | |
| Characteristics and evolution of | | | | |
| culture | | | | |
| Diversity and uniformity of culture | | | | |
| Culture and socialization | | | | |
| Culture modernization and its | | | | |
| impact on health anddisease | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| 4. Family and marriage Characteristics, basic needs, types and functionsof family Roles and relationships of family members Perceptions of health and illness in familysituation Legislation on Bangladesh Influence of marriage and family on health and health practice, health beliefs and practices | Lecture cum discussion Presentation Role play Quiz |
|--|---|
| 5.Meaning and value of health Local practices for maintenance of health, treatmentof disease, and care of the sick Beliefs about food and nutrition | Lecture cum 2 discussion Presentation Field trip |
| 6.Impact of religious/spiritual beliefs on | Lecture cum 2 |
| health and health care 7.Folk and traditional healers | discussion Brain storming 2 |
| 7.Folk and traditional healers 7.1 Types of healers in Bangladesh - Ayurvedic - Homeopathic - Unani | Brain storming Lecture cum discussion Presentation |
| Religious 7.2 Examples of how traditional healers are used bypeople for health care | |
| 8.Social movements and initiatives regarding emerging and re-emerging health-related issues in Bangladesh | Lecture cumdiscussionAssignment |
| 9. Concept and evolution of psychology. Significance of psychology to the nursing profession Evolution of psychology (structuralism to neuropsychology) | Lecture cum discussion |
| 10. Psychological theories.Types of psychological theoriesImportance of psychological theories | Lecture cum discussion |
| 11.Motivation and emotional processesMotivation – meaning, concept,types, theories of motivation, | Lecture cumDiscussionPresentation |

| motivation cycle, biological and special motives - Emotions – Meaning of emotions, development of emotions, alteration of emotion, emotions in sickness— handling emotions in self and other - Stress and adaptation—stress, stressor, cycle, effect, adaptation and coping - Attitudes – Meaning of attitudes, nature, factor affecting attitude, attitudinal change, Role of attitude inhealth and sickness - Basics of psychometric assessment of emotions and attitude - Role of nursing caring for emotionally sick client | Quiz Brain storming 6 |
|--|----------------------------|
| development throughout the lifespan. - Infancy | Lecture cum discussion |
| - Toddler (Year 1-3) | Group discussion |
| - Preschool (Year 3-51/2) | Presentation |
| - (Middle childhood (Year 51/2- | • Quiz |
| 12) | |
| Adolescent | |
| Early adulthood | |
| Middle adulthood | |
| - Late adulthood). | |
| Role of nursing supporting normal | |
| growth and development across the life | |
| span 13.Psychological Theories | Brain storming 6 |
| Biological bases of behaviors | Lecture cum |
| Behavioral theories | discussion |
| Social-learning theories | Presentation |
| - Stress-coping theories | |

| 14.Personality | Brain storming | 6 |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| Meaning, definition of personality | Lecture cum | |
| Types of personality. (Introvert- | discussion | |
| Extrovert) | Group discussion | |
| Personality traits | Presentation | |
| Personality development. | Assignment | |
| Alteration in personality | • Quiz | |
| Role of nurse in identification of | | |
| individual personality and | | |
| improvement in altered personality | | |
| 15.Psychological assessment and | Lecture cum | 4 |
| tests- | discussion | |
| - Types, development, | Group discussion | |
| characteristics, principles, uses, | | |
| interpretation | | |
| Role of nurse in psychological | | |
| assessment | | |
| 16. Sexuality and sexual orientation | Lecture | 2 |
| | Discussion | |
| 17. Life crisis | Lecture | 2 |
| | Discussion | |
| 18. Art, music, creative expression and | Lecture cum | |
| literature in nursing | Discussion | |
| - Basic concept of nursing humanities | Role Play | |
| Developing empathy and | Show video | |
| communication | Group discussion | |
| - Stress management and well-being | and Presentation | 4 |
| Literature and cultural competence | Practice in | |
| for patient-centered care to diverse | clinical settings | |
| populations | | |
| Critical thinking and reflection | | |
| Emotional and cultural dimensions | | |
| for holistic nursing care | | |
| Therapeutic techniques by art, | | |
| music, creative expression | | |
| - Team collaboration | | |
| - Self-care of nurses | | |
| 19. Public speaking | Lecture cum | |
| Introduction to public speaking | Discussion | |
| (benefits, types and competencies) | Role Play | |
| Organizing and outlining of public | Show video | 4 |
| speaking | Group discussion | ' |
| Listening effectively (hearing versus) | Presentation | |
| Listorning chochivery (hearing versus | i resentation | |

| | listening, active listening, barriers to | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| | effective listening, strategies to | | |
| | enhance listening and providing | | |
| | feedback to speakers) | | |
| _ | Delivering speech (storytelling, | | |
| | vocal aspects, nonverbal aspects , | | |
| | audience analysis and speech | | |
| | delivery) | | |
| _ | Critical thinking and reasoning (role | | |
| | of arguments, common errors in | | |
| | reasoning, persuasive speaking, | | |
| | citing sources and avoiding | | |
| | plagiarism) | | |
| _ | Using language well (constructing | | |
| | clear and vivid messages, ethical | | |
| | and accurate language and | | |

Clinical Practice= 48 hours

avoiding language pitfalls)

- Interactions with natural and created environments that affects in health and disease.
- Health consequences of homeless people /slum, crime, religion, family relationships, gender identity, class divisions, cultures and social stability influence to health and disease.

- 1. Setia, N. (2019). Behavioural Science for Nurses Psychology and Sociology. Kumar Publishing House, India.
- 2. Sharma, V. (2013). Psychology for Nurses. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd. Kumar, R. (2018). Basic Psychology for Nurses. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd.
- 3. Sreevani, R. (2013). Psychology for Nurses. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd.
- 4. Indrani, T. K. (2017). Textbook of Sociology for Nurses. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd.
- 5. Purushothama, G.S. (2015). Sociology for Nursing & Health Sciences. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd.

Anatomy

Subject code: B124

Theory : 96 hours (6 Credits)
Laboratory : 48 hours (1.5 Credits)

Practical: 0 hours

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Goal: The aim of this subject is students will acquire knowledge regarding anatomical structure of human body systems.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. describe anatomical terms.
- 2. explain the general and microscopic structure of each system of the body.
- 3. identify relative positions of the major body organs as well as their general anatomical locations.
- 4. explore the effect of alterations in structure.
- 5. Perform knowledge of anatomic structures to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

Subject Requirements:

Class attendance: 85%
 Lab attendance: 85%

Teaching Learning Activities:

- 1. Lecture
- 2. Laboratory practice
- 3. Demonstration
- 4. Discussion
- 5. Self-study
- 6. Quiz

Teaching Materials

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Bones, viscera and human models
- 6. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | L | Р |
|---|---|----|---|---|
| 1.Introduction to anatomy - Definitions - Anatomical terminology - Anatomical structure of: - Cells - Tissues - Membranes and glands - Organs | Lecture VDO presentation of human body (if possible) Lab practice with human body and microscopic structure | 8 | 5 | |
| 2. Body movement: Structure, location & position of musculo skeletal system Bones Cartilage Joints and ligaments Muscles | Lecture and discussion Lab practice with musculoskeletal model | 8 | 6 | |
| 3. Structure, location & position of digestive system Tongue, teeth, saliva gland and pharynx Esophagus Stomach Small and large intestine Pancreas Liver and biliary system | Lecture and discussion Lab practice with GI model | 10 | 4 | |
| 4. Structure, location & position of Respiratory system - Nose, pharynx, larynx, - Trachea and bronchus - Lungs: lobe and pleura | Lecture and discussionLab practice with lung model | 10 | 6 | |
| Structure, location & position of Cardiovascular system Heart with pericardium Blood vessels | Lecture and discussionLab practice with heart modelQuiz | 10 | 6 | |
| 6.Structure, location & position of Urinary system | Lecture and discussion Lab practice with kidney model Quiz Topic | 8 | 6 | |

| 7.Structure, location & position of reproductive system Male reproductive system: Penis and scrotum Testes | Lecture and discussion Lab practice with male and female reproductive model | 10 | 4 | |
|---|--|----|---|--|
| Duct systemProstate gland | | | | |
| - Spermatogenesis | | | | |
| Hormonal control and sexual | | | | |
| development | | | | |
| Female reproductive system | | | | |
| - External genitalia | | | | |
| - Vagina | | | | |
| Cervix and uterus | | | | |
| Fallopian tubes and ovaries | | | | |
| Mammary glands | | | | |
| 8. Sensory organs | Lecture and | | | |
| - Skin | discussion | | • | |
| - Mouth and tongue | Demonstration | 6 | 2 | |
| - Nose | | | | |
| - Eyes - Ears | | | | |
| 9. Integumentary system | Lecture and | | | |
| - Skin layers | discussion | 4 | | |
| Epidermal appendages | Quiz | | | |
| 10. Structure, location & position of | Lecture and | | | |
| Endocrine system | discussion | | | |
| Pituitary gland | Lab practice with | | | |
| Thyroid gland | body model | | | |
| Parathyroid gland | Quiz Topic | 6 | 4 | |
| Adrenal gland | | | | |
| Islets of Langerhans | | | | |
| - Gonads | | | | |
| - Pineal gland | | | | |
| 11. Structure, location & position of | Lecture and | 10 | 5 | |
| Nervous system - Nerve tissues | discussion | | | |
| Central nervous system | Lab practice with brain model | | | |
| Peripheral nervous system | DIGITITIOGCI | | | |
| Autonomic nervous system | | | | |
| General sensory and motor | | | | |
| pathway. | | | | |
| | | | | |

| 12. Immune system | Lecture and | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Central lymphoid organs and | discussion | | |
| tissues: Bone marrows and | Lab practice with | 6 | |
| Thymus | microscope | | |
| Peripheral lymphoid organs and | | | |
| tissues: | | | |
| Lymph nodes, lymph, and | | | |
| lymphatic vessels | | | |

- 1. Peate, I., & Nair, M. (2015). Anatomy and physiology for nurses at a glance. WileyBlackwell.
- 2. Ashalatha, P. R., & Deepa, G. (2015). Textbook of Anatomy & Physiology forNurses. JP Medical Ltd.
- 3. Peate, I., & Nair, M. (2015). Anatomy and physiology for nurses at a glance. WileyBlackwell.
- 4. Chaurasia, B. D. (2019). *Human Anatomy*, V-1, 2, 3, 4, New Delhi, India: CBSPublisher.
- 5. Netter, F. H. (2022). Netter Atlas of Human Anatomy: A Systems Approach-Elsevier Health Sciences.

Physiology

Subject code: B125

Theory : 96 hours (6 Credits) Laboratory : 48 hours (1.5 Credits)

Practical: 0 hours

Goal: The aim of this subject is students will acquire knowledge regarding physiological functions of human body systems.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. develop understanding of the normal functioning of various organ systems of the body.
- 2. identify the relative contribution of each organ system towards maintenance of homeostasis.
- 3. describe the effect of alterations in functions.
- 4. apply knowledge of physiological basis to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

Subject Requirements:

Class attendance: 85%
 Lab attendance: 85%

Teaching Learning Activities:

- 1. Lecture
- 2. Laboratory practice
- 3. Demonstration
- 4. Discussion
- 5. Self-study
- 6. Quiz

Teaching Material

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Flip chart
- 6. Bones, viscera and models
- 7. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | L | Р |
|---|--|----|---|---|
| 1.Physiological function of human body | Lecture VDO presentation of human body Quiz Demonstration | 8 | 8 | |
| 2. Body movement: - Musculo skeletal system functions of: - Bones - Cartilage - Joints and ligaments - Muscles | Lecture and discussion | 6 | | |
| 3.Cardiovascular system composition, factors and functions of blood - Blood vessels - Heart and cardiac cycle Blood circulation - Fetal circulation - Haemoglobin- - Blood groups and Rh factors - Homeostasis - Lab Reading and interpreting of complete blood counts (CBC) | Lecture and discussion Quiz Lab practice with microscope | 10 | | |
| 4.Function of Respiratory System Nose, pharynx, larynx, Trachea and bronchus Lungs: lobe and pleura Inspiration and expiration Gas exchanges Roles of lung in controlling acid-baseBalance Lab Reading of arterial blood gas analysis | Lecture and discussion | 10 | 8 | |
| 5.Function of Digestive system Tongue, teeth, saliva gland and pharynx Esophagus Stomach Small and large intestine | Lecture and discussionLab practice with GI model | 10 | 8 | |

| Pancreas Liver and biliary system Mastication, digestion, absorption, and elimination Lab Reading of liver function test, gastric emptying time, stool examination | | | | |
|--|--|----|----|--|
| 6.Function of Urinary system Kidney Ureter Urinary bladder Urethra Urine formation Hormones and the urinary system Lab Reading of urine examination | Lecture and discussion Lab practice with kidney model | 8 | 8 | |
| 7.Functions of reproductive system - Hormonal functions and menstrual cycle - Fertilization and lactation | Lecture and discussion | 6 | | |
| 8. Function of Nervous system - Nerve tissues - Central nervous system (CNS) - Peripheral nervous system (PNS) - Autonomic nervous system (ANS) - General sensory and motor pathway | Lecture and discussionDemonstration | 8 | 6 | |
| 9. Function of Endocrine system - Pituitary gland - Thyroid gland - Parathyroid gland - Adrenal gland - Islets of Langerhans - Gonads - Pineal gland - Lab function of endocrine system Interpreting Thyroid function test | Lecture and discussion Lab practice with body model, video | 10 | 10 | |

| 10.Functions of Sensory organs - Skin - Mouth and tongue - Nose - Eyes - Ears | Lecture and discussionDemonstration | 8 | 8 | |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| 11. Regulating of body temperature | Lecture and | 4 | | |
| 10.1 | discussion | 4 | | |
| 12.Immune system | Lecture and | | | |
| Central lymphoid organs and | discussion | | | |
| tissues: | • Quiz | | | |
| Bone marrows and Thymus | | 8 | | |
| Peripheral lymphoid organs and | | | | |
| tissues: | | | | |
| Lymph nodes, lymph, and | | | | |
| lymphaticvessels | | | | |
| General host defenses | | | | |
| Specific host defenses | | | | |
| Immunoglobulins, types, functions | | | | |

- 1. Peate, I., & Nair, M. (2015). *Anatomy and physiology for nurses at a glance*. WileyBlackwell.
- 2. Ashalatha, P. R., & Deepa, G. (2015). Textbook of Anatomy & Physiology for Nurses.JP Medical Ltd.
- 3. Hall, J. E., & Hall, M. E. (2021). Guyton and Hall textbook of medical physiology. Elsevier Health Sciences.
- 4. Ghai, C. L. (2012). A textbook of practical physiology. JP Medical Ltd.

Microbiology and Pathology

Subject code: B126

Theory : 80 hours (5 Credits) Laboratory : 24 hours (.75 Credits)

Practical: 0 hours

Goal: The goal of this subject is to acquire knowledge and skill regarding microbiology and pathology to prevent and control microorganisms.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. describe the basic concept of microbiology & pathology.
- 2. explain nature, reproduction, growth and transmission of common micro organisms and parasites in Bangladesh.
- 3. explain how microorganisms cause human diseases.
- 4. explain body immune mechanisms.
- 5. outline and explain strategies used to prevent and control microorganisms.
- 6. explain hospital-acquired infection (nosocomial infection) and infectious diseases.
- 7. describe immunization.
- 8. explain the use of microscope and steps to prepare and collect specimens for microscopic examination.

Subject Requirements:

Class attendance: 85%
 Lab attendance: 85%

Teaching Learning Activities:

- 1. Lecture
- 2. Laboratory practice
- 3. Demonstration
- 4. Discussion
- 5. Self-study
- 6. Quiz

Teaching Materials:

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Charts
- 6. Related equipment/instruments etc.
- 7. Hot air oven, autoclave machine,

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | L | Р |
|--|---|----|---|---|
| 1. Introduction to microbiology and pathology - Scope of microbiology and pathology - History of microbiology today: - Chemotherapy - Immunology - Virology - Genetic engineering and genomics - Microbes and human diseases - Normal microbiota (flora) - Infectious diseases - Emerging infectious diseases (HIV/AIDS, covid -19, Ebola hemorrhagic fever, Anthrax, Nipa virus, etc.) | Lecture and discussion | 6 | | |
| 2.Nature, reproduction, growth, and transmission of common micro organisms and parasites in Bangladesh Bacteria: -Cocci -Diplococci (Pneumonia, Gonorrhea) Streptococci (Throat infection, Rheumatic fever) Staphylococci (Wound and skin infection) Bacilli - Gram positive (Tetanus, Botulism, Anthrax) - Gram negative (E. coli, Shigella and Salmonella gastrointestinal infection - Acid fast (Tuberculosis, Leprosy -Spiral form - Vibrio (Cholera) - Spirochetes (Syphilis, Hemorrhagic jaundice) - Helicobacter pylori (Peptic ulcer) | Lecture and discussion Group Work and presentation Lab Practice | 10 | 6 | |
| 3.Viruses -Pneumotropic (viral pneumonia, influenza) | Lecture and discussionGroup Work and | 8 | | |

| -Neorotropic (viral encephalitis, Polio, Rabies) -Viscerotropic (infectious hepatitis, Dengue fever, chikungunya, yellow fever) -Dermatropic (Measles, Chicken Pox, | presentation | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| Warts) -HIV and AIDS -Covid-19 | | | |
| 4.Fungi -Dermatophyte: Tineas or ring worms -Candida: Candidiasis (Thrush) -Cryptococcus, CryptococosisMycosis | Lecture and discussionGroup Work and presentation | 6 | |
| 5.Parasites: Protozoa and Helminths | Lecture and discussion Group Work and presentation | 6 | |
| 6.Microorganisms and human diseases: Capabilities of a pathogen -Maintaining reservoirs: Human/animal -Getting and entering the host -Adhering to a body surface - Invading the body - Evading the body's defense - Multiplying in the host -Leaving the body | Lecture and discussion Group Work and presentation | 6 | |
| 7.Immune system -Adoptive immunity -Immunological disorders - Hypersensitivity - Immunosuppression | Lecture and discussionGroup Work and presentation | 4 | |

| O Duescontian and controlling of | | | 1 | |
|--|------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 8.Prevention and controlling of | Lecture and | 0 | | |
| microorganisms | discussion | 2 | | |
| - Universal precautions | Lab Practice | | | |
| 9.Hospital-Acquired Infection | Lecture and | | | |
| (Nosocomial infection) | discussion | | | |
| -Microorganisms in the hospitals | Group Work and | 4 | | |
| -Compromised host | presentation | | | |
| -Chain of transmission | | | | |
| -Common nosocomial infection | | | | |
| -Urinary tract infections | | | | |
| -Surgical site infections | | | | |
| -Lower respiratory infections | | | | |
| -Bacteremia | | | | |
| -Control of nosocomial infection | | | | |
| 10.Controlling of microbial growth | Lecture and | 6 | 8 | |
| Actions of microbial control agents | discussion | | | |
| -Alterations of membrane | Group Work and | | | |
| permeability | presentation and | | | |
| -Damage to proteins and nucleic | Lab practice | | | |
| acids | | | | |
| Physical methods | | | | |
| - Heat: autoclave, moist, | | | | |
| pasteurization, flaming | | | | |
| - Filtration | | | | |
| - Osmotic pressure | | | | |
| - Radiation | | | | |
| Chemical methods | | | | |
| -Effective disinfection | | | | |
| -Disinfectant | | | | |
| 11. Immunization | Lecture and | | | |
| -Active immunization | discussion | 4 | | |
| -Passive immunization | Group Work and | | | |
| | presentation | | | |
| 12. Identification of microorganisms | Lecture and | | | |
| Microscopy | discussion | | | |
| - Light microscopy | Group Work and | | | |
| Methods for light microscopic | presentation | | | |
| examination | Lab practice | 8 | 4 | |
| -Preparing smears for staining | | | | |
| -Simple stains | | | | |
| -Differential stains (gram stain, acid- | | | | |
| fast stain) | | | | |
| Cultures of microorganisms | | | | |

| | | 1 | | 1 | l | I |
|----|--|----------|----------------|----|---|---|
| | - Basic principles | | | | | |
| | - Media | | | | | |
| | - Culture techniques | | | | | |
| • | Microbiological Examination of | | | | | |
| | human specimens | | | | | |
| | -Swabs (nose, throat, cervix, ulcers, | | | | | |
| | and wounds) | | | | | |
| | -Sputum | | | | | |
| | -Stool | | | | | |
| | -Urine | | | | | |
| 13 | .Pathology | • | Lecture and | | | |
| | General Pathology | | discussion | 10 | 6 | |
| _ | Introduction to Pathology | • | Group Work and | | | |
| - | Importance of study Pathology for | • | presentation | | | |
| | nurses. | • | Lab practice | 1 | | |
| - | Cellular injury: Causes, types | 4 | | | | |
| - | Pathogenesis, Immuno-pathogenesis | | | | | |
| _ | Filtration & Regeneration | | | | | |
| _ | Cellular Adaptation, Hyperplasia, | \ | | | | |
| | Hypertrophy, Atrophy Metaplasia | | | | | |
| _ | Oedema. ischemia, infarction, | | | | | |
| | thrombosis and embolism | | | | | |
| _ | Neoplasia, benign and malignant | | | | | |
| | neoplasm, Factors causing | | | | | |
| | neoplasm. | | | | | |
| _ | Nurse's role in assisting & preparing | | | | | |
| | the patient for different diagnostic | | | | | |
| | tests (Liver Function Test, Renal | | | | | |
| | Function Test, OGTT, Lipid Profile, | | | | | |
| | Pancreatic Function, Electrolyte, | | | | | |
| | Histological, Cytological, fluid & | | | | | |
| | electrolyte balance) & understanding | | | | | |
| | tests results. | | | | | |
| | Clinical Pathology | | | | | |
| _ | Pathological examination: Urine, | | | | | |
| | Stool, Body fluid. | | | | | |
| _ | Blood Test: CBC, ESR, bleeding | | | | | |
| | time, Clotting time, Prothrombin time, | | | | | |
| | Blood Sugar Malaria parasite | | | | | |
| _ | Blood grouping & Cross matching | | | | | |
| _ | Pregnancy test. | | | | | |
| | . rogilarioy toot. | <u> </u> | | 1 | | |

- 1. Anthikad, J., & Sumanaswini, P. (2013). *Medical Microbiology for Nurses*. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers
- 2. Kumar, S. (2015). *Textbook of Microbiology for BSN Nursing*. Jaypee BrothersMedical Publishers Pvt. Limited.
- 3. Parvathi, V. D., Sumitha, R., & Smitha, S. (2014). *Microbiology for Nurses*. PearsonEducation
- 4. Paniker, C. J., (2018). *Paniker's Textbook of Medical Parasitology*. Jaypee BrothersMedical Publishers.
- 5. Sastry, A. S. (2018). *Essentials of medical parasitology*. Jaypee Brothers Med. PublLtd.



Fundamentals of Nursing-I

Subject code: B137

Theory: 184 hours (11.5 Credits)
Laboratory: 132 hours (4.13 Credits)
Practical: 336 hours (7 Credits)

Goal: The aim of this subject is to acquire knowledge & skills regarding conceptual bases of nursing, communication in nursing, first aid & bandaging, nursing procedures that will enable the learners to deal with clients effectively & efficiently.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. describe the history of nursing.
- 2. explain concept about fundamentals of nursing.
- 3. describe the basic concepts relevant to the nursing profession.
- 4. describe nurses' roles and competencies required in promoting, maintaining, and restoring health.
- 5. apply theories and models of nursing.
- 6. explain nursing care delivery within health care system.
- 7. explain the cultural & ethical aspects of nursing.
- 8. explain concept & importance of communication in nursing.
- 9. describe the key elements in building interpersonal and therapeutic relationship.
- 10. identify and describe the ways of strategies to overcome the barriers in communication.
- 11. describe and apply first aid & bandaging.
- 12. demonstrate task-oriented nursing care.

Subject Requirement:

1. Class attendance: 85%

2. Lab attendance: 85%

3. Practice attendance: 100%

Teaching Learning Activities:

- 1. Brain storming
- 2. Lecture and discussion
- 3. Demonstration
- 4. Personal and group reflection
- 5. Student placement in clinical settings; for observation, personal interview with nurses, doctors, patients, and visitors
- 6. Assignment and presentation
- 7. Self-study
- 8. Problem-Based Learning
- 9. Role play

Teaching Materials:

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Flip chart
- 6. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | L | P |
|--|-------------------------------------|----|---|---|
| 1.Introduction to conceptual bases of | Discussion | | | |
| nursing | Poster | | | |
| 1.1.Historical development in nursing | presentation | 10 | | |
| 2. Basic concepts relevant to Nursing | | | | |
| 2.1 Person, environment, health, and | Lecture & | 30 | | |
| nursing Person | Discussion | | | |
| - Basic human needs | | | | |
| - Human rights | Self-reflection | | | |
| 2. 2 Environment | | | | |
| Types & factors | | | | |
| 2.3 Health | | | | |
| Health-illness continuum | | | | |
| 2.4 Nursing | | | | |
| Nursing actions | | | | |
| Nursing standard | | | | |

| 2.5 Quality of Nursing | | | |
|---|------------------|----|--|
| Indicators of quality of nursing care | | | |
| 2.6.Relationship among person, | | | |
| environment, health and nursing | | | |
| 2.7.Client-centered care | | | |
| Attributes of client-centered care | | | |
| Ways to develop client-centered | | | |
| care | | | |
| 2.8 Holistic nursing care | | | |
| Attributes of holistic nursing | | | |
| Ways to develop holistic care | | | |
| 2.9 Nursing self-management and | | | |
| accountability | | | |
| Nurses' roles and competencies | Group discussion | | |
| required in promoting, maintaining, | & Lecture | 6 | |
| restoring health | a Looluic | | |
| 4.Theories and Models of Nursing | Lecture & | | |
| - Environmental | discussion | 14 | |
| (Florence Nightingale) | | | |
| - Nursing Need theory | | | |
| (Virginia Handerson) | | | |
| Activities of daily living | | | |
| (Roper Logan and Tierney) | | | |
| Self-Care Deficit Theory | | | |
| (Dorothea Orem) | | | |
| Trans–cultural Nursing Theory | | | |
| (Madeleine Leininger) | | | |
| 5.Nursing care delivery within health | Lecture & | | |
| care system | discussion | | |
| - Primary level | | | |
| - Secondary level | Lecture & | 12 | |
| - Tertiary level | discussion | | |
| 5.1 Mode of nursing care delivery | | | |
| -Functional method | | | |
| -Team nursing | | | |
| -Total patient care | | | |
| -Primary care nursing | | | |
| -Case method | | | |
| 5.2 Type of care facilities within health | | | |
| care delivery system | | | |
| -Acute care | | | |
| -Sub-acute care | | | |
| -Chronic care | | | |

| -Rehabilitation care | | | |
|---|--|----|--|
| -Ambulatory care (outpatient care) | | | |
| -Home care | | | |
| 6. Cultural and Ethical aspect of Nursing | Lecture cum discussion and | | |
| Culture and Ethics Importance of cultural ethics of Nursing Relationship between Culture and Nursing Ethics | Brain storming | 10 | |
| Advantages and disadvantages of a culturist Nursing ethics | | | |
| 7.Introduction to communication in nursing - Types of communication - Purposes of communication - Functions of communication | Lecture & Discussion - Role play Videos presentation | 16 | |
| Importance of communication in Nursing7.1 Assertive and responsible | presentation | | |
| communication | | | |
| 7.2 Interpersonal and therapeutic communication in nursing (nurse to | | | |
| nurse, doctors, patients, patients family | | | |
| members, and related personnel) | | | |
| 7.3 Qualities of a nurse communicator | | | |
| - Advocacy | | | |
| Conflict resolution | | | |
| Collaborating | | | |
| Delegation & supervision of non- trained staff | | | |
| Removing of barriers & peer negotiation | | | |
| Developing a support system | | | |
| 7.4 Bridges to relationship | | | |
| - Caring | | | |
| - Trust | | | |
| - Empathy | | | |
| - Mutuality | | | |
| - Confidentiality | 1 4. 0 | | |
| 8.Key elements in building | Lecture & | | |
| interpersonal and therapeutic | discussion | | |
| relationships | Self-practice of | | |

| - Warmth | 1 | communication | | | |
|--|----|-------------------|----|----|--|
| - Respect | | skills | 16 | | |
| - Genuineness | ١. | Role play | 10 | | |
| | | Note play | | | |
| EmpathySelf-disclosure | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| - Questioning | | | | | |
| - Expressing opinions | + | Discussion | | | |
| 9.Actions basis to nursing care | • | Discussion | 24 | 00 | |
| Sterile technique and infection | • | Video play | 34 | 90 | |
| control: | • | Demonstration | | | |
| - hand washing, | • | Hands on practice | | | |
| - sterile gloves wearing, | • | Self -evaluation | | | |
| personal protective techniques | | | | | |
| - Safety: Applying restraints | | | | | |
| 9.1Personal hygiene and comfort | | | | | |
| Providing oral care | | | | | |
| Giving a bed bath | | | | | |
| Proving genital care | | | | | |
| Giving a back care | | | | | |
| Bedsore (meaning, areas, | | | | | |
| causes, sign and symptoms | | | | | |
| and prevention) | | | | | |
| Head shampooing | | | | | |
| Bed Making Purposes and | | | | | |
| types | | | | | |
| occupied bed | | | | | |
| unoccupied bed | | | | | |
| special bed | | | | | |
| 9.2 Activity and exercise - Bed | | | | | |
| positioning | | | | | |
| Patient transfers | | | | | |
| - Assisting with passive range of motion | | | | | |
| and exercises | | | | | |
| 9.3 Vital Sign | | | | | |
| Body Temperature. | | | | | |
| Pulse Rate. | | | | | |
| Respiration Rate. | | | | | |
| Blood Pressure. | | | | | |
| - Blood Oxygen. | | | | | |
| - Weight. | | | | | |
| Veight. Blood Glucose Level. | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| - Pain assessment | | | | | |
| Intake and output | | | | | |

| 10.First aid | | | | |
|---|--------------------|----|----|--|
| Responsibilities of a first aider | Lecture and | 36 | 42 | |
| - General principles | discussion | | | |
| Life threatening conditions | Video play | | | |
| Respiratory distress/arrest | Role play | | | |
| - Cardiac Arrest | Role play | | | |
| - CPR | Demonstration | | | |
| - Shock | Hands on practice\ | | | |
| - Unconsciousness | • | | | |
| 10.1 Hemorrhage – | | | | |
| - Epistaxis | | | | |
| - Hemoptysis | | | | |
| - Hematemesis | | | | |
| - Hematuria | | 1 | | |
| - Melena | | | | |
| 10.2 Animals and insects bite | | | | |
| -(Snake bite, Dog bite & insects | | | | |
| bite) | | | | |
| Poisoning | | | | |
| - Burn & scalds | | | | |
| - Drowning | | | | |
| - Fall injury | | | | |
| Cut injury | | | | |
| 10.6.Bone sprain, fracture and | | | | |
| dislocation | | | | |
| 10.7.Bandaging | | | | |
| Purposes of bandage | | | | |
| Types of bandaging | | | | |
| Rules of bandaging | | | | |
| Principles of bandaging | | | | |

*Clinical practice (336 Hours): clinical practice will be distributed by subject teachers according to importance of the topic in the relevant areas:

- 1. Clinical orientation
- 2. Ward round
- 3. Case assignment
- 4. Establishing nurse-client relationship

Daily activities:

- Building interpersonal communication with patient, patient family and Health care team
- Providing bedside care for an individual client emphasizing on basic nursing procedures

Specific activities:

- Special task assignment for an individual student to help meet the subject requirements.
- Selective clinical teachings based on students' interest and needs for skills.
- •Group reflection and subject evaluation.
- Students submit a paper at the end of the class.
- For reflection, the students submit reflective notes at the end of each work.

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- 2. Audrey, B., Geralyn, F., & Shirlee, S. (2016). Kozier & Erb's fundamentals of nursing: concepts, practice, and process. Pearson.
- 3. Taylor, C., Lynn, P., Bartlett, J. L. (2010). Fundamentals of Nursing: The Art and Science of Person-Centered Care, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- 4. Weber, & Janet, R. (2015). Health assessment in nursing, Wolters Kluwer Health.
- Wilkinson, J. M., Treas, L. S., Barnett, & K., Smith, M. (2015).
 Fundamentals ofNursing, F.A. Davis Company. Taylor, C.R., Lillis, C.,
 LeMone, P., Lynn, P., &LeBon, M. (2010). Skill Checklists for
 Fundamentals of Nursing: The Art and Science of Nursing Care.
 Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

Second year

Fundamentals of Nursing-II

Subject code: B231

Theory : 96 hours (6 Credits)
Laboratory : 36 hours (1.13 Credits)
Practical : 192 hours (4 Credits)

Goal: The goal of this subject is to acquire knowledge and develop skills regarding Fundamentals of Nursing in providing comfort and basic nursing care to the clients.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. explain the ways to accomplish ideal characteristics and roles of a competent nurse.
- 2. explain the national and international nursing organizations and its functions.
- 3. demonstrate fundamentals skills by using nursing process.
- demonstrate the process of identifying individual's needs/expectations/responses to actual or potential health problems in the context of family and community across the life span based on assessed data.
- 5. explain the fundamentals of health assessment and perform health assessment in clinical settings.
- 6. explain the nursing records & its significance.
- 7. interpret findings of specimen testing applying the knowledge of normal values.
- 8. describe principles of care, basic needs for nutrition, hydration and elimination, wound care, administering oxygen, medication, intravenous fluid and blood products, admission and discharge, dying & death care.

Subject Requirements:

Class attendance: 85%
 Lab attendance: 85%

3. Practice attendance: 100%

Teaching Learning activities:

- 1. Brain storming
- 2. Lecture and discussion
- 3. Demonstration
- 4. Group work and presentation
- 5. Video play

- 6. Simulation exercise
- 7. Field trip
- 8. Self-study
- 9. Peer group assessment.
- 10. Problem-Based Learning

Teaching Materials

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Charts
- 6. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning | Т | L | Р |
|--|--|---------------|---|---|
| 1. Ways to accomplish ideal characteristics & roles of a competent nurse 2. National and international nursing organizations and its functions; 2.1.National nursing organizations -Role and function of Directorate General of Nursing & Midwifery -Bangladesh Nursing & Midwifery Council -Bangladesh Nurses Association -Bangladesh Midwifery Association -Bangladesh Leadership Nursing Network 2.2 International nursing organizations: role and function -International Council for Nurses | Teaching learning activities Lecture & discussion Brain storming Lecture & discussion Brain storming Group discussion | T 4 16 | L | P |
| (ICN) -World Health Organization (WHO) -United Nations Children Emergency Fund (UNICEF) -United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA). Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA)/Global affairs Canada (GAC) Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) | | | | |

| 3.Introduction to nursing process | • Lecture & 4 |
|--|-------------------|
| - Significance of the nursing | discussion |
| process, | Group discussion |
| - Steps of nursing process | & presentation |
| - Benefits & characteristics of | |
| nursing process | |
| 4. Health assessment in clinical settings. | • Lecture & 12 6 |
| - Significance | discussion |
| Sources of assessment data | Role play |
| - Assessment strategies | Demonstration of |
| - Legal and ethical considerations | history taking |
| of datacollection | |
| 4.1 History taking | |
| - Importance of history taking | |
| - Nurses' roles of history taking | |
| - Framework of history taking | |
| 4.2 Physical assessment | Lecture & |
| - Basic assessment skills | discussion 10 6 |
| - Inspection/observation | Role play |
| - Palpation | Demonstration |
| - Percussion | Clinical teaching |
| - Auscultation | |
| - Preparation for conducting the | |
| physical assessment | |
| - Head to toe physical assessment | |
| 4.3 Diagnostic tests and investigations | |
| 5.Identifying client's | Lecture & 6 |
| needs/expectations/responses to actual | discussion |
| or potential health problems | |
| - Interpreting/analyzing collected data | |
| - Formulating statements relative to | |
| thefindings (collected data) | |
| - Principles of prioritizing client's | |
| needs/expectations/responses | |
| Planning, intervening, and evaluating | |
| client's needs/expectations/ responses | |
| 6.Nursing records/ documentation | • Lecture & 4 |
| - Significance | discussion |
| - Types of nursing records: | |
| - Data collection form (patient | |
| history) | |
| - Kardex | |
| - Nurse's notes | |
| | |

| - Legal issues pertaining to nursing | | |
|--|-----------------------------|--|
| records | | |
| 7.Specimen testing applying the | Assign the | |
| knowledge of normal values; | students write a 2 | |
| | common | |
| | investigation | |
| | normal value | |
| 8.Performing health assessment, use of | Clinical practice 6 | |
| nursing process, and recording nursing | | |
| documentation within the Bangladesh | | |
| context (After clinical practice) | | |
| - Actual situation | | |
| - Factors contributing to the current | | |
| practice | | |
| - Guidelines for improvement | | |
| 9.1Actions basis to nursing care | Lecture & | |
| Oxygenation and nebulization | discussion Show | |
| - Administering oxygen and | the picture & Video 6 4 | |
| nebulization by mask and Nasal | play about Oxygen | |
| cannula Suctioning | therapy | |
| - Tracheostomy care | Demonstration | |
| 9.2 Nutrition/hydration: | Lecture & | |
| - Oral feeding | discussionShow | |
| - Inserting a nasogastric tube | the picture & Video 4 4 | |
| - Administering tube feeding | play about artificial | |
| | feeding | |
| | Demonstration | |
| 9.3 Wound care | Lecture & | |
| - Wet dressing | discussion | |
| - Dry dressing | • Demonstration how 4 2 | |
| | to make dressing | |
| | with sterile | |
| | technique | |
| 9.4. Urinary elimination | Lecture & | |
| - Applying condom catheter | discussion | |
| - Catheterizing the urinary bladder | • Show the picture & 4 4 | |
| (straight & indwelling) | Video play about | |
| - Irrigating the catheter using | urinary elimination | |
| closed system | Demonstration | |
| - Bladder irrigation | Bonnonadion | |
| 9.5. Bowel elimination | Lecture & | |
| - Administering cleansing enema | discussion 3 2 | |
| | | |
| Changing or emptying an ostomy | Demonstration | |

| - Appliance | how practice | |
|---|--|--|
| 9.6.Routes of drug administration - Administering medications - Administering of intramuscular, intravenous, intra-dermal and subcutaneous injection. | enema simplex Lecture & discussion Demonstration 5 4 | |
| Intravenous infusion and blood transfusion. | | |
| 9.7. Specimen collection. | Lecture & | |
| - Stool collection | discussion 3 2 | |
| - Urine collection | Demonstration | |
| - Blood collection | | |
| - Sputum and CSF | | |
| 9.8. Hospital admission, discharge, dying | Lecture, discussion 3 2 | |
| & deathcare. | & role-play | |
| - Admission | Demonstration | |
| - Discharge | | |
| - Dying & death | | |

Clinical Practice 192 hours will be distributed by subject teachers according to importance of the topic in the relevant areas.

Clinical practice topics:

Specimen collection
Death and dying care

Oxygenation, nebulization and suctioning Nutrition/Hydration
Wound care
Urinary elimination
Bowel elimination
Medication

| Self-practice on history taking & head to toe | | |
|---|--|--|
| physical examination | | |
| Clinical orientation | | |
| 2. Ward round | | |
| 3. Case assignment | | |
| Establishing nurse-client relationship | | |
| 5. Health assessment | | |

Daily activities:

- Data collection and health assessment–History taking, physical assessment (Head to toe)
- 2. Pre-conference
- Providing bed side care for an individual client emphasizing onbasic nursing procedures according to nursing process
- 4. Individual reflection
- 5. Post-conference/group reflection special activities:
- 6. Special task assignment for an individual student to help meet the subject requirements
- Selective clinical teachings based on students' interest and needsfor skills
- 8. Group reflection and subject evaluation

- 1. Potter, P. A., Perry, A. G., Stockert, P., & Hall, A. (2016). Fundamentals of Nursing. Mosby.
- 2. Audrey, B., Geralyn, F., & Shirlee., S. (2016). *Kozier &Erb's fundamentals of nursing: concepts, practice, and process.* Pearson.
- 3. Taylor, C., Lynn, P., Bartlett, J. L. (2010). *Fundamentals of Nursing:* The Art and Science of Person-Centered Care, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- 4. Weber, & Janet, R. (2015). *Health assessment in nursing,* Wolters Kluwer Health.
- 5. Wilkinson, J. M., Treas, L. S., Barnett, & K., Smith, M. (2015). *Fundamentals of Nursing*, F.A. Davis Company.
- 6. Taylor, C.R., Lillis, C., LeMone, P., Lynn, P., &LeBon, M. (2010). Skill Checklists for Fundamentals of Nursing: The Art and Science of Nursing Care. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.

Pediatric Nursing

Subject code: B232

Theory : 64 hours (4 Credits)
Laboratory : 12 hours (.37 Credits)
Practical : 192 hours (4 Credits)

Goal: The aim of this subject is to equip knowledge and skills in providing care to pediatric clients with acute and chronic illness and be able to provide holistic care in prevention, promotion and maintenance of health of children in the context of family and community.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. explain the concepts of pediatric nursing.
- 2. explain the common health problems of children in Bangladesh.
- 3. describe the concepts & domains of early childhood development.
- 4. explain the concept of pediatric health promotion and prevention.
- 5. describe the principles of sick children care with acute and chronic illness.
- 6. enumerate etiology, diagnosis, & clinical features of pediatric patients in acute and chronic disease conditions.
- 7. explain pathophysiology and management of pediatric patients in acute and chronic disease conditions.
- 8. demonstrate knowledge & skills on physical, psychosocial, developmental, nutritional & family assessment of sick children
- 9. understand & demonstrate the ability to conduct play course for sick children
- 10. explain pathophysiology, and management of pediatric patients in acute and chronic disease conditions
- 11. demonstrate knowledge & skills on physical, psychosocial, developmental, nutritional & family assessment of sick children
- 12. understand & demonstrate the ability to conduct play course for sick children
- 13. demonstrate knowledge & skills on special care of new born with congenital anomalies and high-risk baby.

Subject Requirements:

Class attendance: 85%
 Lab attendance: 85%

3. Practice attendance:100%

Teaching Learning Activities:

- 1. Lecture
- 2. Laboratory practice
- 3. Demonstration
- 4. Discussion
- 5. Self-study
- 6. Proble- Based Learning

Teaching Materials

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Flip chart
- 6. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | L | Р |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| 1.Concept of Pediatric Nursing Common health problems in Bangladesh Prevalence of acute and chronic health problems in Bangladesh Roles & responsibilities of a pediatric nurse | LectureDiscussionGroup workRole play | 3 | | |
| 2.Basic concepts of early childhood development Early childhood development Importance of early childhood development Domains of development Factors influence on development | LectureDiscussionGroup workCase study | 3 | | |
| 3.Nursing care of newborn with abnormal conditionat Birth: Hyper-bilirubinemia Hemolytic disease of the newborn Blood incompatibility Neonatal seizure/Convulsion Neonatal sepsis Complication of Prematurity and Low Birthweight baby Birth asphyxia | LectureDiscussionGroup workCase studyDemonstrationSimulation | 6 | 4 | |

| - Birth trauma | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | |
| - Cerebral Palsy | | | |
| - Necrotizing enterocolitis (NEC) | | 10 | |
| 4.Nursing care of newborn with congenital | • Lecture | 10 | |
| anomalies | Discussion | | |
| - Congenital heart disease | Group work | | |
| - Chromosomal abnormalities | Case study | | |
| including Down'sSyndrome | Demonstration | | |
| - Hirschsprung's Disease | Simulation | | |
| - Meckel's diverticulum | | | |
| - Hydrocephalus | | | |
| - Encephalitis | | | |
| - Conjoined twin | | | |
| - Cleft lip | | | |
| - Cleft palate | | | |
| - T.E Fistula | | | |
| - Esophageal atresia | | | |
| - Gastroschisis | | | |
| - Omphalocele | | | |
| - Meningocele | | | |
| - Imperforated anus | | | |
| - Club foot | | | |
| - Spina bifida | | | |
| - Ankyloglossia | | | |
| 5.Growth and development | Lecture | | |
| - Developmental milestones | Discussion | 2 | |
| - Growth chart | Role play | | |
| - Benefits of play course in child | Demonstration | | |
| development | | | |
| 6.Child health promotion and disease | Lecture | | |
| prevention | Discussion | | |
| - Nutrition | Role play | 3 | |
| - Sleep and activity | Demonstration | | |
| - Dental health | | | |
| - Injury prevention | | | |
| - Pain management in Children | | | |
| 7.Principles of care of sick children | Lecture | | |
| - Impact of illness on the child and | Discussion | | |
| family | Brain storming | | |
| - Family-centered care of the child | Group work | 4 | |
| - Concept of family-centered care | 2.22 | | |
| - Key elements of family-centered | | | |
| care | | | |
| ouro | | | |

| Ctratagy for family contared care | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| - Strategy for family-centered care | | | | |
| - Benefits of family-centered care | | | | |
| 8.Health assessment of the child & family | • Lecture | | | |
| - A pediatric health history | • Discussion | _ | | |
| - Physical examination | Brain storming | 4 | 4 | |
| - Developmental assessment | Group work | | | |
| - Nutritional assessment | Demonstration | | | |
| - Family assessment | | | | |
| Cardiovascular disorders | Lecture | | | |
| - Acquired heart disease: | Discussion | 5 | 2 | |
| - Rheumatic fever | Case study | | | |
| - Valvular heart disease | Demonstration | | | |
| - Carditis | Simulation | | | |
| - Congestive heart failure | | | | |
| 10.Hematologic and lymphatic disorders | • Lecture | | | |
| - Hemophilia | Discussion | 4 | 2 | |
| - Purpura | Case study | | | |
| - Thalassemia | Demonstration | | | |
| - Lymphoma | Simulation | | | |
| 11.Endocrine disorders | Lecture | 2 | | |
| - Juvenile hypothyroidism | Discussion | | | |
| - Juvenile Diabetes Mellitus | Case study | | | |
| Caveline Diagetee intellinae | Demonstration | | | |
| | Simulation | | | |
| 12.Autism: | Lecture | 2 | | |
| - Definition | Discussion | _ | | |
| - Etiology | Case study | | | |
| - Risk factors | Demonstration | | | |
| - Clinical manifestation | Simulation | | | |
| | Simulation | | | |
| - Investigation -Management | | 2 | | |
| 13.Nursing care of children with | Lecture | 2 | | |
| malnutrition | Discussion | | | |
| - Assessment of physical signs of | Case study | | | |
| malnutrition. | Role play | | | |
| - Assessment of body max index | | | | |
| (BMI) | | | | |
| - Interpreting laboratory results. | | | | |
| - Assessment of the patient's | | | | |
| nutritionalhistory. | | | | |
| Treating underlying conditions. | | | | |
| - Administration of parenteral | | | | |
| nutrition. | | | | |
| - Determination of the availability of | | | | |

| food. | |
|---|------------------|
| - Consultation on a dietician. | |
| 14.Nursing care of children with acute and | d • Lecture |
| chronicinfection: | Discussion 6 |
| - Naso pharyngitis, pharyngitis, | Case study |
| tonsillitis | Role play |
| - Croup | Simulation |
| - Pneumonia | |
| Neonatal conjunctivitis | |
| - Otitis media | |
| - Measles | |
| - Tetanus | |
| - Dengue fever | |
| - Diarrhea | |
| - Malaria | |
| Case scenario of a child with | |
| chronic infection | |
| 15.Nursing care of the children with | Lecture |
| neurologicaldisorders | Discussion |
| - Febrile convulsion | Group work |
| - Meningitis | Case study 4 |
| - Encephalitis | Role play |
| - Seizure and Epilepsy | |
| 16.Nursing care of the high-risk newborn | Lecture |
| - Disinfecting hands | Discussion |
| Keeping toys clear and avoiding | Brain storming 2 |
| crowdedplaces | Group work |
| Preventing infection through | |
| vaccination | |
| - Breast feeding | |
| 17.IMCI including SCANU | Lecture |
| - 0 to 2 months protocol | Discussion |
| - 2 months to 5 years protocol | Group work 2 |
| | Case study |
| | Role play |
| | Simulation |

*Clinical practice 192 hours

| Time | Topic | Teaching-Learning Activities | Notes |
|-------|---|---|---|
| Day-1 | Subject orientation Ward orientation | , | Teacher Ward in- charge/Nurse supervisor |
| - | Clinical practice to meet the objectives of the subject - Clinical teaching; Drug calculation and administration to children - Health assessment and family assessment conference; Selected interesting cases in the ward | Assign cases: pediatric clients with acute and/or chronic conditions Conduct play course as planned in the theory part. Bedside teaching, demonstration Conference led by thestudent: one at a time | charge/Nurse supervisor/ Instructor |

- 1. D. Parul. (2018), Pediatric Nursing. Jaypee Brothers
- 2. Hockenberry, M. J. Rodgers, C. C., & Wilson, D. M. (2016). Wong's Essentials of Pediatric Nursing. Mosby
- 3. Ball, J. W. (2017). Principles of pediatric nursing: Caring for children. Pearson Education.
- 4. Potts, N. L. & Mandleco, B.L. (2011). Pediatric Nursing: Caring for Children and Their Families. Delmar Cengage Learning.
- 5. Kyle, T. & Carman, S. (2012). *Essentials of Pediatric Nursing*. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.

Medical and Surgical Nursing - I

Subject code: B233

Theory : 80 hours (5 Credits)
Laboratory : 24 hours (.75 Credits)
Practical : 288 hours (6 Credits)

Goal: Students will be able to demonstrate knowledge and skills in providing care to adult clients with medical and surgical problems and be able to provide holistic care.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of common medical and surgical disorders.
- perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate the knowledge of anatomy, physiology and diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
- 3. identify nursing diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan.
- 4. perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care to patients.
- 5. integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders including emerging and re- emerging diseases.
- 6. identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment and responsibilities.
- 7. demonstrate skill in assisting/performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures.
- 8. demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders.
- 9. identify the drugs used in treating patients with medical surgical conditions.
- 10. plan and provide relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics.
- 11. maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital.
- 12.integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.
- 13. identify and discuss the ethical, moral & legal issues related to the care of adults with acute & chronic illness.

Subject Requirements:

Class attendance: 85%
 Lab attendance: 85%

3. Practice attendance: 100%

Practice Part

- 1. Provide care to assigned cases 2-3 cases
- 2. Attend and actively participate in clinical conference
- 3. Submit a case study report
- 4. Practice as scheduled in the roaster, 100%
- 5. Perform practice procedures as specified in the checklist book

Teaching-Learning Activities:

- 1. Lecture and discussion,
- 2. Group assignment (group discussion and presentation):
- 3. Demonstration and practice session
- 4. Role play
- 5. Self-study
- 6. Case discussion

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Flip chart
- 6. Models
- 7. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | L | Р |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| I. Introduction to medical and surgical Nursing - Evolution and trends of medical and surgicalnursing - International classification of diseases - Roles and responsibilities of a nurse in medical and surgical settings - Outpatient department - In-patient unit | Lecture cum discussion Role Play Visit to outpatient, inpatient department, and intensive care unit | 2 | | |

| | I | | | l 1 |
|---|---|---|---|-----|
| - Intensive care unit | | | | |
| 2.Introduction to medical and surgical asepsis Inflammation and infection Wound healing- stages, influencing factors Wound care and dressing technique | Lecture cum discussion Demonstration and practice session | 3 | 2 | |
| 3.Concepts in nursing care for adults with acute and chronic illnesses - Nature of acute and chronic illness - Nurses' roles in care of adult clients - Ethical issues related to the care of adult clients | Lecture cum discussion | 2 | | |
| 4.Nursing management of adult clients undergo surgical interventions and anesthesia - Pre-operative care - Intra-operative care - Anesthesia - Post-operative care | Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Practice session, Visit post-operative unit | 6 | 2 | |
| 5.Adult clients with alterations in integumentary system: Definition, etiology, pathophysiology, signs and symptoms, medical, surgical, and nursing management of: Review of anatomy and physiology of skin History, physical, integumentary assessment, and diagnostic test Skin infection Acne, Allergies Eczema Dermatitis Psoriasis Drug reactions and Steven Johnson's syndrome | Lecture cum discussion Case discussion | 6 | | |
| 6.Adult clients with infectious diseases: Definition, etiology, pathophysiology, signs and symptoms, medical, surgical, | Lecture cum discussionCase discussion | 7 | | |

| | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| and nursing management of: | | | | |
| - Dengue | | | | |
| - Chicken pox | | | | |
| - Cholera | | | | |
| Typhoid and paratyphoid fever | | | | |
| - Leprosy | | | | |
| - Chikungunya | | | | |
| - COVID-19 | | | | |
| 7.Adult clients with alterations in | Lecture cum | | | |
| gastrointestinal system: Definition, | discussion | 22 | 5 | |
| etiology, pathophysiology, signs and | Demonstration | | | |
| symptoms, medical, surgical, and | Practice session | | | |
| nursing management of: | Case discussion | | | |
| - Review of anatomy and | | | | |
| physiology of gastrointestinal | | 1 | | |
| system | | | | |
| - History, physical, | | | | |
| gastrointestinal assessment, and | | | | |
| diagnostic test | | | | |
| - Peptic Ulcer | | | | |
| - Gastrointestinal Bleeding | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Inflammatory Bowel Disease: Ulcerative colitis and Crohn's | | | | |
| | | | | |
| disease/irritable bowel | | | | |
| syndrome | | | | |
| - Gastroenteritis | | | | |
| - Diverticular Disease | | | | |
| - Bowel Obstruction | | | | |
| - Hemorrhoid and Hernia | | | | |
| - Appendicitis | | | | |
| - Hepatitis | | | | |
| - Cirrhosis of liver | | | | |
| - Cholecystitis | | | | |
| - Cholelithiasis | | | | |
| - Pancreatitis | | | | |
| Pre and Postoperative | | | | |
| management of digestive & | | | | |
| gastrointestinal surgery | | | | |
| 8.Adult clients with alterations in | | | | |
| respiratory system: Definition, etiology, | Lecture cum | | | |
| pathophysiology, signs and symptoms, | discussion | | | |
| medical, surgical, and nursing | Demonstration | 12 | 5 | |
| management of: | Practice session | | - | |
| | 1 |] | | |

| Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system History, physical, respiratory assessment, and diagnostic test Common upper Respiratory Infections Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease | Case presentation | | | |
|--|-------------------|-----|---|--|
| - Bronchitis, | | | | |
| - Emphysema | | | | |
| - Bronchiectasis | | | | |
| - Asthma | | | | |
| - Pneumonia | | | | |
| - Pulmonary Tuberculosis | | | | |
| - Pleural Effusion | | 1 | | |
| - Empyema | | | | |
| - Lung Abscess | | | | |
| - Postsurgical Management of | | | | |
| Thoracic surgery | | | | |
| - Intercostal drainage (ICD) care | | | | |
| - Lung exercise | | | | |
| 9.Basic life support (BLS) and ethical | Lecture cum | _] | | |
| considerations | discussion | 2 | 4 | |
| - Recognition of emergency | Demonstration | | | |
| - Airway management | Practice session | | | |
| - Rescue breathing | | | | |
| Chest compressionPrinciples of ethics in BLS | | | | |
| 10.Adult clients with alterations in | | | | |
| nervous system: Definition, etiology, | | | | |
| pathophysiology, signs and symptoms, | Lecture cum | | | |
| medical, surgical, and nursing | discussion | | | |
| management of: | Demonstration | | | |
| - Review of anatomy and | Practice session | 10 | 4 | |
| physiology of nervous system | | | | |
| - History, physical, neurological | | | | |
| assessment, anddiagnostic test | | | | |
| - Meningitis | | | | |
| - Encephalitis | | | | |
| - Neuritis | | | | |
| - Epilepsy | | | | |
| - Parkinson's disease | | | | |
| Increased intra-cranial pressure | | | | |

| - Cerebro-vascular accident (CVA) - Guillain-Barré syndrome - Rehabilitative care for clients with neurological deficits and health education for family caregivers: A case analysis - Pre and Postsurgical management of clients with neurological surgery 11.Adult clients with alterations in | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| endocrine system: Definition, etiology, pathophysiology, signs and symptoms, medical, surgical, and nursing management of: - Review of anatomy and physiology of endocrine system - History, physical, endocrine assessment, and diagnostic test - Hypothyroidism - Hyperthyroidism - Cushing's syndrome - Addison's disease - Diabetes mellitus - Diabetes insipidus | Lecture cum discussion Demonstration Practice session | 8 | 2 | |

Clinical Practical Part = 288 hrs.

Clinical practice to meet the objectives of the subject clinical teaching:

- ICD Care
- CVA assessment tool
- Ventriculostomy care
- Colostomy care
- Glasgow Coma Scale (GCS)
- Blood transfusion
- Lumber puncture
- Gastric gavage & lavage and others as appropriate clinical conference (Pre and Post): Selected interesting cases in the ward.

Students are required to practice and improve skills specified in the checklist book throughout the subject.

- 1. Hinkle, J.L., Cheever, K.H & Overbaugh, K. (2021). Brunner & Suddarth's Textbook of Medical-Surgical Nursing, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
- 2. Lewis, S. M. (2019). Lewis's medical-surgical nursing: Assessment and management of clinical problems, Mosby
- 3. Basavanthappa, B.T. (2015). Medical Surgical Nursing, Jaypee Brothers
- 4. Honan, L. (2018). Focus on adult health: medical-surgical nursing. LippincottWilliams & Wilkins.
- 5. Lynn, P. (2018). Skill Checklists for Taylor's Clinical Nursing Skills. LippincottWilliams & Wilkins.
- 6. White, L & Duncan, G. (2002). Medical- surgical Nursing: An Integrated Approach, Taylor & Francis.

Pharmacology

Subject code: B224

Theory : 40 hours (2.5 Credits) Laboratory : 12 hours (.37 Credits)

Practical: 0 hours

Goal: The goal of this subject is to acquire knowledge about basic pharmacology and interaction of drugs.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. explain general principles of drug action.
- 2. describe the common terminologies related to pharmacology.
- 3. list the national essential drugs and their preparation.
- explain the classification, actions, adverse effects, and management of major drug classes including antibiotics and anti-parasitic, antiinflammatory drugs, antipyretics and analgesics, anti-psychotic, antineo-plastics and immune-suppressive agents.
- 5. describe the effects of drug on body systems i.e., gastro-biliary, urinary, cardiovascular, endocrine, and nervous system.
- 6. analyze given case scenarios regarding common drug uses, its action, adverse effects, and management.

Subject Requirements:

Class attendance: 85%
 Lab attendance: 85%

Teaching-Learning Activities:

- 1. Lecture and discussion,
- 2. Group assignment (group discussion and presentation):
- 3. Demonstration and practice session
- 4. Self-study
- 5. Case discussion

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & marker
- 5. Charts
- 6. Refrigerator
- 7. Sample of different forms of drug.

| | Teaching learning | | | _ |
|---|------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Contents | activities | Т | L | Р |
| 1.Introduction to Pharmacology and | Lecture | | | |
| branches of pharmacology: | Discussion | 4 | | |
| - Terminology | | | | |
| 2. National essential drugs | Lecture | 2 | 4 | |
| | Discussion | | | |
| | Brain storming | | | |
| | Demonstration | | | |
| 3. Classification and form of preparation | Lecture | 4 | 8 | |
| & drug calculation: | Discussion | | | |
| -High alert medication | Group work | | | |
| - Principles of drug administration | Presentation | _ | | |
| (ideo syncratic, long term drug | Demonstration | | | |
| toxicity). | | | | |
| - Drug dose calculation based on | | | | |
| surface assessment. | | | | |
| 4. Antibiotics | Lecture | 4 | | |
| - Classification | Discussion | | | |
| - Action | Brain storming | | | |
| - Adverse effect and its | | | | |
| management | | | | |
| 5. Anti-parasitic drugs | Lecture | 2 | | |
| - Actions | Discussion | | | |
| -Adverse effects and its management | Brain storming | | | |
| 6. Anti-inflammatory drugs | Lecture | 2 | | |
| - Actions | Discussion | | | |
| -Adverse effects and its management | Brain storming | | | |
| 7. Antipyretics and analgesics | Lecture | 4 | | |
| - Non-opioids | Discussion | | | |
| - Opioids | Brain storming | | | |
| - Actions | | | | |
| - Adverse effects and its | | | | |
| management | | | | |
| 8.Drug affecting gastro-biliary system | • Lecture | | | |
| - Actions | Discussion | 2 | | |
| - Adverse effects of drugs and its | | | | |
| management | | | | |
| 9.Drug affecting urinary system | • Lecture | | | |
| - Actions | Discussion | 2 | | |
| - Adverse effects of drugs and its | | | | |
| management | | | | |

| 10.Drug affecting cardio-vascular system | Lecture |
|--|----------------|
| - Actions | • Discussion 2 |
| - Adverse effects and its | |
| management | |
| 11. Drug affecting respiratory system | • Lecture 2 |
| - Actions | Discussion |
| - Adverse effects and its | Discussion |
| management | |
| 12.Drug affecting endocrine system | Lecture |
| - Actions | • Discussion 2 |
| - Adverse effects and its | Discussion |
| | |
| management | L - AM |
| 13.Drug affecting nervous system | • Lecture |
| - Actions | • Discussion 2 |
| - Adverse effects and its | |
| management | |
| 14.Drug affecting anti-psychotic drugs | Lecture |
| - Actions | Discussion 2 |
| - Adverse effects and its | |
| management | |
| 15.Drug affecting anti-neoplastic drugs | Lecture |
| - Actions | • Discussion 2 |
| - Adverse effects and its | |
| management | |
| 16.Drug affecting immunosuppressive | Lecture |
| agents | Discussion 2 |
| - Actions | |
| - Adverse effects and its | |
| management | |

- 1. Willihnganz, M. Gurevitz, S. & Clayton, B. (2019). Clayton's Basic pharmacologyfor nurses, St. Louis, MO: Mosby Elsevier.
- 2. Adams, M. P., Holland, N., & Urban, C. Q. (2020). Pharmacology for nurses. Pearson education, Inc.
- 3. Karch, A. M. (2009). Focus on Nursing Pharmacology. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- 4. Barber, P. (2020). Essentials of Pharmacology for Nurses. McGraw-Hill Education.
- 5. Tripathi, K. D. (2018). Essentials of Medical Pharmacology. Jaypee BrothersMedical Publishers.

Traumatology and Orthopedic Nursing

Subject code: B235

Theory : 80 hours (5 Credits)
Laboratory : 12 hours (.37 Credits)
Practical : 192 hours (4 Credits)

Goal: The goal of this subject is to acquire knowledge and develop skill regarding Traumatology & Orthopedic Nursing.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. explain the concept of traumatology and orthopedic nursing.
- 2. describe the concept of immobility; nurses' roles and interventions and education in preventing musculoskeletal injuries.
- 3. maintaining and restoring health of traumatology and orthopedic clients using client- centered and holistic care in the context of family and community.
- demonstrate the knowledge regarding theory and practice in providing care to clients with fracture and dislocation, orthopedic surgery, autoimmune and inflammatory and degenerative disorders, infections, and neoplasm.
- 5. apply the use of immobilization modalities
- 6. apply the use of orthopedic devices.
- 7. demonstrate the ability to provide client centered and holistic nursing care of trauma and orthopedic clients and their families.
- 8. explain the ethical and legal consideration in care of trauma and orthopedic clients.

Subject Requirements:

Class attendance: 85%
 Lab attendance: 85%

3. Practice attendance: 100%

Practice Part

- 1. Provide care to assigned cases 2-3 cases/day and assist SSN to care for other cases in the ward(s) (students should continue to care for the assigned cases throughout the week)
- 2. Attend and actively participate in clinical conference with SSNs, nursing supervisors, and nursing instructor(s) as scheduled
- 3. Submit 2 case study reports, one case with fracture/dislocation (s), another case with anytype of orthopedic condition(s)
- 4. Conduct and submit 2 case studies for

- a. Selected case assignment regarding issues related to improving selfcare ability of orthopedic clients and involve family member participation (individual work)
- b. Group of clients composed of visitors of orthopedic patients regarding injury prevention and safety (group work)
- 5. Practice as scheduled in the roaster, 100%
- 6. Perform practice procedures as specified in the checklist book

Teaching Learning Activities:

- 1. Lecture cum discussion
- 2. Brain storming
- 3. Group discussion
- 4. Role play
- 5. Demonstration
- 6. Clinical teaching
- 7. Case study

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Flip chart
- 6. Bones, models

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | T | L | Р |
|---|---|----|---|---|
| 1.Introduction to traumatology and orthopedic nursing - Review of anatomy and physiology of the musculoskeletal system - Concept of traumatology and orthopedic nursing - Common orthopedic problems: | Review Brain storming Lecture cum discussion Group discussion and presentation Quiz | 10 | | |
| 2.Immobility - Definition | Brain storming Lecture cum | 4 | | |

| - Causes | discussion | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|----|---|--|
| - Adverse effects | Assignment | | | |
| - Risks and risk assessment | • Quiz | | | |
| - Prevention and management of | • VAL | | | |
| adverse effects | | | | |
| 3.Fracture and dislocation | Brain storming | | | |
| - Terminology | • Lecture cum | 4 | | |
| Types of fracture and dislocation | discussion | | | |
| - Mechanisms of injury and | Assignment | | | |
| Pathophysiology | • VAL | | | |
| - Complications | | | | |
| 4.Nursing management of clients with | Brain storming | 10 | | |
| fracture and/ordislocation | Lecture cum | | | |
| - Closed treatments: | discussion | | | |
| - Closed reduction | Group discussion | | | |
| - Open treatments: | Presentation | | | |
| - Open reduction | • VAL | | | |
| - Internal fixation | | | | |
| - Open fracture | | | | |
| - Nursing management of fracture | | | | |
| and dislocation | | | | |
| 5.Nursing management of clients | Brain storming | | | |
| undergoing orthopedic surgery | Lecture cum | | | |
| - Common orthopedic surgery | discussion | | | |
| - Fixation | • VAL | 10 | 4 | |
| - Amputation | Demonstration | | | |
| - Joint fusion (arthrodesis) | Case study | | | |
| - Joint replacement (arthroplasty) | - | | | |
| - Skin grafting | | | | |
| - Preoperative care | | | | |
| - Postoperative care | | | | |
| 6.Immobilization | Lecture cum | | | |
| - Definition | discussion | 6 | 4 | |
| - Purposes | Demonstration | | | |
| - Types | Written | | | |
| - Indications | Assignment | | | |
| - Adverse health effects | • Quiz | | | |
| - Nursing management | | | | |
| 7.Use of orthopedic devices | Lecture cum | 6 | 4 | |
| - Casts and splints | discussion | | | |
| - External fixators | Demonstration | | | |
| - Tractions (skin, skull, skeletal) | Role play | | | |
| - Nursing management | • VAL | | | |
| | | | | |

| 8.Nursing management of clients with Rheumatoid arthritis: Etiology, Pathophysiology, signs and symptoms, treatment, and nursing management | Brain storming Lecture cum discussion | 4 | |
|---|---|---|--|
| 9.Nursing management of clients with | Brain storming | 4 | |
| Osteoarthritis: | Lecture cum | | |
| Etiology, Pathophysiology, signs and | discussion | | |
| symptoms, treatment, and nursing | Case scenario | | |
| management | Case study | | |
| 10.Nursing management of clients with Osteomyelitis and septic arthritis: | Lecture cum discussion | 6 | |
| Etiology, Pathophysiology, signs and | Case scenario | | |
| symptoms, treatment, and nursing | Case study | | |
| management 11.Nursing management of clients with | Brain storming | 6 | |
| Sarcoma and metastatic bone diseases: | Lecture cum | | |
| Etiology, pathophysiology, signs and | discussion | | |
| symptoms, treatment, and nursing | Case study | | |
| management | Jassiaay | | |
| 12.Holistic care of orthopedic clients: A | Lecture cum | 6 | |
| case study | discussion | | |
| - Bio-psychosocial, spiritual being | • Group | | |
| of an individual | assignment | | |
| - The family and the community | Presentation | | |
| - Patient and family |) | | |
| needs/problems | | | |
| - Nursing concerns and | | | |
| interventions | | | |
| - Legal and ethical considerations | | | |
| 13.Pain | Lecture cum | 4 | |
| - Definition | discussion | | |
| - Nursing management | Demonstration | | |
| - Patient education (self-care and | | | |
| exercise promotion) | | | |
| - Range of motion (ROM) | | | |
| - Rehabilitation | | | |

Clinical Practical Part = 192 hrs.

Clinical practice to meet the objectives of the subject Clinical teaching:

- Bandaging
- Use of different types of orthopedic devices
- Positioning
- Range of motion (ROM)
- and others as appropriate
- Clinical conference: Selected interesting cases in the ward

Students are required to practice and improve skills specified in the checklist book throughout the subject.

- 1. Halstead, J. A., & Stoten, S. (2010). *Orthopedic nursing: Caring for patients withmusculoskeletal disorders*. Bridgewater: Western Schools.
- 2. Clarke, S., & Drozd, M. (Eds.). (2023). Orthopaedic and trauma nursing: An evidence-based approach to musculoskeletal care. John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Thompson, S. R., & Zlotolow, D. A. (2011). *Handbook of Splinting and Casting*. Elsevier Health Sciences.

Nutrition and Biochemistry

Subject code: B226

Theory : 40 hours (2.5 Credits)
Laboratory : 12 hours (.38 Credits)
Practical : 48 hours (1 Credit)

Goal: The goal of this subject is to acquire knowledge on nutrition in relation to maintenance of health and prevention of nutritional deficits and nutritional related health problems.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. explain the concept of food, nutrition and nutrients
- 2. identify the importance of nutrition in health and wellness.
- 3. explain the principles and practices of nutrition
- 4. identify nutritional needs of different age groups and plan a balanced diet for them.
- 5. plan therapeutic diet for individual patients
- 6. prepare meals using different methods and cookery rules.
- 7. explain common nutrition related health problems of Bangladesh.
- 8. describe the methods of nutritional assessment.
- 9. explain the food hygiene & process of food preservation
- 10. describe the basic concepts of biochemistry.
- 11. explain the functions & importance of biochemistry.
- 12. explain the metabolism of carbohydrates, fat and protein
- 13. describe clinical enzymology.
- 14. describe Acid Base balance.
- 15. explain Fluid & electrolytes.

Subject Requirements:

1. Class attendance: 85%

2. Lab attendance: 85%

3. Practice attendance: 100%

Teaching Learning activities

- 1. Brain storming
- 2. Lecture and discussion
- 3. Demonstration
- 4. Group discussion
- 5. Simulation exercise
- 6. Field trip
- 7. Role play

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Flip chart
- 6. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | L | Р |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1.Introduction to Nutrition Concept - Definition of Nutrition and Health - Malnutrition - Role of Nutrition in maintaining health - Factors affecting food and nutrition Nutrients - Classification - Macro & Micronutrients - Organic & Inorganic - Energy Yielding & Non-Energy Yielding Food - Classification – Food groups | Brain storming Lecture cum discussion Charts/Slide | 4 | | |
| Origin Energy Unit of energy – Kcal Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) Factors affecting BMR | | | | |
| 2.Macronutrients Carbohydrates - Definition, classification and composition - Dietary sources - Functions - Recommended Daily Allowance (RDA) Proteins - Definition, classification and composition - Dietary sources - Functions | Lecture cum discussion Charts/Slides Models Display of food items | 8 | | |

| Pacammandad Daily Allawanaa | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| - Recommended Daily Allowance | | | | |
| (RDA) | | | | |
| - Definition, classification and | | | | |
| composition | | | | |
| - Dietary sources | | | | |
| - Functions | | | | |
| - Fatty acids | | | | |
| Recommended Daily Allowance | | | | |
| (RDA) | | | | |
| 3.Micronutrients- | Lecture cum | 2 | | |
| Definition, classification and | discussion | | | |
| composition | Charts/Slides | | | |
| - Dietary sources | Models | | | |
| - Functions | Display of food | | | |
| - Recommended Daily Allowance | items | | | |
| (RDA) | | | | |
| 4.Balanced diet | Brain storming | | | |
| - Definition, principles, components and | Lecture cum | 4 | | |
| importance. | discussion | | | |
| - Menu planning | Demonstration | | | |
| - Calculation of nutritive value of foods | Menu planning | | | |
| 5.Human needs of Nutrients across life | Slides /charts | | | |
| span | Olidos /orialis | | | |
| - Diet plan for different age groups | | | | |
| - Infant, Children, adolescents and | | | | |
| | | | | |
| elderly | | | | |
| - Diet in pregnancy and lactation | | | | |
| - Anemia in pregnancy | | | | |
| 6.Nutrition related health problem | Lecture cum | | | |
| - Protein energy malnutrition | Discussion | | | |
| - Childhood obesity | Demonstration Charte fields | 4 | | |
| - Vitamin deficiency disorders | Charts/video | | | |
| - Mineral deficiency diseases | Role play | | | |
| ▼ | Brain storming | | | |
| | Presentation | | | |
| 7.Therapeutic diets | Lecture cum | | | |
| - Definition, Objectives, Principles | Discussion | | | |
| Modifications –Consistency, | Menu planning | 2 | 6 | |
| Nutrients | Brain storming | | | |
| - Feeding techniques. | Lab session on: | | | |
| - Diet in Diseases –Obesity, Diabetes | Preparation of | | | |
| Mellitus, CVD, Underweight, Renal | therapeutic diet for | | | |
| diseases, Hepatic disorders, | different | | | |
| | | | | |

| Constipation, Diarrhea, Pre- and | | categories | | | |
|--|---|----------------------|---|---|--|
| Post-operative period | • | Helping clients to | | | |
| r oot operative period | | eating/feeding | | | |
| 8.Cooking rules, preservation of nutrients | • | Lecture cum | | | |
| and Food safety | | discussion | | | |
| - Cooking – Methods, Advantages and | • | Group discussion | | | |
| Disadvantages | | charts /slides | | | |
| - Preservation of nutrients | • | Poster | 2 | | |
| - Measures to prevent loss of nutrients | | presentation | | | |
| during preparation | • | Field visit (dietary | | | |
| - Safe food handling and Storage of | | department) | | | |
| foods | | | | | |
| - Food preservation | | | | | |
| - Food adulteration | | | | | |
| - Food safety importance | | | | | |
| - Food safety regulatory measures in | | | | | |
| Bangladesh | | | | | |
| - Five keys to safer food | | | | | |
| 9.Dietary patterns and nutrition related to | • | Lecture cum | | | |
| health and illness | | discussion | | | |
| - Culture | • | Charts /Slides | 2 | | |
| - Residential area: urban vs rural | • | Presentation | | | |
| - Economic status (low, middle, high) | • | Group discussion | | | |
| - Family education | | | | | |
| Food availability and distribution | | | | | |
| - Religion | | | | | |
| - Rituals | | | | | |
| - Personal factors: preference, age, | | | | | |
| gender, health status | | | | | |
| 10.Nutrition assessment and nutrition | • | Lecture cum | 4 | 6 | |
| education | | discussion | | | |
| - Objectives of nutritional assessment | • | Demonstration | | | |
| - Methods of assessment –clinical | • | Writing nutritional | | | |
| examination, anthropometric | | assessment report | | | |
| assessment, assessment of dietary | • | Health education | | | |
| intake | | session | | | |
| - Nutrition education –purposes, | • | Field trip | | | |
| principles and methods | • | Clinical teaching | | | |
| 11.Concepts of Biochemistry (branches, | • | Lecture cum | 4 | | |
| scope, functions, importance) | | discussion | | | |
| 12.Digestion, absorption, metabolism and | • | Charts and slide | | | |
| significance of Carbohydrates, Proteins and | | presentation | | | |
| Fats | | | | | |

| 13. Enzymes (definition, types, enzymatic | Lecture cum | | |
|---|----------------|---|--|
| tests of various diseases). | discussion | 4 | |
| 14.Acid base balance(definition, pH, and | Charts & slide | | |
| acid base disorders) | presentation | | |
| 15.Fluid and electrolytes (components, | | | |
| values, effects) | | | |
| 16.Genetics (Gene, DNA, RNA, | | | |
| Chromosome, Autosomal dominant | | | |
| inheritance, Genetic change, Mutation, X | | | |
| linked inheritance, Mitochondrial DNA | | | |
| inheritance) | | | |

| Clinical practice topics | Teaching learning activities |
|---|--|
| Clinical Practice part: 48 hours | |
| Clinical practice to meet the objectives of | Arrange the student to visit and |
| the subject | observe food service |
| - Observing food and food service in | department and hospital ward |
| the hospitalward assisting patient to | and write-up a report. |
| eat and also visit hospital kitchen. | Observe the students during |
| Observing how nurses provide tube | tube feeding practice to the |
| feeding inthe hospital setting and | patients. |
| students will provide tube feeding | Food Fair |
| accordingly | |
| - Visit the nutrition related institute | |
| - Arrange a food fair. | |

- 1. Shubhangini, A. J. (2015). Nutrition and dietetics. McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Best, C. (2008). Nutrition: A Handbook for nurses. John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Supriya, V. (2017). Clinical Nutrition and Dietetics Manual for Nurses. JaypeeMedical Publishers, India.
- 4. Sharma, M. (2017). Textbook of Nutrition. CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt.Ltd,India.
- 5. Clement, I. (2015). Textbook on Nutrition and Dietetics: For Post Basic BSN NursingStudents. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.

Laws, Ethics and Forensic Nursing

Subject code: B237

Theory : 32 hours (2 Credits)

Laboratory: 0 hours

Practical: 48 hours (1 Credit)

Goal: The goal of this subject is to learn about forensic science, laws and ethics used in nursing practice.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. describe professionalism in nursing, ethics, bioethics and forensic nursing.
- 2. discuss on profession and professionalism, professional code of conduct.
- 3. demonstrate the role and responsibilities in providing compassionate care in thehealth care setting.
- 4. explain the basic concepts and principles of ethics and bioethics, dilemmas innursing and health care.
- 5. analyze ethical and legal issues in the professional nursing practice, and patient 'srights.
- 6. discuss the importance of forensic nursing and significance of evidence-based investigations.
- 7. explain ethical dilemmas and challenges in forensic nursing.
- 8. discuss emerging issues in forensic nursing in Bangladesh.

Subject Requirements:

Class attendance: 85%
 Practice attendance: 100%

Teaching Learning Activities

- 1. Brain storming
- 2. Lecture and discussion
- 3. Demonstration
- 4. Group discussion
- 5. Simulation exercise
- 6. Field trip
- 7. Role play

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Flip chart
- 6. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents Teachi activiti | ng learning es | L | Р |
|---|-------------------|---|---|
| , | cture 2 | | |
| 3 | cussion | | |
| | ain storming | | |
| Importance of code of ethics and | | | |
| professional conduct, elements of code | | | |
| of ethics, Nurses and the profession and | | | |
| Forensic Nursing. | | | |
| - Ethical Principles. | | | |
| - Description of professional conduct and | | | |
| Principles of Professional Conduct | -1 | | |
| | cture 2 | | |
| | cussion | | |
| | ain storming | | |
| - Ethical principles applied to nursing: | | | |
| AdvocacyAutonomy/Freedom of choice | | | |
| - Autonomy/Freedom of choice - Beneficence | | | |
| - Care without discrimination. | | | |
| - Confidentiality | | | |
| - Fidelity | | | |
| - Integrity | | | |
| - Justice | | | |
| - Moral courage | | | |
| - Non-maleficence | | | |
| - Respect for dignity | | | |
| - Respect for self-worth | | | |
| - Respect to patients, | | | |
| - Self-determination | | | |
| - Veracity | | | |

| 3.Professional Considerations in Nursing: | • Lecture | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Legal and Ethical Issues: | Discussion | | |
| Nursing as a profession – | Brain storming | | |
| Characteristics of a professional | | 2 | |
| nurse. | | | |
| Nursing practice – philosophy, aim | | | |
| and objectives. | | | |
| Professional ethics: | | | |
| - Practice standards for nursing – | | | |
| BNMC & ICN | | | |
| - International Council for Nurses | | | |
| (ICN) | | | |
| , , | | | |
| Legal aspects in nursing practice: | | | |
| - Protection of patient rights, | , | | |
| - Legal system related to nursing | | | |
| practice, such as tort law & liabilities | | | |
| law, rules and regulations and allied | | | |
| legal issues, | | | |
| Laws related to nursing practice, | | | |
| such as negligence,malpractice, | | | |
| breach, and penalties, | | | |
| Invasion of privacy, and defamation | | | |
| of character, name and fame, | | | |
| - Nursing regulatory system, such as | | | |
| registration, licensure, renewal, | | | |
| accreditation, nurse practice act, | | | |
| regulation for nurse practitioner and | | | |
| specialist nursing | | | |
| practice and allied practice. | | | |
| 4.Professionalism | | | |
| - Definition of professionalism | Lecture | 2 | |
| - Concepts and characteristics, | Discussion | - | |
| attributes and indicators of | Brain storming | | |
| professionalism, | Diam storning | | |
| Challanasa and abatasias of | | | |
| professionalism, | | | |
| · | | | |
| - Personal identity vs professional | | | |
| identity, | | | |
| - Preservation of self-integrity, | | | |
| - Communication & Relationship with | | | |
| team members,Respectful | | | |
| communication and relationship, | | | |
| - Ensuring relevant interests for ethical | | | |

| | | 1 |
|---|----------|---|
| decision making, | | |
| - Professional relationship with | | |
| patients, family members,and the | | |
| community. | | |
| - Maintenance of high standard of | | |
| professional ethics, | | |
| - Adherence to laws, rules, | | |
| regulations, policy and procedures. | | |
| - Refrain from misleading patient about | | |
| information and falsifying records. | | |
| 5.Professional Conduct • Lecture | | |
| - Following ethical principles • Discussion | | |
| - Adhering to policies, rules and • Brain storming | | |
| regulation of the institutions | | |
| - Professional etiquettes and | N | |
| behaviors | | |
| - Professional grooming: Uniform, | 2 | |
| Dress code | | |
| - Professional boundaries: | | |
| Professional relationship with the | | |
| patients' caregivers and team | | |
| members. | | |
| 6.Values • Lecture | | |
| - Definition of value • Discussion | | |
| - Characteristics of value • Brain storming | | |
| - Clarification of value | | |
| - Personal and professional values | | |
| - Professional socialization: Integration | | |
| of professional values with personal | | |
| values. | | |
| Values of Professional Conduct: | | |
| - Caring | | |
| - Compassionate | 2 | |
| - Dignity | | |
| - Empathy | | |
| - Equity | | |
| | | |
| - Excellence | | I |
| - Respect | | |
| | | |
| - Respect | | |
| - Respect - Responsiveness | | |
| RespectResponsivenessTrustworthiness. | | |

| | Number of othing I halvastica- | | | | |
|---------|---------------------------------------|---|----------------|---|--|
| _ | Nurses' ethical behaviors | | | | |
| 7.5: | Patient Rights & Responsibilities | | | | |
| /. Prir | nciples of Professional Conduct: | | 14···- | | |
| - | Imply the quality of practice | • | Lecture | 2 | |
| - | Professional responsibility and | • | Discussion | | |
| | accountability, | • | Brain storming | | |
| - | Respect for the dignity of the person | | | | |
| | seeking care | | | | |
| - | Standard of conduct | | | | |
| - | Standard of professional conduct | | | | |
| 7.1.St | andards of professional conduct: | | | | |
| - | Act with integrity | | | | |
| - | Adhering to policies, rules and | | | | |
| | regulation of the institutions. | | | | |
| - | Collaboration with others. | r | | | |
| - | Following ethical principles. | | | | |
| - | Imply the quality of practice. | | | | |
| - | Professional etiquettes and | | | | |
| | behaviors | | | | |
| - | Professional relationship with the | | | | |
| | patients, caregiversand team | | | | |
| | members. | | | | |
| _ | Professional responsibility and | | | | |
| | accountability. | | | | |
| _ | Trust and confidentiality. | | | | |
| _ | Values of act with integrity. | | | | |
| _ | Values of collaboration with others. | | | | |
| | Values of the quality of practice. | | | | |
| - | Values of trust and confidentiality. | | | | |
| 8.Cult | ural and Ethical aspect of Nursing | | | | |
| _ | Understanding of culture and ethics. | • | Lecture | 2 | |
| _ | Importance of culture and ethics in | • | Discussion | | |
| | nursing. | • | Brain storming | | |
| _ | Advantages and disadvantages of | | J | | |
| | culture and nursing ethics. | | | | |
| _ | Relationship between culture and | | | | |
| | nursing ethics. | | | | |
| _ | Delivery of nursing care within the | | | | |
| | healthcare settings and systems. | | | | |
| _ | Nurses' ethical behaviors and | | | | |
| | accountability, | | | | |
| _ | Uphold the patient rights & | | | | |
| | responsibilities | | | | |
| | . Jopaniania | | | | |

| | | | - | |
|-----|--|------------------|---|-----|
| 9.1 | Regulatory body | | | |
| | Bangladesh Nursing and Midwifery | - Lecture | 4 | |
| | Council (BNMC) | - Discussion | | |
| | - Vision, Mission, Goal, Objectives and | - Brain storming | | |
| | Functions. | · · | | |
| | - Professional ethics, Ethical practice, | | | |
| | and Nursing ethics and codes. | | | |
| | - Code of conducts, regulations and | | | |
| | professional standards set by the | | | |
| | BNMC, | | | |
| | - Legislation affecting nursing | | | |
| | profession, | | | |
| | - Nursing ethics and practice, and right | | | |
| | of the people and professional | | | |
| | standards. | | | |
| - | Application of the code: | | | |
| | - What the code does not do, | | | |
| | - Implementation, | | | |
| | - Provision of improvement, | | | |
| | - Interpretation, | | | |
| | - Dissemination, and | | | |
| | - Sanctions. | | | |
| - | Declaration: | | | |
| | - Declaration required prior to | | | |
| | registration. | | | |
| | - Each applicant must read, | | | |
| | understand and sign the declaration | | | |
| | form provided by the Bangladesh | | | |
| | Nursing and Midwifery Council. | | | |
| 9. | 1.Professional Organizations of Nurses, | | | |
| Mi | dwives and Students | | | |
| | - Bangladesh Nurses Association | | | |
| | (BNA), | | | |
| | - Bangladesh Midwifery Society | | | |
| | (BMS), | | | |
| | - Bangladesh Diploma Nurses' | | | |
| | Association (BDNA) | | | |
| | - Student Nurses Association (SNA), | | | |
| 9.2 | 2.International Association: | | | |
| | - International Council of Nurses (ICN) | | | |
| | and International Confederation of | | | |
| | Midwives (ICM) | | | |
| 1 | | | i | 1 1 |

| 10.Most Common Violations of Ethical | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Issues | - Lecture | 2 | |
| - Violations of patient privacy, | - Discussion | _ | |
| - Failure to promote a safe healthcare | - Brain storming | | |
| environment, | - Brain Storming | | |
| - Ethical dilemmas regarding informed | | | |
| consent, | | | |
| - Lack of professional growth, | | | |
| - Allowing personal biases and/or | | | |
| beliefs to interfere with patient care. | | | |
| - Failure to report suspected | | | |
| impairment of a coworker/peer, | | | |
| - Withholding important information | | | |
| from patients about their health, | | | |
| - Avoiding action against questionable | | | |
| practices, | | | |
| Not accepting responsibility for one's | | | |
| judgment and nursing actions, | | | |
| - Delegating assignments to the | | | |
| appropriate person. | | | |
| Social Justice (meaning, elements, | | | |
| types, principles, scope, needs and | | | |
| barriers) | | | |
| 11.Ethical issues and ethical dilemma | | | |
| | Lecture | 2 | |
| Common ethical problems: - Conflict of interest, | | _ | |
| - Paternalism, | Group discussion Proin storming | | |
| - Paternalism, - Deception, | Brain storming | | |
| | | | |
| Privacy and confidentiality,Valid consent and refusal, | | | |
| | | | |
| - Allocation of scarce nursing | | | |
| resources, | | | |
| - Conflicts concerning new | | | |
| technologies, | | | |
| - Whistle-blowing. | | | |
| 12.Ethical decision-making process | | 2 | |
| Assess the situation (collect | A Locturo | | |
| information) | Lecture Discussion | _ | |
| information) | Discussion | 2 | |
| Identify the ethical problems | | 2 | |
| Identify the ethical problems Identify the alternative decisions | Discussion | 2 | |
| Identify the ethical problems Identify the alternative decisions Choose the solution to the ethical | Discussion | 2 | |
| Identify the ethical problems Identify the alternative decisions | Discussion | 2 | |

| | | | | ı | , , | 1 |
|-------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------|---|-----|---|
| - | Evaluate the decision | | | | | |
| | Roles and responsibilities of Ethics | | | | | |
| Comr | nittee: | | | | | |
| - | Investigate the challenges, | | | | | |
| - | Clinical decision making, | | | | | |
| - | Research, | | | | | |
| _ | Recording and reporting | | | | | |
| 13.Fc | rensic Science: | | | | | |
| - | Introduction to Forensic Science | • | Lecture | 4 | | |
| - | History and development | • | Brain storming | | | |
| - | Definition of Forensic Science | • | Group discussion | | | |
| _ | Scope of practice | | | | | |
| _ | Principles | | | | | |
| _ | Services provided by Forensic | | | | | |
| | Nurses | | | | | |
| - | Concepts & Features | | | | | |
| - | Importance of Forensic nursing | | | | | |
| _ | Domain of forensic nursing | | | | | |
| _ | Ethical issues in forensic nursing | | | | | |
| _ | Legal aspect of Forensic nursing | | | | | |
| _ | Role and responsibility of Forensic | | | | | |
| | Nurses | | | | | |
| _ | Common Forensic Challenges: | | | | | |
| | Gender Based Violence, Ethical | | | | | |
| | Practices, Vulnerable populations, | | | | | |
| | Sexual Abuse, Abuse of Elder | | | | | |
| | People, Death Investigation, | | | | | |
| | Evidence Collection, DNA, | | | | | |
| | Photography, Internet Crimes, | | | | | |
| | Human Trafficking, Sexual Assault, | | | | | |
| | Clinical Management of Rape(CMR) | | | | | |
| | and Examinations, Trial, Testimony | | | | | |
| | and Reporting. | | | | | |
| 14.Fc | rensic Issues | | | | | |
| _ | Principles, concepts & features of | • | Lecture | 2 | | |
| | Forensic Nursing | • | Discussion | _ | | |
| _ | Importance of Forensic Nursing | • | Brain storming | | | |
| _ | Domain of forensic nursing | | 3.3 | | | |
| _ | Ethical issues in forensic nursing | | | | | |
| _ | Legal aspect of Forensic nursing | | | | | |
| _ | Scope of practice for Forensic | | | | | |
| | Nurses | | | | | |
| _ | Role and responsibility of Forensic | | | | | |
| | Trois and responsibility of Foreitsic | | | | | |

| Nurses | |
|---|--|
| Common Challenges of Forensic | |
| Nurses: | |
| Gender Based Violence, | |
| - Ethical Practices, | |
| Vulnerable populations, | |
| - Sexual Abuse, | |
| Abuse of Elder People, | |
| - Death Investigation, | |
| - Evidence Collection, | |
| - DNA (Deoxyribonucleic acid) | |
| Sequencing, | |
| - Photography, | |
| - Internet Crimes, | |
| - Human Trafficking, | |
| - Sexual Assault, | |
| Clinical Management of Rape | |
| (CMR), | |
| - Examinations, | |
| - Trial and Testimony, | |
| - Recording and Reporting. | |

- 1. Tingle, J., & Cribb, A. (2020). *Nursing law and ethics.* Blackwell Science Ltd, Oxford.
- 2. Kjervik, D. K., & Brous, E. A. (2010). Law and ethics in advanced practice nursing. Springer Publishing Company.
- 3. Buka, P. (2020). Essential law and ethics in nursing: Patients, rights and decision-making. Routledge.
- 4. Black, B. P. (2016). *Professional nursing: concepts & challenges.* Saunders
- 5. Amar, A., & Sekula, L. K. (2015). A practical guide to forensic nursing: incorporating forensic principles into nursing practice. Sigma Theta Tau.
- 6. Lynch, V. A., & Duval, J. B. (2010). *Forensic nursing science*. Elsevier Health Sciences.
- 7. Bader, D. M. G. & Gabriel, L.S. (2009). Forensic nursing: A concise manual. CRC Press.
- 8. Pyrek, K. M. (2006). Forensic nursing. CRC Press.
- 9. Parashar. U. (2022). *Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian Laws*. Jain Publications, Rajasthan.

Third year

Geriatric Nursing

Subject code: B331

Theory : 48 hours (3 Credits)
Laboratory : 12 hours (.37 Credit)
Practical : 96 hours (2 Credits)

Goal: Students will be able to demonstrate knowledge, attitude and skills in providing holistic care for elder clients and their families in various health care situations and settings.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. explain the demographic trends in aging people of Bangladesh.
- 2. describe the concept of geriatric nursing and over view of common aging changes.
- 3. describe the theories related to aging people.
- 4. describe the common health problems of elder population in Bangladesh
- 5. identify the common health problems of elder population in Bangladesh.
- 6. explain the health promotion and illness prevention strategies for older/senior client.
- 7. apply nursing process in providing holistic nursing care for elderly clients with common and specific health problems.
- 8. assess and analyze the issues and trends in providing care for older clients.
- 9. practice geriatric nursing skills in various health care situations and settings.

Subject Requirements:

Class attendance: 85%
 Lab attendance: 85%

3. Practice attendance: 100%

Teaching-Learning Activities:

- 1. Lecture and discussion
- 2. Demonstration
- 3. Role play
- 4. Small group discussion
- 5. Clinical case presentation
- 6. Simulation

- 7. Case study
- 8. Field visit.

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Flip chart
- 6. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| | To a string to a market | | | | | | |
|----|--|-----------------------------------|----|-----|---|--|--|
| | Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | L | Р | | |
| 1 | Introduction to agrictric nursing | • Lecture | | | | | |
| ١. | Introduction to geriatric nursing | Discussion | | | | | |
| | - Elder population in Bangladesh | • Discussion | 4 | | | | |
| | - Demographic Trends (Life | | 4 | | | | |
| | Expectancy, Morbidity & Mortality) | | | | | | |
| | - Overview of health policy related to | | | | | | |
| | the elderlycare | | | | | | |
| 2. | 1 9 | • Lecture | | | | | |
| | - Nursing and the elderly | Discussion | | | | | |
| | - Health care setting and services for | | 2 | | | | |
| | the elderly | | | | | | |
| | - Nurse's roles in elderly care & | | | | | | |
| | attitude towards elderly care | | | | | | |
| 3. | Overview of common aging changes | Lecture | 2 | | | | |
| | | Discussion | | | | | |
| 4. | Theories of Aging | Lecture | 2 | | | | |
| | Theories related to aging people | Discussion | | | | | |
| 5. | Common health problems of elder | Lecture | 2 | | | | |
| | population in Bangladesh | Discussion | | | | | |
| 6. | Care of elderly with specific problems | Lecture | | | | | |
| | - Falls in the elderly | Discussion | | | | | |
| | - Mobility problems | Group | | | | | |
| | - Musculoskeletal problems | assignment | 10 | 6 | | | |
| | - Incontinence & elimination problems | Presentation | | | | | |
| | - Neurological problems | Demonstration | | | | | |
| | - Respiratory problems | | | | | | |
| | - Cardiovascular problems | | | | | | |
| | - Endocrine problems | | | | | | |
| | - Sensory problems | | | | | | |
| 7. | Concept of healthy aging | Lecture | | | | | |
| | Importance of healthy aging | Discussion | | | | | |
| | . , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | <u>l</u> | | l . | | | |

| | <u> </u> | |
|---|------------------|--|
| - Healthy aging differs from active | • Group 8 | |
| aging | assignment | |
| Factors of the healthy aging | Presentation | |
| Pillars of healthy ageing | | |
| Strategies of promoting healthy | | |
| ageing | | |
| 8. Concept of integrated care of older | • Lecture 2 | |
| people | Discussion | |
| Model of integrated care of older | | |
| model | | |
| 9. Health promotion and illness prevention | Lecture | |
| strategies forolder/senior client | Discussion | |
| Concepts of health promotion and | • Group 8 2 | |
| illness prevention strategies for | assignment | |
| older people | Presentation | |
| Activity and exercise | Demonstration | |
| Nutrition and elimination | | |
| Sleep and rest | | |
| Safety (include medication) | | |
| Psychological well-being and | | |
| spirituality | | |
| 10. Nursing process in providing holistic | Lecture | |
| nursing care for elderly clients with | • Discussion 2 4 | |
| common and specific health problems | Role play | |
| -Nursing process in elderly care | Demonstration | |
| -Holistic geriatric care | | |
| 11. Geriatric care issues | Lecture | |
| -Coping with chronic illness | Discussion | |
| -Family role and elderly care | Role play 6 | |
| -Death and bereavement in old age | | |
| -Elder abuse | | |

Clinical Practice part: 1 (96 hrs.)

| Number of hours | Topic | Teaching learning activities |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Day 1 | Subject orientation | Discussion on |
| | Ward orientation | Course syllabus |
| | - Clinical practice to meet the | • |
| | objectives of the course | |
| Day 2 to the | Clinical teaching: | Introduce students |
| end of the | - Fall prevention | to ward staff, nurses |
| clinical | - Skin protection & skin care | or old home nurses |
| practice | - Incontinence and elimination | and environment |

| problem and management | • | Assign cases |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| - Therapeutic relationship with | • | Bedside teaching |
| elderly client | | Conference led by |
| Clinical conference: | | the students |
| - Selected interested cases in the | | |
| old home and geriatric ward | | |
| | | |

- 1. Mauk, K. L. (2022). *Gerontological nursing: competencies for care*. Jones & Bartlett
- 2. Eliopoulos, (2018). Gerontological nursing. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- 3. Tabloski, P. A. (2018). *Gerontological Nursing: The Essential Guide to Clinical Practice*. Pearson
- 4. Kennedy-Malone, E.G., Laurie, & Duffy (2022). *Advanced Practice Nursing in the Care of Older Adults*. A. Davis Company

Mental Health and Psychiatric Nursing

Subject code: B332

Theory : 64 hours (4 Credits)

Laboratory: 0 hours

Practical: 192 hours (4 Credits)

Goal: The goal of the subject is to gain knowledge and develop skills in caring for clients with mental health and psychiatric problems in psychiatric nursing within an individual family and community context.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. explain the introduction to psychiatric nursing and mental health.
- 2. describe the bio-psychosocial theories of mental health and illness; determinants of mental illness; cultural and socioeconomic
- 3. demonstrate the abilities to assess mental health and psychiatric problems
- 4. describe the psychotherapeutic
- 5. explain theory and practice in providing nursing care to individuals experiencing emotional crises and/or acute chronic psychiatric illnesses within the context of their families and
- identify and discuss the ethical issues relevant to the care of clients with psychiatric and mental health problems in public and private systems of care for mental health promotion, restoration, and rehabilitation.
- demonstrate a therapeutic nurse-client relationship as well as communication with patients experiencing psychiatric
- 8. practice psychiatric nursing skills and health education for mental health promotion, restoration, and rehabilitation in Bangladesh.

Subject Requirements:

1. Class attendance: 85%

2. Practice attendance: 100%

Teaching-Learning Activities:

- 1. Lecture and discussion
- 2. Role play
- 3. Small group discussion
- 4. Clinical practice
- 5. Clinical case presentation
- 6. Clinical teaching
- 7. Simulation
- 8. Case study

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Flip chart
- 6. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | L | Р |
|--|------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| 1.Introduction to Psychiatric Nursing and | Lecture | 6 | | |
| Mental Health | Discussion | | | |
| -The Principles and Concepts of | Brain storming | | | |
| Psychiatric Nursing and Their | | | | |
| Importance | | | | |
| -Mental Health | | | | |
| -Determinants of mental health | | | | |
| -Mental Health Illness Continuum | | | | |
| -Determinants of mental illness | | | | |
| -Cultural and socioeconomic factors | | | | |
| related to mental health care | | | | |
| -Ethical and legal issues | | | | |
| -The basic rights of a mentally ill person | | | | |
| -Psychiatric nursing process | | | | |
| 2.Concept of bio-psycho-social model of | Lecture | 4 | | |
| mental health and illness | Discussion | | | |
| -Biological model | Brain storming | | | |
| -Social model | | | | |
| -Psychoanalytic model | | | | |
| -Interpersonal model | | | | |
| 3.Mental Health Assessment | Lecture | 4 | | |
| -History taking | Discussion | | | |
| -Mental status examination | Brain storming | | | |
| -Mini-mental status examination | | | | |
| -Neurological examination | | | | |
| -Investigations: Related Blood | | | | |
| Chemistry, EEG, CT, and MRI | | | | |
| -Psychological tests | | | | |
| 4.Psychotherapeutic modalities | Lecture | 4 | | |
| -Psychopharmacology | Discussion | | | |
| -Electroconvulsive Therapy (ECT) | Video clip | | | |
| -Psychological Therapies: | | | | |

| | 1 | 1 | |
|--|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Psychotherapy, Behavior Therapy, | | | |
| and CBT | | | |
| -Psychosocial: group therapy, family | | | |
| therapy, recreational therapy, | | | |
| occupational therapy. | | | |
| -Alternative and complementary therapy: | | | |
| Yoga, meditation and relaxation. | | | |
| 5.Therapeutic Communication | • Lecture | 2 | |
| -Definition | Discussion | | |
| -Purpose | | | |
| -Techniques | | | |
| -Key elements | | | |
| 6.Schizophrenia and other psychotic | Lecture | 2 | |
| disorders | Discussion | | |
| -Definition | Video clip | | |
| -Etiology | | | |
| -Signs and symptoms | | | |
| -Nursing management | | | |
| -Treatment modalities of patients with | | | |
| Schizophrenia | | | |
| 7.Mood disorders | Lecture | 2 | |
| -Definition | Discussion | | |
| -Classification | Video clip | | |
| -Etiology | | | |
| -Signs and symptoms | | | |
| -Nursing management | | | |
| -Treatment modalities of patients with | | | |
| mood disorders | | | |
| 8.Anxiety disorders | •Lecture | 4 | _ |
| -Definition | Discussion | | |
| -Classification | Video clip | | |
| -Etiology | | | |
| -Signs and symptoms | | | |
| -Nursing management | | | |
| -Treatment modalities of patients with | | | |
| anxiety disorders | | | |
| 9.Psychosomatic illnesses and somatoform | •Lecture | 4 | |
| disorders | Discussion | | |
| -Definition | Video clip | | |
| -Etiology | | | |
| -Signs and symptoms | | | |
| -Nursing management | | | |
| -Treatment modalities of patients with | | | |

| 1 (2.9) | I | | |
|---|--------------------------------|----------|--|
| psychosomatic illnessesand | | | |
| somatoform disorders | _ | <u> </u> | |
| 10.Obsessive Compulsive Disorder (OCD) | •Lecture | 4 | |
| -Definition | •Discussion | | |
| -Etiology | Video clip | | |
| -Signs and symptoms | | | |
| -Nursing management | | | |
| -Treatment modalities of patients with | | | |
| obsessive compulsive disorder | | | |
| (OCD) | | | |
| 11.Delirium and Dementia | •Lecture | 2 | |
| -Definition | Discussion | | |
| -Etiology | Video clip | | |
| -Signs and symptoms | | | |
| -Nursing management | | | |
| -Treatment modalities and nursing | | | |
| management of patients with | | | |
| -Treatment modalities of patients with | | | |
| delirium, dementia | | | |
| 12.Drugs and substances abused disorders | •Lecture | | |
| -Definition | •Discussion | 4 | |
| -List of common drugs and substances | ∙Video clip | | |
| which are abused | ,p | | |
| -Etiology | | | |
| -Signs and symptoms | | | |
| -Detrimental effects of drugs and | | | |
| substances abused | | | |
| -Nursing management | | | |
| -Treatment modalities of patients with | | | |
| drugs and substances abused | | | |
| disorders | | | |
| 13.Sexual disorders | •Lecture | | |
| -Definition | •Discussion | 4 | |
| -Classification | ·Video clip | | |
| -Etiology | Video onp | | |
| -Signs and symptoms | | | |
| -Nursing management | | | |
| -Treatment modalities of patients with | | | |
| sexual disorders | | | |
| 14.Autism and attention deficit hyperactive | Lecture | | |
| disorders | D: : | 4 | |
| -Definition | | 4 | |
| | Video clip | | |
| -Etiology | | | |

| 0: 1 1 | | 1 | | |
|---|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| -Signs and symptoms | | | | |
| -Nursing management | | | | |
| -Treatment modalities of patients with | | | | |
| autism and attentiondeficit | | | | |
| hyperactive disorders | | | | |
| 15.Epilepsy and hysteria | •Lecture | 4 | | |
| -Definition | Discussion | | | |
| -Etiology | Video clip | | | |
| -Signs and symptoms | | | | |
| -Nursing management | | | | |
| -Treatment modalities of patients with | | | | |
| epilepsy and hysteria | | | | |
| 16. Suicidal tendency: children, | •Lecture | 4 | | |
| adolescents, adults and elders | Discussion | | | |
| 17. Emergency psychiatric nursing care | •Lecture | 2 | | |
| | Discussion | | | |
| 18. Mental health promotion and | •Lecture | 2 | | |
| rehabilitation | Discussion | | | |
| 19. Public and private mental health care | ·Lecture | 2 | | |
| and referral system in Bangladesh | Discussion | | | |

Clinical Practice Part: 192 hours

| Clinical practice Topics |
|--|
| Clinical practice to meet the objectives of the Course |
| Clinical teaching: |
| Therapeutic interaction |
| Psychosocial nursing interventions |
| Group therapy |
| Clinical case presentation |
| Selected interesting cases in the ward |

- 1. Videbeck,S. (2020). *Psychiatric-mental health nursing*. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- 2. Angelo & Townsend, M. C. (2015). Psychiatric mental health nursing: concepts of care in evidence-based practice. FA Davis.
- 3. Stuart, W. (2012). *Principles and practice of psychiatric nursing*. Elsevier Health Sciences.
- 4. Neeraja, P. (2008). Essentials of Mental Health and Psychiatric Nursing, Jaypee Brothers Publishers.
- 5. Basavanthappa, T. (2007). *Psychiatric mental health nursing*. Jaypee Brothers Publishers.

Emergency and Critical Care Nursing

Subject code: B333

Theory : 64 hours (4 Credits)
Laboratory : 40 hours (1.25 Credits)
Practical : 240 hours (5 Credits)

Goal: The goal of the subject is to achieve knowledge and skills about emergency and critical care nursing to provide a comprehensive care for clients with emergency and critical conditions.

Learning Objectives: At the end of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. define the concept of emergency and critical care nursing
- 2. identify the emergency and critical conditions.
- 3. provide care to the emergency and critical conditions
- 4. describe the psychosocial, spiritual, and ethical concerns in care of clients under emergency and critical conditions;
- 5. provide the end -of-life care to clients, in the context of family and community,
- 6. explain the ethical and legal issues relevant to care of clients with critical conditions and dying.
- 7. explain the emergency drugs and its uses.

Subject Requirements:

1. Class attendance: 85%

2. Lab attendance: 85%

3. Practice attendance: 100%

Teaching-Learning Activities:

- 1. Lecture and discussion
- 2. Demonstration
- 3. Role play
- 4. Small group discussion
- 5. Clinical practice
- 6. Clinical case presentation
- 7. Clinical teaching
- 8. Simulation
- 9. Case study

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Charts
- 6. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| | Teaching learning | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Contents | activities | Т | L | Р |
| 1.Introduction to emergency and critical | Lecture | 8 | | |
| nursing | Brain storming | | | |
| -Emergency and critical care nursing | Group discussion | | | |
| -Critical care unit: ICU, CCU, HDU | Presentation | | | |
| -Psychosocial, spiritual concerns in care | | 1 | | |
| of clientsunder emergency and | | | | |
| critical conditions | | | | |
| -Ethical and legal issues relevant to the | | | | |
| care ofclients with critical conditions | | | | |
| and dying. | | | | |
| - Euthanasia | | | | |
| - Prolonging life | | | | |
| 2.The end-of-life care in critical setting | Lecture cum | 4 | | |
| -End-of-life care | discussion | | | |
| -Palliative care | Role Play | | | |
| | Quiz test | | | |
| 3.Patients and families with cardiac | Lecture cum | 6 | 6 | |
| emergency: etiology, signs and symptoms | discussion | | | |
| and nursing managementof: | Group discussion | | | |
| -Myocardial infarction | Case presentation | | | |
| -Cardiac arrhythmia | Demonstration | | | |
| -Cardiothoracic surgery | | | | |
| -IV infusion and monitoring | | | | |
| 4.Cardiopulmonary resuscitation | Lecture cum | 4 | 6 | |
| -BLS: Circulation, Airway, and Breathing | discussion | | | |
| -Advanced Cardiac Life Support (ACLS) | Demonstration | | | |
| - Defibrillator | Quiz test | | | |
| | Video Assisted | | | |
| | Learning (VAL) | | | |
| 5.Patients and families with shock: Etiology, | Lecture cum | 6 | 6 | |
| signs and symptoms, and nursing | discussion | | | |
| management of: | Group | | | |
| -Cardiac shock | discussion and | | | |
| -Neurogenic shock | presentation | | | |

| -Septic shock | | Case | | | |
|--|---|--------------------|---|---|--|
| -Anaphylactic shock | | presentation | | | |
| -Anaphylactic shock | | Demonstration | | | |
| 6.Patients and families with pulmonary | • | Lecture cum | 4 | 6 | |
| | | discussion | 7 | 0 | |
| emergency: | | | | | |
| -Etiology, signs and symptoms, and | | Group discussion | | | |
| nursing management of: | • | Case presentation | | | |
| -Respiratory failure and ARDS (Adult | • | Demonstration | | | |
| Respiratory Distress Syndrome) | • | Quiz test | | | |
| -Chest trauma emergencies | | 1 (| 4 | _ | |
| 7. Nursing management with clients on | • | Lecture cum | 4 | 6 | |
| mechanicalventilation | | discussion | | | |
| - Care of Intubation and extubation | • | Video assisted | | | |
| - Care of ventilator dependent patient | | learning(VAL) | | | |
| - | • | Demonstration | 1 | | |
| 8.Patients and families with neurological | • | Lecture cum | 4 | 6 | |
| emergency-etiology, signs and symptoms, | | discussion | | | |
| and nursing management of: | • | Role play | | | |
| -Coma | • | VAL | | | |
| -Head injury | • | Case | | | |
| -Spinal cord injury | | presentation | | | |
| -Stroke | • | Demonstration | | | |
| 9. Patients and families with acid-base | • | Lecture cum | 4 | | |
| disturbances:etiology, signs and symptoms, | | discussion | | | |
| and nursing management | | | | | |
| 10. Patients and families with renal | • | Lecture cum | 4 | | |
| emergency-etiology, signs and symptoms, | | discussion | | | |
| and nursing management of: | • | Group discussion | | | |
| - Acute Renal failure | • | Case presentation | | | |
| | • | Demonstration | | | |
| 11. Patients and families with metabolic | • | Lecture cum | 2 | 2 | |
| emergency:Etiology, signs and symptoms, | | discussion | | | |
| and nursing management of: | • | Demonstration | | | |
| - DKA (Diabetic ketoacidosis) | • | Quiz test | | | |
| , | | | | | |
| 12. Patients and families with multi systems | • | Lecture cum | 4 | | |
| failure:etiology, signs and symptoms, and | | discussion | | | |
| nursing management | | | | | |
| 13.Burn: etiology, signs and symptoms, and | • | Lecture cum | 4 | 2 | |
| nursing management | | discussion | | | |
| | • | Demonstration | | | |
| | • | Visit to burn unit | | | |
| 14. Patients and families with drug | | | - | - | |

| overdose & attempt to suicide | Lecture cum |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| | discussion |
| | Role play |
| | Quiz test |
| 15. Emergency drugs and its uses | Group discussion 2 |
| | and |
| | presentation |

Clinical Practice = 240 hours

Topics

Clinical practice to meet the objectives of the subject

Clinical teaching:

- -EKG interpretation
- -Mechanical ventilation
- -BLS and ALS
- -Defibrillator
- -Cardiac monitor
- -Drug calculation
- -IV infusion
- -Endotracheal intubation
- -Tracheostomy
- -Dialysis
- -Crash cart
- -GCS
- -Others as appropriate

Clinical conference:

-Selected interesting cases in the ward

- 1. Urden, L. D., Stacy, K. M., & Lough, M. E. (2022). *Critical care nursing:* diagnosis and management. Elsevier Health Sciences.
- 2. Burns, S. M., & Delgado, S. A. (2019). *AACN essentials of critical care nursing*.McGraw Hill Education.
- 3. Baid, H., Creed, F., Hargreaves, J. & Adam, S. K. (2016). Oxford handbook of critical care nursing. Oxford University Press.
- 4. Mehta, Y., Sharma, J., & Gupta, M. (Eds.). (2015). *Textbook of critical careincluding trauma and emergency care.* JP Medical Ltd.
- 5. Weaver, A. L., Keogh, J. E. & Terry, C. L., (2011). Critical care nursing demystified.McGraw Hill.

Medical and Surgical Nursing -II

Subject code: B334

Theory : 108 hours (6.75 Credits)
Laboratory : 56 hours (1.75 Credits)
Practical : 288 hours (6 Credits)

Goal: The goal of this subject is to gain in-depth knowledge and clinical decision-making skills in providing holistic care to adult clients with medical and surgical problems.

Learning Objectives: After completion of the subject student will be able to:

- 1. identify the simple and complex health situations of adult clients with alterations of cardio-vascular and genitourinary system
- 2. describe the alteration of male reproductive system, hematologic and lymphatic system, immunesystem.
- 3. identify the oncological problems -tumor and neoplasm & palliative care;
- 4. explain the medical & surgical conditions of the eye and ENT.
- 5. describe the problems with HIV/AIDS including voluntary counseling and testing.
- 6. explain the ethical consideration related to care of adult clients including client's rights, informed consent, justice and advocacy.

Subject requirements:

1. Class attendance: 85%

2. Lab attendance: 85%

3. Practice attendance: 100%

Teaching-learning activities:

- 1. Lecture and discussion
- 2. Demonstration
- 3. Role play
- 4. Small group discussion
- 5. Clinical practice
- 6. Clinical case presentation
- 7. Clinical teaching
- 8. Simulation
- 9. Case study

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Flip chart
- 6. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| | Teaching learning | | | |
|--|--|----|----|---|
| Contents | activities | Т | L | Р |
| 1.Adult clients with alterations in cardiovascular system: Etiology, Pathophysiology, signs and symptoms, medical, surgical, and nursing management of: Review of Anatomy and physiology of the cardiovascular system History, physical assessment, and diagnostic tests. Disorders of vascular system-Hypertension, arteriosclerosis, Raynaud's disease, and aneurysm Coronary artery diseases coronary atherosclerosis, Angina pectoris Valvular problems: stenosis & regurgitations Pericarditis, infective endocarditis and myocarditis Congestive heart failure Varicose vein Rheumatic heart disease Post-surgical management of clients with cardiovascular surgery | Lecture cum discussion Group discussion Case presentation Demonstration | 24 | 10 | |
| 2. Adult clients with alterations in genitourinary system: Etiology, Pathophysiology, signs and symptoms, medical, surgical, and nursing management of: Review of Anatomy and physiology of the genitourinary system History, physical assessment, and diagnostic tests. | Lecture cum discussion Group discussion Case presentation Demonstration | 16 | 12 | |

| | T | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|----|---|--|
| Urinary tract infection – Upper and lower | | | | |
| - Urinary tract obstruction | | | | |
| - Urolithiasis | | | | |
| - Urinary incontinence | | | | |
| - Glomerulonephritis | | | | |
| - Nephritis, Nephrotic syndrome | | | | |
| - Chronic renal failure | | | | |
| - Pre - Post operative management | | | | |
| and care of urological surgery | | | | |
| 3. Adult clients with alteration in male | Lecture cum | | | |
| reproductive system: Etiology, | discussion | | | |
| Pathophysiology, signs and symptoms, | Group discussion | | | |
| medical, surgical, and nursing | Case presentation | | | |
| management of: | Demonstration | \ | | |
| - Review of Anatomy and physiology of | | | | |
| the male reproductive system | | | | |
| - History, physical assessment, and | | | | |
| diagnostic tests. | | | | |
| Disorders of prostate - inflammation, | | 12 | 8 | |
| infection, stricture, obstruction, and | | | | |
| Benign prostate hypertrophy | | | | |
| - Infections of testis, penis and adjacent | | | | |
| structures -Epididymitis, and Orchitis | | | | |
| - Sexual dysfunction, infertility, | | | | |
| contraception | | | | |
| - Male Breast Disorders – gynecomastia | | | | |
| - Sexually transmitted diseases | | | | |
| 4.Adult clients with alterations in | Lecture cum | 10 | 4 | |
| hematologic and lymphatic system: | discussion | | | |
| Etiology, Pathophysiology, signs and | Group discussion | | | |
| symptoms, medical, surgical, and nursing | Case presentation | | | |
| management of: | Demonstration | | | |
| - Anemia | | | | |
| - Bleeding disorder | | | | |
| - Leukemia | | | | |
| - Lymphoma | | | | |
| 5.Adult clients with pain: | Lecture cum | 2 | 8 | |
| - Concept of pain | discussion | | | |
| - Pain assessment | Group discussion | | | |
| - Pain management | Demonstration | | | |
| 6.Adult clients with alterations in immune | Lecture cum | 6 | | |
| system and HIV/AIDS: Etiology, | discussion | | | |

| pa | thophysiology, signs and symptoms, | • | Group discussion | | | |
|----|---|---|------------------|----|----|--|
| - | edical, surgical, and nursing | • | Role play | | | |
| | anagement of: | • | Demonstration | | | |
| _ | Review of Anatomy and physiology of | | | | | |
| | the immune system | | | | | |
| _ | History, physical assessment, and | | | | | |
| | diagnostic tests | | | | | |
| _ | HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, | | | | | |
| | Transmission, Prevention of | | | | | |
| | Transmission, Role of Nurse; | | | | | |
| | Counseling, Health education and | | | | | |
| | home care consideration, and | | | | | |
| | rehabilitation | | | | | |
| Sv | stemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) | | | | | |
| | Adult clients with oncological | • | Lecture cum | 16 | 12 | |
| | conditions: Etiology, pathophysiology, | | discussion | | | |
| | signs and symptoms, medical, surgical, | • | Group discussion | | | |
| | and nursing management of: | | Role play | | | |
| _ | Structure and characteristics of | | Demonstration | | | |
| | normal and cancer cells | | Bollionotidatori | | | |
| _ | History, physically assessment, | | | | | |
| | diagnostic tests | | | | | |
| _ | Screening and early detections | | | | | |
| _ | Warning signs of cancer | | | | | |
| _ | Epidemiology, etiology, classification, | | | | | |
| | Pathophysiology, staging clinical | | | | | |
| | manifestations, diagnosis, treatment | | | | | |
| | modalities and medical and surgical, | | | | | |
| | nursing management and adverse | | | | | |
| | complications of oncological condition | | | | | |
| _ | Lung cancer | | | | | |
| - | Breast cancer | | | | | |
| - | Cervical cancer | | | | | |
| _ | Stomach cancer | | | | | |
| _ | Psychological aspects of cancer- | | | | | |
| | anxiety,depression, insomnia, anger | | | | | |
| - | Palliative care | | | | | |
| - | Supportive care | | | | | |
| - | Hospice care | | | | | |
| - | - Ethical issues related to care of | | | | | |
| | clients with cancer: truth-telling, | | | | | |
| | advocacy | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

| | Adult clients with disorders of the eyes | • | Lecture cum | 22 | 2 | |
|----|--|---|------------------|----|---|--|
| ar | nd vision problem, and ENT: Etiology, | | discussion | | | |
| 1 | gns and symptoms, nursing problems | • | Group discussion | | | |
| ar | nd interventions of: | • | Demonstration | | | |
| - | Review of anatomy and physiology of | | | | | |
| th | e eye | | | | | |
| - | History, eye assessment, diagnostic | | | | | |
| | test | | | | | |
| • | Eye disorders | | | | | |
| | -Conjunctivitis | | | | | |
| | -Glaucoma | | | | | |
| | -Refractive errors | | | | | |
| | -Cataract | | | | | |
| | -Cornea- inflammation and infection | | | | | |
| | -Eye injury | | | 1 | | |
| | -Retinal Detachment | | | | | |
| | -Review of anatomy and physiology of | | | | | |
| | the ear,nose, and throat | | | | | |
| • | History assessment, diagnostic test | | | | | |
| • | Ear disorders | | | | | |
| | •Mastoiditis | | | | | |
| | Hearing impairment and its | | | | | |
| | management | | | | | |
| | · Nose disorders | | | | | |
| | -Nasal polyps | | | | | |
| | -Deviated septum | | | | | |
| | -Sinusitis | | | | | |
| | -Epistaxis | | | | | |
| | · Throat disorders | | | | | |
| | -Tonsilitis, pharyngitis, laryngitis | | | | | |
| | -Throat cancer | | | | | |
| | Pre-Postsurgical management of | | | | | |
| | clients witheye and ENT surgery | | | | | |

Clinical Practical Part = 288 hrs.

Students are required to practice and improve skills specified in the checklist bookthroughout the Course.

- 1. Hinkle, J.L., Cheever, K.H & Overbaugh, K. (2021). *Brunner & Suddarth's Textbookof Medical-Surgical Nursing*, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
- 2. Lewis, S. M. (2019). Lewis's medical-surgical nursing: Assessment and management of clinical problems, Mosby
- 3. Basavanthappa, B.T. (2015). *Medical Surgical Nursing*, Jaypee Brothers
- 4. Honan, L. (2018). *Focus on adult health: medical-surgical nursing*. LippincottWilliams & Wilkins.
- 5. Lynn, P. (2018). *Skill Checklists for Taylor's Clinical Nursing Skills*. LippincottWilliams & Wilkins.
- 6. White, L & Duncan, G. (2002). *Medical-surgical Nursing: An Integrated Approach*, Taylor & Francis.

Community Health Nursing and Epidemiology

Subject code: B335

Theory: 112 hours (7 Credits)

Laboratory: 0 hours

Practical: 192 hours (4 Credits)

Goal: The goal of this subject is to acquire knowledge and develop skills regarding community health nursing and epidemiology to prevent, promote and maintain the health of families and community surveillance in epidemic investigation of diseases.

Learning Objectives: Upon completion of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. explain concepts of community health nursing.
- 2. explain demographic trends of common diseases in Bangladesh.
- 3. discuss the cultural diversification and community approach including community participation, partnership & community empowerment.
- 4. discuss the concept of health promotion, theories of health beliefs model; illness prevention, immunization, early screening, environmental health.
- 5. illustrate the lifestyle modification.
- 6. explain the concept, elements & principles of primary health care.
- 7. discuss briefly concepts of school health, nurse's roles and responsibilities.
- 8. identify the group of vulnerable people.
- 9. explain the concept of disasters, preparedness and disasters management.
- 10. provide essential nursing management of healthy clients and clients with minor deviation across the life span i.e., infants, children, adolescents, adults and elders.
- 11. explain principles of family centered care & health beliefs and practices.
- 12. provide nursing interventions in emergency situations & special conditions.
- 13. explain the concept, ethics and human rights of global health.
- 14. describe the principles of epidemiology.
- 15. explain epidemiological measurement and methods.
- 16. explain the disease transmission process, ways of prevention.
- 17. discuss surveillance, epidemic investigation of diseases.
- 18. identify the ways (methods) of control of communicable and non-communicable diseases.
- 19. perform different procedures on the basis of contents.

Subject Requirements:

Class attendance: 85%
 Practice attendance: 100%

Teaching-Learning Activities

- 1. Lecture and discussion/Interactive lecture
- 2. Role play
- 3. Small group discussion
- 4. Clinical practice
- 5. Clinical case presentation
- 6. Clinical teaching
- 7. Simulation
- 8. Case study
- 9. Field visit.

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Flip chart
- 6. Equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | L | Р |
|---|--------------------------------|---|---|---|
| 1. Introduction to community, community | Lecture | 4 | | |
| health nursing & community-oriented | Leading to | | | |
| nursing | discuss on the | | | |
| -Demographic trends of common | topics from their | | | |
| diseases | personal view and | | | |
| -Cultural diversification in the | experience | | | |
| community. | | | | |
| -Common community health problems | | | | |
| in Bangladesh | | | | |
| -Communicable diseases | | | | |
| Non-communicable diseases | | | | |
| 2. Community approach | Lecture cum | 6 | | |
| -Community participation | discussion | | | |
| -Community empowerment | | | | |
| -Community organization | | | | |
| 2.1 Community Partnership | | | | |
| -Concept of community partnership | | | | |
| -Importance of community partnership | | | | |
| -Developing a strategic approach to | | | | |

| community partnership working | | | |
|--|------------------------|----|--|
| 3.Concept of health promotion: Individual | Lecture | 18 | |
| & family health promotion | Group discussion | | |
| Theories | • Quiz | | |
| - Health belief model | | | |
| - Trans- theoretical Model | | | |
| - Self-care model | | | |
| -Illness prevention & essential nursing | | | |
| management | | | |
| -Concept of individual health | | | |
| -National healthcare policy | | | |
| -Health care delivery systems | | | |
| -Essential Service Package | | | |
| -Modification of lifestyle & health | | | |
| behavior of individual in community | | | |
| Self-care & its management | | | |
| -Characteristics of healthy and | | | |
| unhealthy state(illness and | | | |
| wellness) | | | |
| -Immunization | | | |
| Importance of immunization in | | | |
| prevention of communicable | | | |
| diseases | | | |
| -Vaccination | | | |
| -Immunization schedule | | | |
| •Early screening, | | | |
| -Significance of early screening in | | | |
| disease/illness prevention | | | |
| -Early screening practices | | | |
| Assessment of child growth | | | |
| and development | | | |
| Breast self-examination | | | |
| Cervical cancer screening | | | |
| Mental health screening | | | |
| Environmental health Commention at the state | | | |
| -Occupational health | | | |
| -Occupational hazards | | | |
| -Injury prevention and safety promotion | . Looture | | |
| 4.Level of health care delivery system | Lecture Discussion | 3 | |
| -Primary health care | Discussion | | |
| Key elements Principles | | | |
| Principles Health facilities | | | |
| Health facilities | | | |

| | 1 | | | 1 | |
|---------------------------------------|-----|--------------|---|---|--|
| Implementation strategies | | | | | |
| -Secondary health care | | | | | |
| -Tertiary health care | | | | | |
| 5.School health | • | Lecture | 3 | | |
| -Concepts of school health | • | Discussion | | | |
| -Importance of school health | | | | | |
| -Nurses' roles and responsibilities | | | | | |
| 6.Vulnerable people | • | Lecture cum | 4 | | |
| -Women | • | Discussion | | | |
| -Children | | | | | |
| -Elderly | | | | | |
| -Disabled & | | | | | |
| -Handicapped | | | | | |
| 7.Environmental and Climate Change | • | Lecture cum | 2 | | |
| Health Issues | | discussion | 1 | | |
| -Concept of disasters | | | | | |
| -Types | | | | | |
| -Triage | | | | | |
| -Preparedness & disasters | | | | | |
| management | \ \ | | | | |
| 8.Care of clients across life span | • | Lecture cum | 6 | | |
| -Infants & Children | | discussion | | | |
| -Adolescents | • | Group | | | |
| -Adult women, men and elders | | presentation | | | |
| 9.Concept of family health nursing | • | Lecture | 3 | | |
| -Changing demographics | • | Discussion | | | |
| -Family nursing | | | | | |
| -Roles and responsibilities of a | | | | | |
| communityhealth nurses | | | | | |
| 10.Concept and principles of family | | Lecture | 4 | | |
| centered care | | Discussion | | | |
| -Family centered care | | | | | |
| -Roles of family | | | | | |
| -Communication in family | | | | | |
| -Empowerment among family members | | | | | |
| -Decision making | | | | | |
| -Coping | | | | | |
| -Values | | | | | |
| -Understanding the relationship among | | | | | |
| family members in the Bangladesh | | | | | |
| culture | | | | | |
| 11.Factors influencing family health | • | Lecture cum | 5 | | |
| Family culture and health | • | Discussion | | | |
| | 1 | | I | | |

| | T | |
|---|---------------------------------|---|
| Socioeconomic status and family | | |
| health | | |
| Spirituality and religion | | |
| Stress and crisis | | |
| Adaptation to acute and chronic | | |
| illness | | |
| 12. The nursing process of family health | Lecture cum | 2 |
| nursing | discussion | |
| 13. Counseling | Lecture cum | 2 |
| - (Individual, Family & Group) | discussion | |
| 14. Family planning and contraception | Lecture cum | 3 |
| 14. I amily planning and contraception | discussion | |
| 15.Nursing care of family during life cycle | Lecture | 6 |
| transition | | |
| | Discussion | \ |
| - Family nursing with child bearing and | Group work | |
| rearing family | Presentation | |
| - Family nursing with families in middle | | |
| years | | |
| - Family nursing with aging families | | |
| - Family nursing for caregivers | | |
| 16.Nursing care of families with special | Group work/ | 6 |
| healthproblems | Presentation | |
| -Mental illness | Lecture cum | |
| -Families with disabilities and | discussion | |
| handicapped | | |
| -Gender based violence, particularly | | |
| womenand child abuse, acid and | | |
| rape victims | | |
| -Substance abuse | | |
| -Chronic illness | | |
| 17. Global health | Lecture cum | 3 |
| -Global health issues, trends and policy | discussion | |
| -Global Health Determinants and | 41004001011 | |
| Measurements | | |
| -Ethical and Human Rights in Global | | |
| Health | | |
| -Global Health Governance | | |
| | | |
| -International Health Regulations | • Locture cum | |
| 18. Concept of epidemiology | Lecture cum | |
| -Basic demography | discussion | 6 |
| -Objectives, functions, use, principles & | | |
| types | | |
| -Epidemiological triad | | |

| Lecture cum discussion 6 | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | |
| Lecture cum discussion | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | discussion 6 • Lecture cum 20 |

Practical Part = 192 hrs.

Clinical practice: Family planning center, hospital OPD, EPI center, breast screening, cervical screening.

Field visit: Home visit, old home, disabled center, shelter home, industry, water purification center, sewage treatment center, school, drug addiction center, well baby clinic.

- 1. Stanhope, M., & Lancaster, J. (2013). Foundations of nursing in the community: Community-oriented practice. Elsevier Health Sciences.
- 2. Basavanthappa, BT. (2008). *Community Health Nursing*. Jaypee Brothers MedicalPublishers Pvt. Limited.
- 3. Kaakinen, J. R., Coehlo, D. P., Steele, R., & Robinson, M. (2018). *Family health carenursing: Theory, practice, and research.* FA Davis.
- 4. Pender, N.J., Murdaugh, C. L., & Parsons, M.A. (2015). *Health Promotion in NursingPractice*. Pearson.
- 5. Clemen-Stone, S., McGuire, S. L. & Eigsti, D. G., (2002). *Comprehensive communityhealth nursing: family, aggregate and community practice.* St. Louis, Mosby.
- 6. Park, K. (2019). *Park's textbook of preventive and social medicine*. Jabalpur, India:Banrsidas Bhanot.
- 7. Dash, B. (2017). A Comprehensive Textbook of Reviewed the 10 Countries B.Sc. in Nursing Curriculum

Fourth Year Midwifery

Subject code: B431

Theory : 88 hours (5.5 Credits)
Laboratory : 48 hours (1.5 Credits)
Practical : 336 hours (7 Credits)

Goal: The goal of this subject is to gain knowledge and develop competencies regarding midwifery, newborn and reproductive health for practice in providing comprehensive care with holistic approach.

Learning Objectives: After completion of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. introduce to midwifery; newborn nursing and reproductive health, roles, function and responsibility of nurse-midwives in the health care system; with ethics in midwifery.
- 2. identify the maternal and newborn health situations in Bangladesh; socio- economic and cultural factors affecting maternal and newborn health.
- 3. describe the government initiatives and social movements for maternal and newborn health.
- 4. explain the concept of safe motherhood, application of nursing process as basis for the practice of midwifery.
- 5. describe the fertilization; growth and development of foetus; changes and impacts of pregnancy on bio-psychosocial and spiritual aspects of women during pregnancy and mechanisms of labour.
- apply the theory and practice in providing comprehensive (promotion, supportive and restorative) and holistic care to pregnant women and their foetus and newborns and families from preconception, antenatal, labour to postnatal period; with the woman as the central figure in the care.
- 7. emphasis the placed-on management of normal delivery with active management of third stage and fourth stage of labour, immediate care of the newborns and early and exclusive breast feeding.
- 8. identify immediate care of the newborn & resuscitation; care of newborns in the first 28 days of life and special newborn care for those with congenital anomalies and abnormal conditions at birth; review pathophysiology including causes, signs and symptoms, and treatments.
- 9. describe the reproductive health, family planning, fertility & infertility, problems in reproductive health of both sexes, adolescent group, status of women, process of counseling on different issues of reproductive health problems.
- 10. explain the safe motherhood initiative and different national &

international policies & course in reproductive health. Ethical and legal issues relevant to the care of clients with reproductive health needs.

Subject Requirements:

Class attendance: 85%
 Lab attendance: 85%

3. Practice attendance: 100%4. Submission of case report

- 5. Perform practice procedure as specified in the check list
 - Antenatal assessment 10 case
 - Normal delivery assistance 10 case
 - Conduct normal delivery 10 case
 - Post natal assessment 05 cases
 - Newborn assessment 05 cases

Teaching Learning Activities:

- 1. Brainstorming
- 2. Lecture
- 3. Discussion
- 4. Demonstration
- 5. Assignment
- 6. Presentation
- 7. Role play
- 8. Clinical teaching
- 9. Case study
- 10. Scenario based learning

- 1. Laptop
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Manikins
- 6. Model, Chart, Partograph
- 7. Incubator, Phototherapy machine
- 8. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning T L | Р |
|---|---|---|
| | activities | - |
| 1.Introduction to Epidemiology of maternal and newborn heath situations in Bangladesh - Statistics of maternal and newborn heath situationsin Bangladesh - Functions and responsibility of midwifery in maternity care - Government initiatives and social movements in relation to maternal and newborn health in Bangladesh - Influences of family and community culture, values and beliefs, economic status, on maternal and newborn health | Brain storming Lecture and Discussion Group work | |
| - Different terminology in relation to midwifery | | |
| 2.Review anatomy of the reproductive | Brainstorming | |
| system and foetal skull | Lecture and | |
| | discussion 2 2 | |
| | • Video | |
| | presentation • Demonstration | |
| 3.Concept of reproductive health: | Brainstorming | |
| Adolescent Health, Adolescent Club & Adolescent Friendly Health Service (AFHS) Fertility and infertility Problems of reproductive health Premarital Counseling Counseling in different issues of reproductive health problems; sexually transmitted diseases and its prevention Safe motherhood | Lecture and discussion 2 | |
| 4.Fetal growth and development Fertilization Implantation Major stages of embryological development of the fetus Physiological changes and adaptation during pregnancy | Brainstorming Lecture and discussion Video presentation Group work | |

| Provide preconception care to eligible couples | Brain stormingLecture and2 | |
|--|--|--|
| - Preconception care and counseling | discussion | |
| - Genetic counseling | disoussion | |
| - Parenthood planning | | |
| 6.Antenatal care: | | |
| 1st trimesters: | Brain storming | |
| - Antenatal assessment(history | • Lecture 8 6 | |
| taking, physical examination, breast | Demonstration | |
| care, laboratory investigation) | | |
| - Bangladesh antenatal care guideline | | |
| - Danger sign during pregnancy | | |
| - Respectful care and compassionate | | |
| communication | | |
| • 2 nd trimesters: | | |
| - Antenatal assessment; abdominal | | |
| palpation, fetal assessment, | | |
| auscultation of fetal heart rate, | | |
| - Assessment of fetal wellbeing | | |
| (biophysical profile, cardio- | | |
| tochography, USG) | | |
| 3 rd trimester: | | |
| - Antenatal assessment; abdominal | | |
| palpation, foetal assessment, | | |
| auscultation of foetal heart rate, | | |
| - Test and screening | | |
| - Physiological changes and discomfort | | |
| duringpregnancy | | |
| - Foetal engagement | | |
| - Birth planning and complications | | |
| readiness | | |
| Health education and Nursing care | | |
| during different trimesters | | |
| - Evidence based care during antenatal | | |
| 7. Partograph | Lecture | |
| | • Video | |
| | presentation 2 2 | |
| | Demonstration | |
| | Scenario based | |
| | practice | |
| 8. Intra-natal care | Brainstorming | |
| - Normal labour and birth | Lecture | |
| - Onset of labour | Video | |

| - Pervaginal examination | presentation | |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| - onset of labour | Group discussion | |
| - Mechanism of labour | Role play | |
| - Stages of labour (1 st ,2 nd ,3 rd & 4 th stage | • Demonstration 8 6 | |
| of labor) | | |
| - Preparation of birth/delivery | | |
| - Drugs used in labour | | |
| - Physiology of labour | | |
| - Monitoring progress of labour | | |
| - Pain Management during labour | | |
| - Episiotomy | | |
| - Psychological support | | |
| Sychological support Support | Lecture | |
| | | |
| (Position, hydration, Nutrition, | • Video 4 6 | |
| Partograph, Exercise, companion etc.) | Presentation | |
| - Literature review | Searching | |
| - Per vaginal examination | literature | |
| | Demonstration | |
| 10.Active management of third stage of | Lecture and | |
| labour (AMTSL) | discussion | |
| - Steps and guideline | • Video | |
| - Placenta examination | presentation 6 4 | |
| - Fourth stage of labour | Group discussion | |
| - Assess blood loss | Role play | |
| - Assess maternal and neonatal | Demonstration | |
| wellbeing | | |
| 11.Breast feeding: | Brainstorming | |
| - Exclusive breastfeeding | Lecture and | |
| - Composition of breast milk | discussion 2 2 | |
| - Mechanism of lactation | • Video | |
| - Attachment and positioning | presentation | |
| - Benefits of breastfeeding | Demonstration | |
| 12.Postnatal care | Brainstorming | |
| -Postnatal assessment | | |
| | Lecture and discussion | |
| -Adaptation of baby at birth | | |
| -Psychological adaptation | • Demonstration 6 2 | |
| -Normal process of involution following | | |
| delivery | | |
| -Lochia | | |
| -Postnatal Family planning etc.) | | |
| -Postnatal health education (Nutrition, | | |
| personal | | |
| -hygiene, immunization | | |

| | | | | 1 | 1 |
|--|---|-----------------------------|---|---|---|
| 13.Newborn Care: | • | Lecture and | | | |
| - Assessment of newborn at birth | | discussion | | | |
| - APGAR scoring | • | Demonstration | 8 | 4 | |
| - Normal variations in newborn (e.g., | | | | | |
| caput, moulding, mongolian spots) | | | | | |
| Full physical assessment of | | | | | |
| newborn | | | | | |
| Attachment and Bonding | | | | | |
| - Kangaroo Mother Care (KMC) | | | | | |
| 15.Nursing care of normal newborn | • | Lecture and | | | |
| - Immediate newborn care | | discussion | | | |
| - Essential newborn care | • | Video | 2 | | |
| | | presentation | | | |
| 16.Nursing care of high-risk newborn | | | | | |
| - Helping Babies Breath (HBB) | • | Brain storming | | | |
| - Newborn Resuscitation | • | Lecture and | | | |
| - Newborn Thermo regulation protection | | discussion | 6 | 6 | |
| (skin to skin, Cold stress | • | Video | | | |
| cycle/hypothermia, | | presentation | | | |
| hypoglycemia/hypoxia) | • | Demonstration | | | |
| - Nutrition and hydration | | | | | |
| - Low birth weight | | | | | |
| 17.Nursing care of newborn with | • | Lecture and | 2 | | |
| congenital anomalies | | discussion | | | |
| - Esophageal atresia | • | Video | | | |
| - Omphalocele | | presentation | | | |
| - Meningocele | | | | | |
| - Imperforated anus | | | | | |
| 18. Nursing care of newborn with abnormal | • | Lecture and | | | |
| condition: | | discussion | | | |
| - Hyperbilirubinemia | • | Video | 2 | | |
| - Hemolytic disease of the newborn | | presentation | | | |
| - Rh incompatibility | | | | | |
| - Idiopathic respiratory distress | | | | | |
| syndrome (IRDS) | | | | | |
| - Neonatal seizures | | | | | |
| - Neonatal sepsis | | | | | |
| 19.Birth injury: | • | Brain storming | | | |
| - Caput succedaneum | • | Lecture and | | | |
| - Cephalohematoma | | discussion | 2 | | |
| Sub conjunctival hemorrhage, | • | Video | | | |
| | 1 | | | 1 | |
| Brachial plexus palsy 20.Family planning | | presentation Brain storming | | | |

| -Concept of Family Planning and | Lecture and |
|---|----------------------|
| contraceptive methods | discussion |
| -Types and mechanism of contraceptive | Role play |
| methods | Lecture and 4 8 |
| -MR /MVA | discussion |
| - Education and counseling on Family | Video |
| Planning methods | presentation |
| | Demonstration |
| 21. Different types of abortion and their | Lecture and |
| management | discussion |
| - Causes | Group discussion 2 |
| - Clinical features | and presentation |
| - Investigations | |
| - Complications | |
| - Medical & nursing management | |
| 22. Post Abortion Care (PAC) | Lecture and |
| - Bleeding after abortion | discussion |
| - Sex after an abortion | Group discussion 2 |
| - Side effects and complications | and presentation |
| 23. Adolescent health | Brain storming |
| - Concept | • Lecture |
| - Adolescent health issues | Group discussion 2 |
| - Importance | andpresentation |
| - National and international strategies | |
| for adolescent health | |
| 24. National and international policies and | Brain storming 2 |
| courses on reproductive health | • Lecture |
| | Group discussion |
| | andpresentation |
| 25. National and international policies and | Brain storming 2 |
| courses on reproductive health | Lecture |
| | Group discussion |
| | Presentation |
| 26. Legal and ethical issues concerning | Brain storming 2 |
| maternal and newborn care under | Lecture |
| obstetric emergencies | • Group |
| 9 | discussion and |
| | presentation |
| 27. Laws and ethical consideration in | Brain storming 2 |
| relation to the care of clients with | Lecture and |
| reproductive health needs | group |
| , | discussion |
| | |

Clinical Practice part: 336 hours

| Time | Tactice part. 330 flours | Tooching loorning | Notes |
|---------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Time | Topic | Teaching learning | Notes |
| | | Activities | |
| Day- 1 | Subject orientation | Discussion | |
| | | Goal setting | |
| | | (students) | |
| Day | Clinical practice to meet the | Assign cases | Students |
| 2 to | objectives ofthe Course at: | andsupervise | rotate |
| the end | - Antenatal clinic (ANC) | students | to different |
| of the | - Post-partum wards | | areas |
| subject | (PP)/family planning (FP)unit | | as |
| | - Labour room (LR) | | specified |
| | - Community and homes (for | | inthe |
| | domiciliarymidwifery) | | roaster |
| | Clinical TeachingAt ANC | | 1 |
| | - Antenatal assessment | | |
| | - Health education focusing on | | |
| | nutrition and childbirth | | |
| | preparation | | |
| | At LR | | |
| | - Labour monitoring by using | | |
| | partograph | | |
| | - Assisting normal delivery | | |
| | - Relieving labour pain | | |
| | - Providing psychosocial | | |
| | support | | |
| | At PP/FP | | |
| | - Breast feeding | | |
| | - Self-care and exercise | | |
| | - Newborn care | | |
| | - APGAR score, newborn | | |
| | resuscitation, helping baby's | | |
| | breath | | |
| | - Assessment of congenital | | |
| | anomalies and counseling | | |
| | Clinical conference* | | |

^{*}As appropriate, with considerations on midwifery standards, nursing ethics, legal issues, family participation etc.

- 1. Konar, H. (2018). DC Dutta's textbook of gynecology. JP Medical Ltd.
- 2. Konar, H. (2018). DC Dutta's textbook of obstetrics. JP Medical Ltd.
- 3. Marshall, J. E., & Raynor, M. D. (Eds.). (2014). *Myles' Textbook for Midwives E-Book*. Elsevier Health Sciences.

- 4. Leifer, G. (2014). *Introduction to maternity and pediatric nursing*. Elsevier HealthSciences.
- 5. Perry, S. E., Hockenberry, M. J., Cashion, K., Alden, K. R., Olshansky, E., & Lowdermilk, D. L. (2022). *Maternal child nursing care-E-Book*. Elsevier HealthSciences.
- 6. Johnson, R., & Taylor, W. (2010). *Skills for midwifery practice*. Elsevier HealthSciences.
- 7. Lindsay, P., Bagness, C., & Peate, I. (Eds.). (2018). *Midwifery Skills at a Glance*. John Wiley & Sons.
- 8. Jordan, R. G., Farley, C. L., & Grace, K. (Eds.). (2018). *Prenatal and postnatal care:a woman-centered approach*.



Obstetrical and Gynecological Nursing

Subject code: B432

Theory : 64 hours (4 Credits)
Laboratory : 24 hours (.75 Credit)
Practical : 336 hours (7 Credits)

Goal: The goal of this subject is to acquire knowledge and develop skill regarding obstetrical midwifery including gynecological nursing for providing comprehensive and holistic care to pregnant women having abnormal obstetric and their fetus/newborns and families.

Learning Objectives: After completion of the subject students will be able to:

- describe theory and practice in providing comprehensive and holistic care to pregnant women having abnormal obstetric and their fetus/newborns and families from preconception, antenatal, labour to postnatal period.
- 2. emphasis is placed on early detection of obstetric complications and conditions detrimental to health of pregnant women and their fetus.
- 3. state timely referral, and first line management for obstetric emergencies and life- threatening situations.
- 4. describe the emergency obstetric care; use of midwifery standards for quality management; ethical issues concerning the maternal and newborn health in Bangladesh.
- 5. state the Gynecological nursing, gynecological problems.
- 6. explain the diagnosis and examination, menstrual cycle, disorders of menstruation, abortion, ectopic gestation prevention of gynecological infection.
- 7. provide nursing care management of gynecological problem, inflammatory condition of female reproductive organs, benign and malignant growth, polyps, cysts, vesicular moles and displacement of uterus.

Subject Requirements:

Class attendance: 85%
 Lab attendance: 85%

3. Practice attendance: 100%4. Submission of case report

Teaching Learning activities:

- 1. Lecture
- 2. Discussion
- 3. Demonstration
- 4. Assignment
- 5. Presentation
- 6. Role play
- 7. Clinical teaching
- 8. Case study
- 9. Brainstorming
- 10. Scenario based learning

- 1. Laptop
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Manikins
- 6. Model, Chart, Partograph
- 7. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | ٦ | P | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|
| Introduction to obstetrical Nursing | Lecture | 4 | | | | |
| Common abnormal obstetrics | Discussion | | | | | |
| Factors influencing complications | | | | | | |
| in obstetrics | | | | | | |
| Midwifery roles in the | | | | | | |
| management of abnormal | | | | | | |
| obstetrics and medical condition | | | | | | |
| Legal and ethical issues | | | | | | |
| concerning maternal and | | | | | | |
| newborn care under obstetric | | | | | | |
| emergencies | | | | | | |
| -Gender based violence | | | | | | |
| 1. Risk assessment of pregnant women | Lecture | 2 | | | | |
| and early detectionof obstetric | Discussion | | | | | |
| complications | | | | | | |
| 2 Management of emergency | Lecture | 4 | | | | |
| obstetric and neonatal care(EmNOC) | Discussion | | | | | |
| and life-threatening situations | | | | | | |
| 3. Referral system of Bangladesh | | | | | | |

| health care facilities | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---|--|
| 4. Concept of Gynecology and | Lecture | 4 | |
| Gynecological Nursing Menstrual | Discussion | | |
| cycle | | | |
| 5. Inflammatory | Lecture | 4 | |
| Gynecologic disorders | Discussion | | |
| & their management | | | |
| Vulvitis | | | |
| -Vaginitis | | | |
| -Pelvic inflammatory diseases (PID) | | | |
| 6. Disorders of menstruation and their | Lecture | 4 | |
| management: | Discussion | | |
| -Metrorrhagia | Presentation | | |
| -Menorrhagia | | | |
| -Dysmenorrhoea | | 1 | |
| 7.Menopause | Lecture | 2 | |
| ' | Discussion | | |
| 8.Benign and Malignant: | Lecture | 4 | |
| -Growth | Discussion | | |
| -Polyps | Presentation | | |
| -Cysts | | | |
| -Uterine fibroids | | | |
| -Vesicular moles | | | |
| -Breast mass | | | |
| -Mastitis & breast | | | |
| abscess | | | |
| 9. Displacement of uterus and | Lecture | 2 | |
| relaxation of pelvic muscle& their | Discussion | | |
| management | Presentation | | |
| -Prolapse of uterus | | | |
| -Cystocele | | | |
| -Rectocele | | | |
| 10.Care of pregnant women at | Lecture | 8 | |
| risk/with abnormal obstetric | Discussion | | |
| complications: Impacts on bio- | Presentation | | |
| psychosocial, spiritual health of | | | |
| women and fetuses/newborns, and | | | |
| standard nursing interventions | | | |
| - Teenage pregnancy | | | |
| - Grand multiparas | | | |
| - Elderly pregnancy | | | |
| - Multiple fetuses | | | |
| - Abnormal hydramnios | | | |

| pregnancy | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--|
| - Hyperemesis gravidarum | | |
| - Iron deficiency | | |
| - Ectopic pregnancy | | |
| - Thalassemia | | |
| - Hemorrhage | | |
| Hypertensive disorder during | | |
| pregnancy | | |
| 11.Care of pregnant women with | • Lecture 6 | |
| underlying medical complications: | Discussion | |
| Pathophysiology, psychosocial, | Presentation | |
| and | | |
| spiritual aspects, needs/problems, | | |
| and nursing management of women | | |
| with- | | |
| - Hepatitis | | |
| - Rubella | | |
| Urinary tract infection | | |
| - Sexually Transmitted Diseases | | |
| (STD) | | |
| - HIV/AIDS | | |
| - Thyroid disorders | | |
| - Diabetes mellitus | | |
| - Respiratory diseases | | |
| - Heart diseases | | |
| 12.Nursing care for high-risk | Lecture 8 10 | |
| mother during intra partum | Discussion | |
| period | Presentation | |
| - Preterm labor | Case study | |
| Preterm rupture of membranes | | |
| - Post term labor | | |
| Prolapsed cord precipitate | | |
| labor/difficulty labor | | |
| Uterine rupture | | |
| Uterine prolapsed | | |
| Prolonged and obstructed | | |
| labour | | |
| - Eclampsia | | |
| • | | |
| - Shoulder dystocia | • Lecture 6 10 | |
| 13.Nursing care for women | | |
| receiving technological assistant | • Discussion | |
| during intra-partum period | Presentation Consideration | |
| Induction/Augmentation of labor | Case study | |

| - Vacuum extraction | Demonstration | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Forceps extraction | | | | |
| Cesarean section | | | | |
| Breech birth | | | | |
| 14.Nursing care for postpartum women | Lecture | 6 | 4 | |
| with complications | Discussion | | | |
| Postpartum hemorrhage (PPH) | Presentation | | | |
| Postpartum infection | Case study | | | |
| - Postpartum depression and | Demonstration | | | |
| psychosis | | | | |
| - Fistula (RVF, VVF) | | | | |

Clinical practice: 336 hours

| Time | Topic | Teaching-Learning | Notes |
|----------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | · | Activities | |
| Day- 1 | Subject orientation | Discussion | |
| Day 2 to | Clinical practice to meet the | Assign cases and | Students |
| the end | objectives of theCourse at: | supervise | rotate to |
| of the | -Antenatal clinic (ANC) | students | different |
| Course | -Post-partum wards | | areas |
| | (PP)/family planning | | as |
| | (FP)unit | | specified |
| | -Labour room (LR) | | in the |
| | -Community and homes | | roaster |
| | (for domiciliarymidwifery) | | |
| | Clinical Teaching: | | |
| | At ANC | | |
| | -Risk assessment | | |
| | -Health education focusing | | |
| | on preventionand | | |
| | detection of abnormal | | |
| | conditions | | |
| | At Labour room | | |
| | -Assisting technological | | |
| | assisting delivery | | |
| | -Management of obstetric | | |
| | emergency | | |
| | At Postpartum/Family | | |
| | planning | | |
| | -Counseling | | |
| | Clinical conference* | | |

*As appropriate, with considerations on midwifery standards, nursing ethics, legal issues, family participation etc.

- 1. Konar, H. (2018). DC Dutta's textbook of gynecology. JP Medical Ltd.
- 2. Konar, H. (2018). DC Dutta's textbook of obstetrics. JP Medical Ltd.
- 3. Marshall, J. E., & Raynor, M. D. (Eds.). (2014). *Myles' Textbook for Midwives E- Book*. Elsevier Health Sciences.
- 4. Leifer, G. (2014). *Introduction to maternity and pediatric nursing*. Elsevier Health Sciences.
- 5. Perry, S. E., Hockenberry, M. J., Cashion, K., Alden, K. R., Olshansky, E., &Lowdermilk, D. L. (2022). *Maternal child nursing care-E-Book*. Elsevier HealthSciences.
- 6. Johnson, R., & Taylor, W. (2010). *Skills for midwifery practice*. Elsevier Health Sciences.
- 7. Lindsay, P., Bagness, C., & Peate, I. (Eds.). (2018). *Midwifery Skills at a Glance*. John Wiley & Sons.
- 8. Jordan, R. G., Farley, C. L., & Grace, K. (Eds.). (2018). *Prenatal and postnatal care:a woman-centered approach*. John Wiley & Sons.

Nursing Administration and Management

Subject code: B433

Theory: 48 hours (3 Credits)

Laboratory: 0 hours

Practical: 144 hours (3 Credits)

Goal: The goal of this subject is to gain knowledge and develop skill regarding nursing administration and management for practicing effective nursing leadership and management.

Learning Objectives: After completion of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. explain the concept of nursing management & leadership
- 2. describe the health care delivery systems in Bangladesh, leadership in healthcare, innovation and systems thinking
- 3. identify the contemporary issues in health care & enhance interprofessional practice
- 4. identify & describe different issues related to nursing management
- 5. describe the planned change, change management, delegation & supervision.
- 6. describe the inventory and resource management.
- 7. enumerate the health economics & health care financing system
- 8. describe organizational behavior and human relations
- 9. explain the quality assurance, use of standard for quality management in nursing services; and practice as a team leader at clinical and community setting.

Subject Requirements:

Class attendance: 85%
 Practice attendance: 100%

Teaching Learning activities:

- 1. Lecture
- 2. Discussion
- 3. Demonstration
- 4. Assignment
- 5. Presentation
- 6. Role play
- 7. Clinical teaching
- 8. Case study

- 9. Field visit
- 10. Brain storming

- 1. Laptop
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board & Marker
- 5. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | L | Р |
|---|------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| 1.Introduction to Nursing Management: | Brain storming | | | |
| Concept of Nursing Administration | Lecture | 4 | | |
| and Management | Discussion | | | |
| Principles and levels of | | | | |
| management | | | | |
| Management process | | | | |
| (planning,organizing, staffing, | | | | |
| directing, controlling and | | | | |
| budgeting) | | | | |
| Role of a nurse as a manager | | | | |
| 2. Leadership | Brain storming | | | |
| Concept and Definition | Lecture | 6 | | |
| Leadership principles and | Discussion | | | |
| competencies | Role play | | | |
| Leadership Styles: | | | | |
| Situational leadership, | | | | |
| Transformational | | | | |
| leadership | | | | |
| Leadership Roles | | | | |
| Methods of leadership development | | | | |
| Mentorship/preceptorship in nursing | | | | |
| Historical background of leaders | | | | |
| in Bangladeshnursing | | | | |
| profession | | | | |
| Factors influencing effective | | | | |
| nursing leadership and | | | | |
| management | | | | |
| Leadership in Healthcare: | | | | |

| Definition, roles and | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---|--|
| importance of leadership in | | | |
| healthcare | | | |
| 3. Innovation & System Thinking: | Lecture | | |
| -Concept, types, characteristics and | Discussion | 4 | |
| importance | | | |
| - Cycle of innovation | | | |
| - Hospital Layout Planning | | | |
| 4. Contemporary Issues in Health Care | Lecture | | |
| Human experience of illness and | Discussion | | |
| health | | 4 | |
| Ethical and moral implications | | | |
| - Genetics/genomics | | | |
| Emerging Demographic Trends and | | | |
| Bioethics | | | |
| Addiction (Substance abuse and | | | |
| social media) | | | |
| Culture and health care disparities | | | |
| Inter-professional practice: | | | |
| Concepts, goal, principles, | | | |
| implications. | | | |
| 5. Time management | Lecture | | |
| Definition, principles and | Discussion | 2 | |
| importance | | | |
| Techniques of personal and work | | | |
| place time management | | | |
| - Basic steps of time management | | | |
| 6. Conflict management | Lecture | | |
| - Concept | Discussion | 2 | |
| - Sources | | | |
| Conflict management strategies: | | | |
| Compromising, Competing, | | | |
| Cooperating-accommodating, | | | |
| smoothing, Avoiding, Collaborating | | | |
| - Effects of conflict | | | |
| - Stress management | | | |
| 7. Organization & organizational change; | • Lecture | | |
| - Concept of organization | Discussion | | |
| - Levels/types of organization | | 2 | |
| - Characteristics | | | |
| - Functions | | | |
| - Organogram | | | |
| 8. Planned change and Change | Lecture | | |

| Γ | |
|--|------------------|
| Management | Discussion 2 |
| - Change theory | |
| Change strategies | |
| Planned change as a collaborative | |
| process | |
| -Definition, types, elements, steps, | |
| benefits, principles and models of | |
| change management | |
| 9. Inventory management: | Brain storming |
| - Concept of inventory | Lecture |
| management, inventory control | Discussion 2 |
| and role of nurse's procurement | Assignment |
| and purchasing | 7 toolgillione |
| Auditing and maintenance in | |
| hospital and patient care unit | |
| | Lecture |
| 10. Resource Management & Job | |
| Description | Discussion 4 |
| - Human resources | |
| - Financial resources | |
| - Material resources | |
| - Continuing Professional | |
| Development (CPD) for nurse | |
| Job Description | |
| 11. Health Economics | Lecture |
| Definition, principles and scopes of | Discussion |
| health economics | Assignment 4 |
| Health care Financing | |
| Different health care financing | |
| models | |
| Overview of the health care | |
| financing system in Bangladesh | |
| Health Insurance and Risk Pooling | |
| Health care Market and Competition | |
| - Ethical Issues in Health Economics | |
| 12. Organizational Behavior and Human | • Lecture 6 |
| Relations | Discussion |
| - Concepts and theories of | Group work |
| organizational behavior | |
| - Group dynamics | |
| Review inter-personal relationship | |
| - Human relations | |
| - Public relations in the context of | |
| nursing | |
| i nuisino | |

| - Relations with professional | |
|---|------------------|
| associations andemployee | |
| union | |
| Collective bargaining | |
| Communication in the | |
| workplace | |
| Assertive communication | |
| 13.Nursing delegation and supervision | Brain storming 2 |
| Concept of delegation | Lecture |
| & supervision | Discussion |
| Nurses' role in | Assignment |
| clinical supervision | |
| 14.Concept of performance | • Lecture 1 |
| appraisal | Discussion |
| 15. Quality Assurance | 1 |
| Quality Control & | Lecture |
| quality improvement | Discussion |
| Information | |
| management system | |
| 16. Record keeping and reporting | • Lecture 1 |
| Principles of good record keeping | Discussion |
| Characteristics of good report | |
| Nursing reports used in hospital | |
| settings | |
| 17. Budget & Budgeting | • Lecture 1 |
| Concept of budget and budgeting | Discussion |
| - Auditing | |

Clinical Practice: 144 hours

- 1. Clinical practice to meet the objectives of the course.
- 2. Selected issues currently concerned related to leadership and management issues (i.e., staffing, budgeting, inter-professional practice etc.)
- 3. Clinical conference: Topic selected according to assigned topic.

^{*}Role play as a Nurse administrator, leader, manager, nurse teacher, nursing supervisor and wardin-charge

| Number of | Topics | Teaching-Learning | Notes |
|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Hours | Topics | Activities | NOIGS |
| | Cubicat | Discussion on clinical | |
| 4 hours | Subject | | |
| | Orientation | practice guideline, | |
| 4 hours | Practice area | Introduce students by/to Clinical | |
| | orientation | Nursing Instructor to the Senior | |
| | | Staff Nurse, ward staffs and | |
| | | environment. | |
| | Clinical practice | Assign students to work as a | |
| | to meet the | member/leader | |
| | objectives of the | Students have to conduct post | |
| 136 hours will be | Course | conference at the end of the | |
| distributed by the | Pre and Post | week. | |
| responsible | Conference at | Pre and Post Conference to be | |
| teacher according | the end of every | conducted with the students | |
| to syllabusand | week | Role play as nurse | |
| available hospital | As a Nurse | administrator, leader, manager, | |
| facilities | administrator, | nurse teacher, nursing | |
| | leader, | supervisor and ward in-charge | |
| | manager, nurse | Assignment submits to the | |
| | teacher, nursing | Subject teacher in every week. | |
| | supervisor and | | |
| | ward in-charge | | |
| | Assignment | | |

Suggested Reading Materials:

- 1. Grohar-Murray, M. E., &DiCroce, H &Langan, J. (2011). *Leadership andmanagement in nursing*. Pearson.
- 2. Marquis, B. L., & Huston, C. J. (2009). *Leadership roles and management functions in nursing: Theory and application*. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- 3. Vana, P. K., Vottero, B. A., &Altmiller, G. (Eds.). (2022). Quality and safety education for nurses: core competencies for nursing leadership and care management. Springer Publishing Company.
- 4. BT Basuvanthappa, Nursing Administration, 3rd edition, 2014Jaypee.

Nursing Education

Subject code: B434

Theory : 56 hours (3.5 Credits)
Laboratory : 12 hours (.38 Credits)
Practical : 144 hours (3 Credits)

Goal: The goal of this subject is to gain competencies regarding teaching and curriculum development.

Learning Objectives: After completion of the subject students will be able to:

- 1. explain the concept and history of nursing education, educational philosophy and educational psychology.
- 2. describe the concept of Inter-professional education and collaborative practice.
- 3. describe the theories and principles of education.
- 4. describe the educational methods,
- 5. describe the concept of instructional material development
- 6. develop and use of different instructional materials.
- 7. demonstrate the ability to conduct micro-teaching.
- 8. explain educational assessment system.
- 9. develop different assessment tools.
- 10. explain the concept, nature, principles, and purposes of curriculum.
- 11. demonstrate the ability to develop and evaluate curriculum.

Subject Requirements:

1. Class attendance: 85%

2. Lab attendance: 85%

3. Practice attendance: 100%

Teaching-Learning Activities:

- 1. Lecture
- 2. Discussion
- 3. Demonstration
- 4. Assignment
- 5. Presentation
- 6. Role play
- 7. Clinical teaching
- 8. Case study
- 9. Field visit
- 10. Brain storming

Teaching Materials

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board and marker
- 5. Books
- 6. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | L | Р |
|--|---------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Concept of nursing philosophy and | Lecture cum | 2 | | |
| nursing education | discussion | | | |
| -Components of nursing philosophy | | | | |
| -Importance nursing philosophy | | 1 | | |
| 2. Current trends & nursing education, | Lecture | 2 | | |
| social science | Discussion | | | |
| 3. Different terminologies: | | 2 | | |
| Definition of various | Lecture | | | |
| terminologies commonlyused or | Discussion | | | |
| related to the Subject | | | | |
| Definition, purpose and process of | | | | |
| education | | | | |
| 4. Philosophy of nursing education & | | | | |
| educational psychology | Lecture cum | | | |
| Concept of Inter-professional | discussion | 2 | | |
| education | | | | |
| - Collaborative practice on the basis | | | | |
| of Inter-professional education | | | | |
| - Importance of inter-professional | | | | |
| education | | | | |
| 5. Theories in teaching and learning | | | | |
| Learning theories | Lecture cum | 2 | | |
| Behaviorism | discussion | | | |
| Constructivism | | | | |
| Learning theories in education | | | | |
| Important in learning theories | | | | |
| 6. Learning: | | | | |
| Definition of learning | Lecture cum | 2 | | |
| Principles of learning | discussion | | | |
| -Motivation | | | | |
| -Social relation | | | | |
| -Physical environment | | | | |
| 7.Nurse teacher | | | | |

| | | | T 1 |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|-----|
| Concept of nurse teacher | Lecture cum | 2 | |
| Qualities of nurse teacher | discussion | | |
| Roles and responsibilities of nurse | | | |
| teacher | | | |
| Functions of nurse teacher | | | |
| 8. Teaching: | | | |
| Definition of teaching | Lecture cum | 2 | |
| Purpose of teaching | discussion | | |
| Factors influencing teaching | | | |
| (Factors related to teacher, | | | |
| students, strategies & others) | | | |
| 9. Teaching techniques: | Lecture cum | | |
| Classroom management | discussion | 2 | |
| Regulation of physical environment | Group discussion | | |
| Handling attendance | and presentation | \ | |
| - Regulation of activities | |) | |
| Handling instructional materials | | | |
| 10. Teaching methods: | | | |
| - Selection of | Lecture cum | 6 | |
| appropriate Teaching | discussion | | |
| Methodologies | Group discussion | | |
| - Lecture method | and presentation | | |
| - Discussion method | dia procentation | | |
| Clinical teaching | | | |
| - Case study | | | |
| Demonstration method | | | |
| - Simulation | | | |
| - Role play | | | |
| - Brain storming | | | |
| - Field trip/Field visit | | | |
| - Tutorial method | | | |
| - Seminar | | | |
| | | | |
| 11. Teaching Aids: Definition and types; | Lecture cum | 2 | |
| uses and functions, guidelines, | discussion | | |
| preparation, and importance | | | |
| - Handout | Group discussion and presentation | | |
| - White Board | and presentation | | |
| - Posters | | | |
| - Charts | | | |
| - Flip chart | | | |
| - Flash cards | | | |
| Multimedia projector & screen, | | | |
| Computer | | | |

| Vidoo projector | | |
|--|------------------------|--|
| - Video projector | a Locture | |
| 12. Lesson plan: | • Lecture | |
| - Developing lesson plan | • Group 2 | |
| • Lecture | discussion | |
| Demonstration | presentation | |
| Clinical teaching | | |
| 13.Micro-teaching | • Lecture | |
| - Technique of micro-teaching | • Group discussion 4 6 | |
| Advantages and disadvantages of | Presentation | |
| micro-teaching | Demonstration | |
| Conduct the micro-teaching in | | |
| different nursingcolleges | | |
| 14.Concept of curriculum and syllabus: | | |
| Definition of curriculum & syllabus | • Lecture cum 4 | |
| Purposes of curriculum | discussion | |
| development | | |
| Difference between curriculum & | | |
| syllabus | | |
| Components of curriculum | | |
| - Functions of curriculum | | |
| 15.The nature and purposes of curriculum | | |
| Factors influence on curriculum | • Lecture cum 4 | |
| development | discussion | |
| Need for curriculum revision/ | | |
| change | | |
| Level of curriculum planning | | |
| Factors influence on curriculum | | |
| planning | | |
| 16. The nature and purposes of | | |
| curriculum andcurriculum | • Lecture cum 2 | |
| documents: | discussion | |
| | discussion | |
| Statutory body & its functionCurriculum Committee and its | | |
| | | |
| purposes | | |
| - Core curriculum | | |
| - Standard | | |
| 17. Analysis of learning needs | • Lecture 1 | |
| | discussion | |
| 18.Task analysis | • Lecture 1 | |
| | discussion | |
| 19.Curriculum structure: | | |
| Formulation of the educational | • Lecture cum 4 6 | |
| objectives | discussion | |

| Bloom's Taxonomy of educational objectives | Demonstration |
|---|--|
| 22. Method of Assessment: - Definition - Types - Purpose - Steps - Criteria for effective Assessment | • Lecture cum discussion |
| 23. Tools of assessment: - Written examination - Essay, short, objective & MCQ - Oral examination - Performance test - Procedural check list | Lecture cum discussion Group discussion and presentation |

Teaching practice, curriculum presentation:144 hours

| Time | Topic |
|---------------------|--|
| Day 1 | Subject orientation |
| Day 2 to the end of | Teaching practice: |
| theteaching | - Develop lesson plan |
| practice | Conduct the microteaching in |
| | different nursingcolleges/institutes |
| | Class room teaching |
| | Demonstration in lab |
| | Clinical teaching |
| | - Curriculum workshop |
| | Develop a curriculum for short Course |

Suggested Reading Materials:

- 1. Francis, M. Quinn. (2013). *Quinn's Principles and Practice of Nurse Education*. UK:Cengage Learning EMEA.
- 2. Basavanthappa, B. T. (2008). *Nursing Education*, Jaypee Brothers.
- 3. Guilbert, J. J., & World Health Organization. (1998). *Educational handbook for health personnel*. World Health Organization.
- 4. Billings, D. M., & Halstead, J. A. (2019). *Teaching in nursing e-book: A Guide for Faculty*. Elsevier Health Sciences.
- 5. Oermann, M. H., De Gagne, J. C., NPD-BC, C. N. E., & Phillips, B. C. (2017). Teaching in nursing and role of the educator: The complete guide to best practice in teaching, evaluation, and curriculum development. Springer Publishing Company

Research and Bio-statistics

Subject code: B435

Theory : 56 hours (3.5 Credits)
Laboratory : 12 hours (.37 Credits)
Practical : 96 hours (2 Credits)

Goal The goal of this subject is to acquire knowledge and develop skills regarding research, evidence-based nursing and bio-statistics for integration evidence into practices.

Learning Objectives: Upon completion of this subject students will be able to:

- explain the introduction to research in nursing; research process including identification and justification of research problem and question,
- 2. **c**onstruct research objective, questions and hypotheses,
- 3. describe the literature review, research methodology, research instruments, data analysis and interpretation
- 4. describe the implications to nursing practice; critiquing a research, annotated bibliography, writing a research proposal and writing research report.
- 5. explain the significance of EBN to quality of care.
- 6. Identify the barriers of EBN and strategies to overcome these.
- 7. explain the principles of integration of evidence into practices.
- 8. explain concept of bio-statistics
- 9. describe the methods of data collection, analysis, interpretation of health-related data and statistics
- 10. prepare scientific manuscript and publishing scientific article.

Subject Requirements:

Class attendance: 85%
 Lab attendance: 85%

3. Practice attendance: 100%

Teaching Learning activities:

- Lecture
- 2. Discussion
- 3. Demonstration
- 4. Assignment
- 5. Presentation
- 6. Brainstorming

Teaching Materials:

- 1. Computer
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board and marker
- 5. Books
- 6. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | L | Р |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| 1.Research and Research Process - Definition of research - Types of research - Importance of research - Scope of nursing research - Characteristics of good research - Steps of research process - Research ethics: principles, protection of humanrights, informed consent | LectureDiscussion | 4 | | |
| 2.Literature review - Types - Sources - Function and role of good literature review - Criteria of good literature review - Steps and techniques of literature review - Importance of literature review | LectureDiscussionGroup work | 2 | | |
| 3. Research problem and objectives Sources and identification of problem Formulation of problem statement Criteria of a good research problem Criteria of a good research title Types of research objectives Writing research objectives | LectureDiscussionBrainstorming | 2 | | |
| 4. Hypothesis & question - Definition - Types | Lecture Discussion | 2 | | |

| 0 | | |
|---|------------------|--|
| - Characteristics of good hypothesis | | |
| - Components of hypothesis | | |
| Formulation of hypothesis | | |
| 5. Variables | Lecture | |
| Definition | Discussion | |
| Types of variables | | |
| Measurement of variable | 2 | |
| Operational definition of variables | | |
| 6. Research Design | Lecture | |
| Types of research design | Discussion | |
| Elements of research design | 2 | |
| Characteristics of research design | | |
| 7. Population and Sample | Lecture | |
| - Definition, types | Discussion | |
| Sampling techniques | 2 | |
| Prerequisite of good sample | | |
| Sample size estimation | | |
| 8. Data and data collection | • Lecture | |
| Definition, types and sources of | Discussion | |
| data | 2 4 | |
| Purpose of data collection | | |
| Methods and tools of data | | |
| collection | | |
| Data collection procedure | | |
| Measurement & psychometric property | | |
| - Research tools | Lecture | |
| Constructions of research | • Discussion 2 | |
| questionnaire | Discussion | |
| Validity and reliability | | |
| Threats of validity | | |
| | | |
| Measures to improve validity Dilet study | | |
| Pilot study10.Research framework/model | Lecture | |
| | | |
| - Theoretical | • Discuss 2 | |
| - Conceptual | Self-study | |
| 11.Data analysis, interpretation & | • Lecture | |
| discussion | • Discussion 4 4 | |
| - Definition | • Group work | |
| - Procedures of data entering / | Self-study | |
| editing using computer assisted | | |
| course | | |
| - Presenting the data | | |
| 12.Research proposal | Assignment | |

| D - 6:- 11: | D |
|--|----------------|
| - Definition | Presentation 2 |
| Component of research proposal | |
| Develop a research proposal | |
| 13.Research utilization | Lecture |
| Definition, Types | Discussion 2 |
| Barriers of research utilization | |
| 14.References | Lecture |
| - Vancouver | Discussion 2 |
| - Harvard | |
| - American Psychological | |
| Association (APA) | |
| 15.Research Critique | Assignment |
| (STROBE,CONSORT,CARE | Presentation 2 |
| checklist) | |
| 16.Evidence based nursing (EBN) | |
| - Definition, Significance, Purposes, | |
| Sources | Lecture and |
| - Components of EBN | Discussion |
| Hierarchy level of evidence | 4 |
| - Steps of EBN | |
| - Barriers of EBN | |
| - Strategies for overcome of EBN | |
| - Principles of integration evidence | |
| into practices | |
| - Evaluation process | |
| 17.Concept of statistics | • Lecture 2 |
| - Types of statistics | Discussion |
| - Measures of central tendency | |
| (mean, median & mode) | |
| 18.Measures of dispersion (range, | • Lecture 2 |
| variance, standarddeviation & | Discussion |
| quartile deviation) | |
| 19. Probability concept and probability | • Lecture 4 |
| distribution (normalcurve, skewness, | Discussion |
| kurtosis) | |
| 20.Simple correlation | • Lecture 4 |
| | Discussion |
| 21.Introduction to computer assisted data | • Lecture 6 |
| analysis | Discussion |
| Software (Microsoft excel/SPSS) | Practice |
| , , | |

Clinical practice part: 96 hours

| Topics | Activities |
|--|------------|
| Day- 1 to the end of the subject | |
| - Attend in the journal club on | |
| students'selected topics | |
| - Formulation of problem statement | |
| - Construction of research tools/instruments | |
| - Develop research proposal. | |
| - Defense research proposal | |
| - Conduct research project | |
| - Defense research project | |
| - Submit a paper at the end of the subject | |

Suggested Reading Materials:

- 1. Gray, J. R., Grove, S. K., & Sutherland, S. (2017). Burns and grove's the practice of nursing research: Appraisal, synthesis, and generation of evidence. Eight Edition Elsevier Health Sciences.
- 2. Polit, D. F., & Beck, C. T. (2008). Nursing research: Generating and assessing evidence for nursing practice. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- 3. Sharma, S. (2022). Nursing Research and Statistics. Elsevier Health Sciences.
- 4. Creswell, J. W. (2003). Qualitative, quantitative, and mixed methods approach.
- 5. Melnyk, B. M., & Fineout-Overholt, E. (2022). Evidence-based practice in nursing & healthcare: A guide to best practice. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

Advanced Communicative English

Subject code: B416

Theory : 48 hours (3 Credits) Laboratory : 48 hours (1.5 Credits)

Practical: 0 hours

Goal: The goal of this subject is to equip individuals with the necessary knowledge and skills in English language for effective communication and interaction within health care settings.

Learning Objectives: Upon completion of this subject students will be able to:

- develop and enhance language skills required for the international Englishproficiency.
- 2. provide ample practice opportunities to improve listening, reading, writing, and speaking skills within the health care context.
- 3. increase students' confidence and competence in effectively communicating with patients, colleagues, and health care professionals.
- 4. enhance students' understanding of medical terminology, abbreviations, and common health care procedures.
- 5. write clear, concise and accurate reports, documentations and patients records.

Subject requirement:

Class attendance: 85%
 Lab attendance: 85%

Teaching Learning activities:

- 1. Brain storming
- 2. Lecture and discussions
- 3. Self-study
- 4. Group work
- 5. Assignment
- 6. Presentation
- 7. Practice listening & speaking in language labs
- 8. Assignments: (Summary writing, reading, listening, self-reflection)
- 9. Oral presentation (individual work or group work)

Teaching Materials:

- 1. Computer & Headphone
- 2. Smart board
- 3. Multimedia projector
- 4. White board and marker
- 5. Books and Audio scripts
- 6. Related equipment/instruments etc.

| Contents | Teaching learning activities | Т | L | Р |
|---|---|---|----|---|
| Listening module: Listening to health carerelated conversations and lecture. Identifying key information, tone, and general idea Completing listening tasks, such as IELTS, OET formatetc. Practicing listening, such as IELTS, OET format etc. MOCK listening tests to assess progress. | Guided Listening Tasks: Listen to OET consultations and IELTS lectures; answer multiple-choice and note- completion questions. Audio Jigsaw Activity: Students listen to different parts of a patient consultation, then discuss findings. Shadow Listening: Repeat short health-related phrases and instructions for accent and rhythm accuracy. Listening Logs: Weekly reflections summarizing one OET or IELTS listening clip. Dictogloss: Teacher reads a short medical passage twice; students reconstruct the content. Mock Tests: Administer timed listening tests in both formats (OET and IELTS). | | 24 | |
| Speaking module: Improving the following areas Improving fluency and coherence, lexical resource, grammatical range and accuracy, pronunciation | Role Plays (OET): Nurse- patient scenarios such as explaining a diagnosis, giving medication instructions. Cue Card Responses (IELTS): Respond to topics like "Describe a time you | | 24 | |

| Practicing speaking, such as IELTS, OET format etc. MOCK speaking tests such as IELTS, OET format etc. to assess progress. | Situation Cards: Quick response games simulating emergency, handover, and patient queries. Peer Interview Practice: Switch between interviewer and interviewee roles with healthcare and general topics. Pronunciation Clinic: Focused sessions on stress, rhythm, and intonation. Mock Speaking Tests: Practice both IELTS Part 1–3 and OET speaking sub-tests with rubrices | | |
|---|---|----|--|
| Donding we dode | with rubrics. | 24 | |
| Reading module: Enhancing reading comprehension skills through health carerelated articles, case studies, and journals. Identifying main ideas, details, and inferences. Practicing reading, such as IELTS, OET format etc. MOCK reading tests such as IELTS, OET format etc. to track improvement. | Skim & Scan Relay: Teams race to find specific information from authentic articles. Reading Rounds: Rotate between case studies, charts, and research abstracts with a worksheet. Main Idea Mapping: Extract central idea and supporting points from OET/IELTS passages. Post-Reading Reflections: Students summarize and relate the content to their clinical experience. Mock Reading Tests: Practice full-length IELTS | 24 | |
| | (academic) and OET reading | | |
| | tests. | | |
| Writing module: Writing CV & cover letter Interpreting chart/graph Practicing writing such as IELTS, OET format etc. | Referral Letter Writing (OET): Using case notes, students write structured letters to a GP or specialist. IELTS Essay Practice: | 24 | |

 Writing formal letter, referral letter, argumentative essay& academic writing

 MOCK reading tests, such as IELTS, OET format etc. to track improvement. Topics like "The role of technology in modern healthcare."

CV & Cover Letter Writing: Emphasis on clarity, structure, and appropriate tone.

Data Interpretation: Write descriptions of trends from health-related graphs/charts.

Peer Review Workshops: Use a correction code to edit and improve each other's writing.

Mock Tests: IELTS Task 1 & 2, and OET writing sub-test under timed conditions.

Suggested Reading Materials:

Grammar & Skills:

- English Grammar in Use Raymond Murphy (Intermediate)
- Vocabulary for IELTS Pauline Cullen
- Academic Vocabulary in Use Michael McCarthy

Healthcare-Specific:

- Cambridge English for Nursing Virginia Allum
- OET Practice Book for Nurses Braverman & Pisani
- English for Health Sciences Oxford Careers Series

Practice Sets:

- Cambridge IELTS Series
- Official OET Preparation Material
- Online IELTS/OET sample tests from British Council and OET official sites

Annexure-I

Master Plan

| | | | | | | | | | | | Fire | st Y | ear | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|------|------|------|----|----|----|
| Term-1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |
| Weeks | T | T | T | T | T | L | L | T | T | T | L | Ļ | 1 | Т | L | L | L | Т | T | R | SL | TE | TE | В | В | В |
| Term-2 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 |
| Weeks | Т | T | L | СР | СР | CP | СР | Т | T | FV | Т | L | L | СР | СР | СР | R | R | SL | YFEX | YFEX | YFEX | YFEX | В | В | В |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | Se | cond | Y t | ear | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|------|------|------|----|----|----|
| Term-1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |
| Weeks | T | T | Т | Т | СР | СР | СР | СР | T | T | СР | СР | СР | T | T | L | СР | СР | Т | R | SL | TE | TE | В | В | В |
| Term-2 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 |
| Weeks | СР | СР | СР | СР | Т | Т | CP | CP | СР | T | L | L | СР | СР | СР | FV | R | R | SL | YFEX | YFEX | YFEX | YFEX | В | В | В |

| | | | | | | | | | | Thi | rd Ye | ar | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|-----|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Term-1 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |

| Weeks | T | T | T | СР | СР | СР | СР | T | T | L | СР | СР | СР | T | СР | СР | СР | СР | T | R | SL | TE | TE | В | В | В |
|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|------|------|------|----|----|----|
| Term-2 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 |
| Weeks | СР | СР | СР | СР | T | T | L | СР | СР | СР | СР | T | L | FV | FV | T | R | R | SL | YFEX | YFEX | YFEX | YFEX | В | В | В |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | Fou | irth Y | 'ear | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|--------|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|------|------|------|------|----|----|
| Term-1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |
| Weeks | Т | T | T | T | L | СР | СР | СР | СР | СР | Т | L | CP | CP | СР | СР | СР | СР | Т | R | SL | TE | TE | В | В | В |
| Term-2 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 |
| Weeks | T | T | L | СР | СР | СР | СР | СР | Т | TP | TP | Т | CP | СР | L | RW | RW | R | R | SL | YFEX | YFEX | YFEX | YFEX | В | В |

**T= Theory, L= Laboratory, R= Review, SL= Study Leave, TE= Term Exam, CP=Clinical Practicum, FV= Field Visit,

TP = Teaching Practice, YFEX =Year Final Exam, B= Break/Leave, RW=Research Work,

Annexure-II

(Sample of Academic Transcript)

Name of College Academic transcript

| Logo: |
|---------------------------------------|
| Name of College: |
| Academic Transcript |
| Bachelor of Science in Nursing |

Name Mother's Name....... Mother's Name......

Student Registration......Session.......RollMedium of Instruction: English

| | | | | | Credit/I | | | | Marks | Obtaine | Letter | Grade |
|---------------|--|---------|-----|------|----------|------|------|----|-------|---------|--------|-------|
| Year | Subject Name | Credits | | ory | | ab | Prac | | | d marks | Grade | point |
| | | | Hr | Cr | Hr | Cr | Hr | Cr | | | | |
| | Communicative English | 4 | 40 | 2.5 | 48 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 80 | A+ | 4.00 |
| - : . | Nursing Informatics | 4.5 | 48 | 3 | 48 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 85 | A+ | 4.00 |
| First Year | Behavioral Science and Nursing Humanities | 6 | 80 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 48 | 1 | 150 | 113 | Α | 3.75 |
| | Anatomy | 7.5 | 96 | 6 | 48 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 150 | 106 | A- | 3.50 |
| | Physiology | 7.5 | 96 | 6 | 48 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 150 | 98 | B+ | 3.25 |
| | Microbiology and Pathology | 5.75 | 80 | 5 | 24 | .75 | 0 | 0 | 150 | 93 | В | 3.00 |
| | Fundamental Nursing I | 22.63 | 184 | 11.5 | 132 | 4.13 | 336 | 7 | 200 | 140 | A- | 3.50 |
| Credit | 57.88 | | | | | | | | | GPA | A- | 3.57 |
| Second | Fundamental Nursing II | 11.13 | 96 | 6 | 36 | 1.13 | 192 | 4 | 200 | 125 | В | 3.00 |
| Year | Pediatric Nursing | 8.37 | 64 | 4 | 12 | .37 | 192 | 4 | 200 | 130 | B+ | 3.25 |
| | Medical and Surgical Nursing - I | 11.75 | 80 | 5 | 24 | .75 | 288 | 6 | 200 | 135 | B+ | 3,.2 |
| | Pharmacology | 2.87 | 40 | 2.5 | 12 | .37 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 65 | B+ | 3.2 |
| | Traumatology and Orthopedic Nursing | 9.37 | 80 | 5 | 12 | .37 | 192 | 4 | 200 | 140 | Α- | 3.50 |
| | Nutrition and Biochemistry | 3.88 | 40 | 2.5 | 12 | .38 | 48 | 1 | 150 | 100 | B+ | 3.2 |
| | Laws, Ethics and Forensic Nursing | 3 | 32 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 48 | 1 | 100 | 70 | Α- | 3.50 |
| Credit | 50.37 | | | | | | | | | | B+ | 3.2 |
| Third | Geriatric Nursing | 5.37 | 48 | 3 | 12 | .37 | 96 | 2 | 150 | 110 | A- | 3.5 |
| Year | Psychiatric and Mental Health Nursing | 8 | 64 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 192 | 4 | 200 | 130 | B+ | 3.2 |
| | Emergency and Critical Care Nursing | 10.25 | 64 | 4 | 48 | 1.5 | 240 | 5 | 200 | 135 | B+ | 3.2 |
| | Medical and Surgical Nursing - II | 14.5 | 108 | 6.75 | 56 | 1.75 | 288 | 6 | 200 | 121 | В | 3.0 |
| | Community Health Nursing & Epidemiology | 11 | 112 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 192 | 4 | 200 | 127 | В | 3.00 |
| Credit | 49.12 | | | | | | | | | | В | 3.2 |
| Fourth | Midwifery | 14 | 88 | 5.5 | 48 | 1.5 | 336 | 7 | 200 | 140 | A- | 3.50 |
| Year | Obstetrical and Gynecological Nursing | 11.75 | 64 | 4 | 24 | .75 | 336 | 7 | 200 | 148 | Α- | 3.50 |
| | Nursing Management and Administration | 6 | 48 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 144 | 3 | 100 | 65 | B+ | 3.2 |
| | Nursing Education | 6.88 | 56 | 3.5 | 12 | .38 | 144 | 3 | 200 | 147 | A- | 3.50 |
| | Research and Bio- statistics | 5.87 | 56 | 3.5 | 12 | .37 | 96 | 2 | 200 | 150 | Α | 3.7 |
| | Advanced Communicative English | 4.5 | 48 | 3 | 48 | 1.5 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 74 | Α- | 3.50 |
| Credit | 49.00 | | | | | | | | | | A- | 3.5 |

Total attempted credits=206, Total Passed=206 credits, Cumulative GPA=3.39, Cumulative letter grade=B+.

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| | Prepared by |
| | |
| | Compared by |
| | • • |
| | Principal |
| | |

| | Grading S | cale |
|----------------------|----------------|-------------|
| Numerical Grade | Letter Grade | Grade Point |
| 80% and above | A ⁺ | 4.00 |
| 75% to less than 80% | . A | 3.75 |
| 70% to less than 75% | A. | 3.50 |
| 65% to less than 70% | B ⁺ | 3.25 |
| 60% to less than 65% | В | 3.00 |
| Less than 60% | F | 0.00 |

Annexure III

| Contributors: |
|-----------------------|
| Expert committee: |
| Name of Stakeholders: |
| Reviewers: |
| IT assistant: |
| Official Assistant: |